

INDUSTRIES REQUESTING TARIFF INVESTIGATIONS

LETTER FROM THE CHAIRMAN OF THE UNITED STATES TARIFF COMMISSION IN RESPONSE TO SENATE RESOLUTION 221, AGREED TO MAY 12, 1924, REQUESTING THE TARIFF COMMISSION TO INFORM THE SENATE OF THE NUMBER OF INDUSTRIES WHICH HAVE MADE REQUESTS FOR TARIFF INVESTIGATIONS AND THE COST OF OBTAINING DATA FOR TRADE INFORMATION FOR TARIFF ADJUSTMENT

JUNE 6, 1924.—Referred to the Committee on Finance and ordered to be printed

UNITED STATES TARIFF COMMISSION,
Washington, June 5, 1924.

HON. ALBERT B. CUMMINS,
President pro tempore, United States Senate.

MY DEAR SIR: In response to Senate Resolution 221 requesting the Tariff Commission to inform the Senate of the number of industries which have made bona fide requests for tariff investigations; the number of such requests upon which the commission has been unable to act; what, if any, sum of money should be provided by Congress in order to meet the legitimate requests of the business interests of the country for trade information, and obtain necessary data concerning tariff adjustment, I have the honor to submit the accompanying report.

Respectfully,

THOMAS O. MARVIN, *Chairman.*

INDUSTRIES REQUESTING TARIFF INVESTIGATIONS

On May 12, 1924, the Senate of the United States passed the following resolution (S. Res. 221):

Whereas the Tariff Commission is being called upon to determine the applications of many industries for a study of economic conditions, particularly as affected by tariff laws, relating to these industries, and

Whereas the commission has found it impossible to make a proper investigation of conditions affecting some of the industries because of a lack of appropriated funds necessitating even a reduction of its clerical force and tariff experts; Therefore be it

Resolved, That the Tariff Commission inform the Senate of (1) the number of industries which have made bona fide requests for tariff investigations, (2) the number of such requests upon which the commission has been unable to act, and (3) what if any sum of money should be appropriated by Congress in order to meet the legitimate requests of the business interests of the country for trade information, and obtain necessary data concerning tariff adjustment.

In response to the inquiries contained in the foregoing resolution, the United States Tariff Commission has the honor to inform the Senate of the United States as follows:

I. INDUSTRIES WHICH HAVE MADE BONA FIDE REQUESTS FOR TARIFF INVESTIGATIONS

Since the passage of the tariff act of 1922 one hundred and seventy-two industries have made what would appear to be bona fide requests for tariff investigations by this commission. These industries are set forth in the attached Table I. This table shows, under the appropriate schedule, the designation of the article or commodity, with the paragraph of the tariff act under which it is dutiable; the date of the application; the nature of the request, that is to say, whether it is for an increase or a decrease in duty or assessment of duty upon the American selling price; and in the final column, the present status of the matter, for instance, whether a formal investigation has or has not been instituted, whether the application has been withdrawn, or whether the matter may be regarded as still pending.

Table I, it will be observed, includes not only requests under section 315 of the tariff act of 1922 (providing for the equalization of foreign and domestic costs of production), but also requests under section 316 (the unfair competition section), as well as section 317 and section 318. For the purposes of section 315 (commonly known as the flexible provisions) the commission has formally instituted 37 investigations. These are listed in Table II. This table shows, in successive columns, the schedule of the tariff act involved, the number of the paragraph fixing the duty, the name of the article or commodity, the date when the investigation was formally instituted, and finally, its present status.

Subtracting the commodities listed in Table II from those listed in Table I, we have the number of applications or requests under sections 315, 316, 317, and 318, upon which the commission, for one reason or another, has not proceeded to the point of instituting a formal investigation. The commodities thus remaining, however, would not be equivalent to those which may be taken as still pending. In order to show with accuracy and precision the investigations in which the commission may fairly be said to be unable to act for want of funds, it is necessary to eliminate those commodities in which the requests for investigations may be treated as temporarily or permanently disposed of. These applications are listed in Table III. They include (1) requests in which the subject matter was found not to be within the jurisdiction of the commission, for example, commodities on the free list; (2) requests in which the application was withdrawn by the applicant; (3) requests in which, after a preliminary survey, the commission has reached the conclusion that a formal investigation for the purposes of section 315 was not warranted by the facts before the commission at the time, and in which the commission has, therefore, declined to proceed further for the time being. This does not mean that the applications in such cases are rejected or denied. On the contrary, the application is still before the commission and open to reconsideration whenever additional information is obtained indicating that a formal investigation should be ordered in the public interest. For the inquiries made in Senate Resolution

221, however, all commodities in Table III may be temporarily laid on one side.

If then, we subtract from the total number of subjects listed in Table I, those in which formal investigations have been instituted (Table II) and those which may be said to have been disposed of for the time being, either by the action of the applicant or by the action of the commission (Table III), we arrive at a list of requests which may, in the strict sense, be regarded as pending and undisposed of. These commodities are listed in Table IV. This table shows, under the appropriate schedule, the paragraph number of the tariff act; the name of the article or commodity; the nature of the request; the reason formal investigation was not instituted; and, finally, the estimated cost of conducting the investigations requested.

