

118TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. _____

To amend section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 to enhance transparency with respect to shipments seeking an administrative exemption from duties for low-value entries, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. WYDEN (for himself, Ms. LUMMIS, Mr. BROWN, Ms. COLLINS, and Mr. CASEY) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To amend section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 to enhance transparency with respect to shipments seeking an administrative exemption from duties for low-value entries, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Fighting Illicit Goods,
5 Helping Trustworthy Importers, and Netting Gains for
6 America Act of 2024” or the “FIGHTING for America
7 Act of 2024”.

1 **SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.**

2 It is the sense of Congress that—

3 (1) driven by the COVID–19 pandemic and
4 other global factors, the volume of low-value imports
5 into the United States that are eligible for an ad-
6 ministrative exemption from duties under section
7 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321),
8 known as the “de minimis” exemption, has acceler-
9 ated in recent years;

10 (2) as the patterns of trade change, it is nec-
11 essary to periodically review customs procedures to
12 ensure that those procedures are sufficient to protect
13 the revenue of the United States, provide for the
14 interdiction of illicit goods, and otherwise facilitate
15 legitimate trade and the appropriate use of customs
16 resources;

17 (3) since the amendment to section 321 of the
18 Tariff Act of 1930 made by section 901 of the
19 Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Act of
20 2015 (Public Law 114–125; 130 Stat. 223), growth
21 in the direct-to-consumer model of business has ac-
22 celerated attempts to ship illicit drugs and other un-
23 authorized products through low-value shipments
24 and tariff-based remedies seeking to ensure a level
25 playing field for United States workers have in-
26 creased; and

1 (4) as such, the conditions of trade require
2 Congress to reevaluate the purpose and intent of the
3 powers delegated to the Secretary of the Treasury
4 under section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as so
5 amended, to both protect the revenue of the United
6 States and properly scrutinize shipments subject to
7 an administrative exemption established under that
8 section.

9 **SEC. 3. DESIGNATION OF PRIORITY TRADE ISSUE.**

10 Section 117(a) of the Trade Facilitation and Trade
11 Enforcement Act of 2015 (19 U.S.C. 4322(a)) is amended
12 by adding at the end the following:

13 “(8) The smuggling of fentanyl, other illicit
14 drugs, and related material by abusing entry proce-
15 dures for merchandise qualifying for an administra-
16 tive exemption pursuant to section 321 of the Tariff
17 Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321).”.

18 **SEC. 4. ENHANCED TRANSPARENCY FOR SHIPMENTS.**

19 Section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
20 1321) is amended by adding at the end the following:

21 “(c) DOCUMENTATION AND INFORMATION SUP-
22 PORTING ELIGIBILITY FOR EXEMPTION.—

23 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days
24 after the date of the enactment of this subsection,
25 the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with

1 the Postmaster General, shall prescribe regulations
2 to require the provision to U.S. Customs and Border
3 Protection, separate from any entry filing, of such
4 documentation or information with respect to an ar-
5 ticle that may qualify for an administrative exemp-
6 tion under subsection (a)(2)(C) as the Secretary de-
7 termines is reasonably necessary for U.S. Customs
8 and Border Protection to determine the admissibility
9 of the article and the eligibility of the article for the
10 exemption when in a postal or other shipment.

11 “(2) INCLUDED DOCUMENTATION OR INFORMA-
12 TION.—Pursuant to paragraph (1), the Secretary
13 may require, with respect to an article that may
14 qualify for an administrative exemption under sub-
15 section (a)(2)(C), documentation or information re-
16 garding—

17 “(A) the offer for sale or purchase, or the
18 subsequent sale, purchase, transportation, im-
19 portation, or warehousing of, the article, includ-
20 ing documentation or information related to the
21 offering of the article for sale or purchase with-
22 in the United States through a commercial or
23 marketing platform, including an electronic
24 commerce platform or marketplace, if applica-
25 ble;

1 “(B) the identity of the seller, the shipper,
2 the carrier, the final delivery party, or the pur-
3 chaser of the article, as applicable;

4 “(C) the fair retail value in the country of
5 shipment; and

6 “(D) other information determined to be
7 necessary to protect the revenue and prevent
8 unlawful importations.

9 “(3) IDENTIFICATION OF HARMONIZED TARIFF
10 SCHEDULE CLASSIFICATION.—Notwithstanding any
11 other provision of law, the Secretary, in consultation
12 with the Postmaster General, shall require, with re-
13 spect to an article claimed as qualifying for an ad-
14 ministrative exemption under subsection (a)(2)(C),
15 the submission of the following information as part
16 of the entry filing:

17 “(A) The identification of the 10-digit sta-
18 tistical reporting number of the Harmonized
19 Tariff Schedule of the United States under
20 which the article is classifiable.

21 “(B) A description of the article with suffi-
22 cient specificity to allow U.S. Customs and Bor-
23 der Protection to evaluate the correctness of the
24 statistical reporting number for the article iden-
25 tified under subparagraph (A).

1 “(C) The country of origin of the article.

2 “(4) PARTIES PROVIDING DOCUMENTATION
3 AND INFORMATION.—The documentation or infor-
4 mation required pursuant to paragraph (1) with re-
5 spect to an article that may qualify for an adminis-
6 trative exemption under subsection (a)(2)(C) may be
7 provided by a party or parties other than one of the
8 parties qualifying to make entry, as specified by the
9 Secretary by regulations prescribed under section
10 498.

11 “(5) VERACITY OF DOCUMENTATION AND IN-
12 FORMATION.—A person providing documentation or
13 information to U.S. Customs and Border Protection
14 pursuant to paragraph (1) shall ensure that the doc-
15 umentation or information is true and correct to the
16 best of the person’s knowledge and belief, subject to
17 any penalties authorized by law.

18 “(6) USE OF INFORMATION.—U.S. Customs
19 and Border Protection may use documentation or in-
20 formation provided pursuant to paragraph (1) for
21 any lawful purpose necessary to fulfill the mission of
22 U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

23 “(7) PENALTIES.—

24 “(A) VIOLATION OF REGULATIONS.—

1 “(i) CIVIL PENALTY.—Any person
2 that violates the regulations prescribed
3 under this subsection is liable for a civil
4 penalty in an amount not to exceed—

5 “(I) \$1,000 for the first viola-
6 tion; and

7 “(II) \$5,000 for each subsequent
8 violation.

9 “(ii) ADDITIONAL PENALTIES.—A
10 penalty imposed under this subparagraph
11 shall be in addition to any other penalty
12 provided by law.

13 “(iii) REMISSION; MITIGATION.—

14 “(I) IN GENERAL.—Except as
15 provided by subclause (II), a penalty
16 imposed under this subparagraph may
17 be remitted or mitigated on a per
18 package or shipment basis, as appro-
19 priate, under section 618.

20 “(II) EXCEPTION.—If a penalty
21 is being considered with respect to a
22 fourth or subsequent violation de-
23 scribed in clause (i) by the same per-
24 son, the maximum penalty under

1 clause (i)(II) shall be imposed with re-
2 spect to the violation.

3 “(B) ADDITIONAL VIOLATIONS.—

4 “(i) IN GENERAL.—A person commits
5 fraud if the person provides a false state-
6 ment to U.S. Customs and Border Protec-
7 tion with respect to an article and U.S.
8 Customs and Border Protection—

9 “(I) permits the entry of that ar-
10 ticle at less than the proper rate of
11 duty; or

12 “(II) improperly treats that arti-
13 cle as qualifying for an administrative
14 exemption under subsection (a)(2)(C).

15 “(ii) CIVIL PENALTY.—A person that
16 engages in conduct described in clause (i)
17 is liable for a civil penalty in an amount
18 not to exceed—

19 “(I) \$5,000 for the first instance
20 of such conduct; and

21 “(II) \$10,000 for each subse-
22 quent instance of such conduct.

23 “(iii) ADDITIONAL PENALTIES.—A
24 penalty imposed under this subparagraph
25 shall be in addition to any other penalty

1 provided by section 592 or any other provi-
2 sion of law.

3 “(iv) REMISSION; MITIGATION.—

4 “(I) IN GENERAL.—Except as
5 provided by subclause (II), a penalty
6 imposed under this subparagraph may
7 be remitted or mitigated on a per
8 package or shipment basis, as appro-
9 priate, under section 618.