With regard to these estimates of costs a word of explanation seems desirable.

The expenses of every investigation obviously fall under two heads: First, the expense involved in field investigations conducted in the United States and in the principal competing countries; secondly, a portion at least of the general administrative expense including salaries of the commission's permanent staff and the other expenses which may be broadly characterized as overhead. The estimated cost of each investigation is therefore stated in three columns, showing (1) the total cost of the investigation, (2) the cost of salaries and overhead separately, (3) the cost of the per diem and traveling expenses separately. In calculating the proportion of general expense involved in each investigation, it has been necessary to proceed upon the principle that overhead cost bears substantially the same relation to field cost in every case. This proportion is taken as 20 per cent. In many instances, however, experience demonstrates that the office expense of a major investigation involves a much larger proportion of general overhead than that indicated.

In the sugar beet investigation, for example, the total field expense (including per diem, travel and the salaries of men while in the field) was approximately \$27,306. The total and overhead expenses, including the cost of the necessarily elaborate analyses and tabulation of the data obtained in the field, are estimated to have been in the neighborhood of \$18,000. In the investigation of the costs of production of sugar, instituted under the provisions of section 315, the total field expense was approximately \$43,630. The best estimate of the office expense, including the difficult and complicated work of analyzing and tabulating the field data, places the amount at about \$30,000. In the investigation of the costs of production of wheat and wheat products, the field expenses aggregated, as nearly as can be ascertained, \$30,620. In this instance the cost of analyzing and tabulating the field data was somewhat less than usual, yet the office expense amounted to about \$5,000, making the total expense for that investigation, \$35,620.

These observations would seem to be equally applicable to certain major investigations which have been already instituted, but which have not yet been completed. For example, it is estimated that the investigation of foreign and domestic costs of production of vegetable oils will involve a total expenditure of not less than \$45,595. Of this total \$19,780 represents per diem and traveling expenses, not including the salaries of employees while assigned to field duty. Such salaries have been estimated at \$10,815, which will probably be expended

during the first six months of the next fiscal year. In addition to a total field expense of approximately \$30,595, according to the best estimate that can now be made, about \$15,000 must be added to cover the required share of general and overhead expenses, including clerical work of all kinds and the costly analyses and tabulation of the cost data collected.

By resolution of the Senate, adopted May 14, 1924 (S. Res. 226), the Tariff Commission was requested to institute an investigation concerning the costs of production of butter in the United States and in the countries from which importations come. In Table IV a tentative estimate of the cost of this investigation has been included. The total there stated, \$37,380, however, is based upon an assumed allocation of overhead expenses of but 20 per cent and on the further assumption that foreign costs of production would be obtained only in what is now the principal competing country. If the commission conducts a cost-of-production investigation in all countries from which importations are received, as seems to be contemplated by Senate Resolution 226, the estimate in Table IV must be increased by approximately \$22,120 to cover inquiries into farm and factory costs in Australia, New Zealand, and the Argentine. This figure does not include any allowance for the resulting increase in the general office and overhead expense. The estimates in Table IV are, therefore, considered conservative.

II. REQUESTS UPON WHICH THE COMMISSION HAS BEEN UNABLE TO ACT

Table IV shows that, after setting aside commodities in which it seems unlikely that a formal investigation would be instituted, there still remain 45 industries in which bona fide requests have been made for investigations and upon which the commission, assuming that all such investigations are found to be in the public interest under the law, is precluded from acting by reason of lack of funds. The estimated cost of conducting these 45 investigations is \$473,806, of which \$180,459 represents merely per diem and traveling expenses. The remainder, \$293,347, represents primarily the salaries of the members of the commission's staff for the time during which the services of such employees would be assigned to the investigation in question.

It must not be supposed, however, that the commodities or industries listed in Table IV represent all the requests for investigation upon which the commission has been unable to act because of insufficient funds. With respect to many of the commodities listed in Table II, in which formal investigations have been instituted, it has not been possible for the commission to carry the investigation forward to completion. Many of these investigations, including some of unquestioned importance, remain practically dormant for lack of funds. It has been the commission's policy to proceed first with those investigations which seem to be of paramount importance. Upon this principle investigations such as the wheat investigation instituted on November 4, 1923, have been advanced and prosecuted to completion.

This course has necessarily resulted in postponing the prosecution of other investigations which, although not of equal importance, should, nevertheless, be carried on without unnecessary delay. The estimated costs listed in Table IV, therefore, include only a portion

of the sums necessary to be appropriated in order to meet the requests referred to in the resolution of the Senate. Not less than \$68,868 additional would be required to complete expeditiously and with thoroughness investigations which have been ordered, but the prosecution of which has been held up through lack of funds. The addition of this sum to the requirements shown by the estimates listed in Table IV would indicate that not less than \$396,000 should be appropriated by Congress in order to meet the legitimate requests of the business interests of the country for trade information and to obtain necessary data concerning tariff adjustments.