10 “(II) EXCEPTION.—If a penalty
11 is being considered with respect to a
12 fourth or subsequent violation de-
13 scribed in clause (i) by the same per-
14 son, the maximum penalty under
15 clause (ii)(II) shall be imposed with
16 respect to the violation.

17 “(8) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the
18 terms ‘provide’, ‘providing’, and ‘provision’, with re-
19 spect to documentation or information provided to
20 U.S. Customs and Border Protection, include the
21 submission, transmission, or otherwise making avail-
22 able of the documentation or information to U.S.
23 Customs and Border Protection.”.

1 **SEC. 5. LIMITATIONS ON EXEMPTION FROM DUTIES.**

2 Section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
3 1321) is amended by striking “(b) The Secretary of the
4 Treasury” and inserting the following:

5 “(b) EXCEPTIONS.—

6 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the
7 Treasury may not exempt from duties and taxes
8 under subsection (a)(2)(C)—

9 “(A) any article that is—

10 “(i) subject to an antidumping or
11 countervailing duty determination, instruc-
12 tion, or order under title VII of this Act;

13 “(ii) subject to a tariff-rate quota or
14 other quota;

15 “(iii) subject to a tax imposed under
16 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 that is
17 collected by U.S. Customs and Border Pro-
18 tection;

19 “(iv) subject to an action taken
20 under—

21 “(I) section 201(a) or 301(c) of
22 the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
23 2251(a) and 2411(c)); or

24 “(II) section 232(c) of the Trade
25 Expansion Act of 1962 (19 U.S.C.
26 1862(c)); or

1 “(v) not eligible for preferential treat-
2 ment under the Generalized System of
3 Preferences under title V of the Trade Act
4 of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2461 et seq.), includ-
5 ing because the article is within one of the
6 categories of import-sensitive articles speci-
7 fied in section 503(b)(1) of that Act (19
8 U.S.C. 2463(b)(1)); or

9 “(B) any article of a type or class that the
10 Secretary determines is not able to be exempted
11 from duties and taxes under subsection (a) in
12 a manner that will protect the revenue and pre-
13 vent unlawful importations because the type or
14 class is subject to—

15 “(i) a significant increase in imports
16 over the trend for a recent representative
17 base period; or

18 “(ii) persistent and significant evi-
19 dence of hiding the shipment of illicit
20 goods, fraud, counterfeiting, or other mal-
21 feasance.

22 “(2) LIST OF ARTICLES DETERMINED UNABLE
23 TO BE EXEMPTED.—The Secretary shall identify any
24 article of a type or class that the Secretary deter-
25 mines under paragraph (1)(B) is not able to be ex-

1 empted from duties and taxes under subsection (a)
2 on a list maintained on a publicly accessible website
3 and reviewed not less frequently than annually by
4 the Secretary.

5 “(3) OTHER EXCEPTIONS.—The Secretary”.

6 **SEC. 6. DISPOSITION OF DETAINED MERCHANDISE.**

7 Section 499 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
8 1499) is amended—

9 (1) in subsection (c)—

10 (A) in paragraph (2)—

11 (i) by redesignating subparagraphs
12 (A) through (E) as clauses (i) through (v),
13 respectively, and by moving such clauses,
14 as so redesignated, 2 ems to the right;

15 (ii) by striking “The Customs Service
16 shall” and inserting the following:

17 “(A) IN GENERAL.—U.S. Customs and
18 Border Protection shall”; and

19 (iii) by adding at the end the fol-
20 lowing:

21 “(B) MERCHANDISE FOR WHICH ENTRY
22 SOUGHT UNDER ADMINISTRATIVE EXEMPTION
23 FROM DUTIES.—In the case of detained mer-
24 chandise for which entry under an administra-

1 and disposed of in accordance with
2 law.”; and

3 (B) in paragraph (5), by adding at the end
4 the following:

5 “(D) Subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) do
6 not apply with respect to merchandise for which
7 entry under an administrative exemption under
8 section 321(a)(2)(C) is claimed.”;

9 (2) by striking “The Customs Service” each
10 place it appears and inserting “U.S. Customs and
11 Border Protection”; and

12 (3) by striking “the Customs Service” each
13 place it appears and inserting “U.S. Customs and
14 Border Protection”.

15 **SEC. 7. REPORT ON REVIEW OF MERCHANDISE BY PART-**
16 **NER GOVERNMENT AGENCIES.**

17 Not later than 270 days after the date of the enact-
18 ment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall sub-
19 mit to Congress a report on the engagement of partner
20 government agencies of U.S. Customs and Border Protec-
21 tion in the review and detention of merchandise for which
22 an administrative exemption under section 321 of the Tar-
23 iff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321) is claimed that includes
24 recommendations for improving such engagement and the

1 interdiction of merchandise inconsistent with the require-
2 ments of such agencies.

3 **SEC. 8. SUMMARY FORFEITURE OF CERTAIN MERCHAN-**
4 **DISE IMPORTED CONTRARY TO LAW.**

5 Section 596 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
6 1595a) is amended by adding at the end the following:

7 “(e) SUMMARY FORFEITURE.—

8 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Merchandise described in
9 paragraph (2) may be summarily forfeited to the
10 United States and title shall vest immediately in the
11 United States.

12 “(2) MERCHANDISE DESCRIBED.—Merchandise
13 described in this paragraph is merchandise being im-
14 ported or attempted to be imported—

15 “(A) for which an administrative exemp-
16 tion under section 321(a)(2)(C) is claimed; and

17 “(B) that is described in paragraph (1),
18 (2), or (3) of section 596(e).

19 “(3) NOTICE.—In any case in which merchan-
20 dise is summarily forfeited pursuant to this sub-
21 section, U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall
22 notify the carrier of the merchandise, and may no-
23 tify a customs broker involved in the importation or
24 attempted importation of the merchandise, in such
25 form and manner as the Secretary shall prescribe by

1 regulation, which may include communication
2 through an authorized electronic data interchange
3 system.”.

4 **SEC. 9. MODIFICATION OF PENALTY FOR AIDING UNLAW-**
5 **FUL IMPORTATION.**

6 Section 596(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
7 1595a(b)) is amended by striking “the preceding sub-
8 section” and all that follows and inserting the following:
9 “subsection (a) shall be liable, without regard to whether
10 the article or articles introduced or attempted to be intro-
11 duced were seized, for a penalty equal to the greater of—

12 “(1) the domestic value of the article or arti-
13 cles; or

14 “(2) \$5,000.”.

15 **SEC. 10. SHARING OF INFORMATION WITH RESPECT TO**
16 **SUSPECTED VIOLATIONS OF INTELLECTUAL**
17 **PROPERTY RIGHTS.**

18 Section 628A(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
19 1628a(a)) is amended—

20 (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1)—

21 (A) by striking “suspects” and inserting
22 “has a reasonable suspicion”; and

23 (B) by striking “testing—” and inserting
24 “testing, may—”;

25 (2) in paragraph (1)—

1 (A) by striking “shall”; and

2 (B) by striking “; and” and inserting a
3 semicolon;

4 (3) in paragraph (2)—

5 (A) by striking “may,”; and

6 (B) by striking the period at the end and
7 inserting “; and”; and

8 (4) by adding at the end the following:

9 “(3) provide to the person nonpublic informa-
10 tion about the merchandise that was—

11 “(A) generated by an online marketplace
12 or other similar market platform, an express
13 consignment operator, a freight forwarder, or
14 any other entity that plays a role in the sale or
15 importation of merchandise into the United
16 States or the facilitation of such sale or impor-
17 tation, including copies or images of packaging,
18 materials, labeling, or containers; and

19 “(B) provided to, shared with, or obtained
20 by, U.S. Customs and Border Protection.”.

21 **SEC. 11. CUSTOMS USER FEE FOR PROCESSING SHIP-**
22 **MENTS.**

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 13031(a)(10) of the Con-
24 solidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19
25 U.S.C. 58c(a)(10)) is amended—

1 (1) in subparagraph (C)—

2 (A) in clause (ii), by striking “; or” and in-
3 serting a semicolon;

4 (B) in clause (iii), by striking the period at
5 the end and inserting “; or”; and

6 (C) by inserting after clause (iii) the fol-
7 lowing:

8 “(iv) \$2 for each shipment, to be paid
9 by the party making entry, if the entry or
10 release of that shipment, whether auto-
11 mated or manual, is made under section
12 321(a)(2)(C) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19
13 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C)).”; and

14 (2) in the flush text at the end, by adding at
15 the end the following: “In the case of shipments the
16 entry or release of which is made under section
17 321(a)(2)(C) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
18 1321(a)(2)(C)) that are sent to the United States
19 through the international postal network, the Sec-
20 retary, in consultation with the Postmaster General,
21 shall determine whether it is appropriate to impose
22 fees that are the same or similar as the fees applica-
23 ble to shipments under subparagraph (C)(iv) on
24 shipments by the United States Postal Service. If
25 the Secretary determines that such requirements are

1 appropriate, such requirements shall be prescribed
2 by regulation.”.

3 (b) PAYMENT.—Section 13031(b)(8)(D)(i) of the
4 Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985
5 (19 U.S.C. 58c(b)(8)(D)(i)) is amended by inserting after
6 “merchandise” the following: “, except in the case of fees
7 charged under subsection (a)(10)(C)(iv), in which case
8 such fees shall be paid by the party making entry”.

9 **SEC. 12. REPORT ON USE OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXEMP-**
10 **TIONS AND ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS.**

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the
12 date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter,
13 the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the
14 Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection,
15 shall submit to the Committee on Finance of the Senate
16 and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of
17 Representatives a report, followed by a briefing, on the
18 use of administrative exemptions under section 321 of the
19 Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321).

20 (b) ELEMENTS.—Each report required by subsection
21 (a) shall include, for the year preceding submission of the
22 report, the following:

23 (1) An assessment of the volume of imports
24 claiming an administrative exemption under section

1 321(a)(2)(C) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
2 1321(a)(2)(C)), including—

3 (A) the total number of shipments of im-
4 ports claiming such an exemption; and

5 (B) the volume of merchandise claiming
6 such an exemption, identified by—

7 (i) the 4-digit heading of the Har-
8 monized Tariff Schedule of the United
9 States under which the merchandise was
10 classified; and

11 (ii) the country of origin of the mer-
12 chandise.

13 (2) An assessment of the total revenue forgone
14 by the United States Government as a result of per-
15 mitting the entry of merchandise free of duty pursu-
16 ant to that section.

17 (3) The number and a description of the type
18 of violations of the regulations prescribed under sub-
19 section (c) of section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930,
20 as added by section 4, identified in shipments claim-
21 ing an administrative exemption under that section,
22 and penalties applied to such shipments, including a
23 description of the type and frequency of mitigation
24 actions applicable to such shipments.

1 (4) A detailed description of shipments,
2 disaggregated by port of entry, for which an admin-
3 istrative exemption under section 321(a)(2)(C) of
4 the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C))
5 was claimed that were subject to detention or for-
6 feiture and the reasons for the detention or for-
7 feiture.

8 (5) A description of any merchandise or ship-
9 ments under evaluation as ineligible, under sub-
10 section (b)(1)(B) of section 321 of the Tariff Act of
11 1930, as amended by section 5, for such an adminis-
12 trative exemption.

13 (6) The average number of referrals of criminal
14 matters to the Department of Justice or Homeland
15 Security Investigations made on a monthly basis for
16 merchandise for which such an administrative ex-
17 emption was claimed.

18 (7) A description of the use of administrative
19 exemptions under section 321 of the Tariff Act of
20 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321) for merchandise shipped
21 from Mexico or Canada to the United States, includ-
22 ing the volume and type of such merchandise for
23 which such an exemption was claimed, and any
24 trends in the use of such exemptions.

1 (8) A description of current staffing, risk miti-
2 gation, and other actions to ensure that administra-
3 tive exemptions under section 321 of the Tariff Act
4 of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321) are used in compliance
5 with United States law.

6 **SEC. 13. EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICABILITY.**

7 The amendments made by this Act shall—

8 (1) take effect on the date that is 60 days after
9 the date of the enactment of this Act; and

10 (2) apply with respect to articles entered on or
11 after the date that is 30 days after the effective date
12 of the regulations prescribed under subsection (c) of
13 section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as added by
14 section 4.