So far we have been dealing with requests or applications for investigations under the specific provisions of sections 315, 316, 317, and 318 of the tariff act of 1922. These constitute but a part of the investigational duties resting upon the commission under existing law. As will be observed by reference to the commissioner's seventh annual report (pp. 34, 35), President Harding's interpretative statement of April 21, 1923, construed the law as empowering the commission, in cases where no application has been filed, to order formal investigations under section 315 after conference with the President, when required by the facts and the public interest.

It should also be noted that by section 317 the commission is directed "at all times to be informed" whether any of the discriminations enumerated in that section are being practiced by any foreign country; also that apart from the special provisions of sections 315, 316, and 317, the provisions of section 318 of the tariff act of 1922 make it the duty of the commission, in addition to the other duties imposed upon it by law, to conduct extensive and detailed investigations into a wide range of subjects concerning conversion costs, selling prices, and other competitive facts with respect to imported articles and similar or comparable articles produced in the United States. Moreover, by the organic act of September 8, 1916 (39 Stats. L. pp. 795-798), the commission is required as a regular part of its functions to investigate the operation and administrative, fiscal, and industrial effects of the customs laws, including their relation to the Federal revenue and their effect upon the industries and labor of the country; the relations between the rates of duty on raw materials and finished or partly finished products; the effects of ad valorem and specific duties and compound specific and ad valorem duties; all questions relative to the arrangements of schedules and classification of articles in the several schedules of the customs law; and to submit reports of its investigations, whenever requested, to the President, either branch of the Congress, the Committee on Ways and Means, and the Committee on Finance.

It is evident from the foregoing specifications that the due performance of the continuing investigational duties imposed upon the commission constitutes a heavy and constant charge upon the commission's appropriation, irrespective of the commission's obligations under the so-called "flexible provisions" of the tariff act of 1922. It will, furthermore, not be overlooked that it is impossible to forecast the various and far-reaching investigations which the commission, both under its general and its particular responsibilities, will be called upon to conduct in any fiscal year. In fact, the experience of the commission over a substantial series of years justifies the conclusion that the effective discharge of its general and continuing

duties alone requires an even more liberal appropriation than the Congress, under its economical program, has found it practicable to allow. It clearly follows that the enlarged and special responsibilities imposed on the Tariff Commission by the tariff act of 1922, if they are to be adequately met, should be supported by a supplementary appropriation, more extensive even than the foregoing attempted itemization of pending applications serves to indicate.

III. ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATION REQUIRED

The third matter concerning which the commission is requested to inform the Senate is what, if any, sum of money should be appropriated in order to meet the legitimate requests of the business interests of the country for trade information and obtain necessary data concerning tariff adjustments.

In direct response to this portion of the resolution, the Tariff Commission reports that, upon the facts set forth above and in the annexed tables, not less than \$396,000 should be appropriated to accomplish the purposes indicated in the resolution.

The items which go to make up this total have already been indicated.

To comply with the requests for investigation upon which the commission has been unable to act for lack of funds, would require, as shown in Table IV, not less than \$180,459 for costs of employees' per diem and traveling expenses in the field. Under the appropriation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1924, the commission has available only \$28,810 for all expenses of this character. There can be no doubt that this relatively small sum will be completely exhausted in the course of investigations to which the commission is already obligated. Therefore this item alone requires a further appropriation of \$180,459. It will also be observed from the figures in Table IV, that not less than \$293,347 would be required to defray salaries and general overhead expenses incident to these same investigations. Part of this expense could, probably, be borne out of the amount already appropriated. Precisely how much it is not possible to say. It may be fairly estimated, however, that at least half of the expenses under this head, resulting from the institution of these additional investigations, would have to be found outside the present appropriation. To \$180,459, therefore, must be added \$146,673, making a total for these new investigations of \$327,182.

To the figures should be added \$68,868 to defray the expenses of the investigation of vegetable oils and other investigations now in progress, and the additional expenses resulting from the extension of the butter investigation to include Australia, New Zealand, and Argentina. The additional appropriation required is, therefore, not less than \$396,000.

THOMAS O. MARVIN,
Chairman.

WILLIAM S. CULBERTSON,
Vice Chairman.

DAVID J. LEWIS,
EDWARD P. COSTIGAN,
WM. BURGESS,
HENRY H. GLASSIE,
Commissioners.

TABLE I.—Applications received by the United States Tariff Commission for investigations under provisions of sections 315, 316, 317, and 318 of the tariff act of 1922

APPLICATIONS UNDER SECTION 315

Paragraph No.	Commodity	Date of application	Nature of request	Status
	SCHEDULE 1.—Chemicals, oils, and paints			
1.....	Formic acid.....	Sept. 27, 1922	Increase.....	Withdrawn.
1.....	Oxalic acid.....	do.....	do.....	Investigation ordered.
1.....	do.....	Apr. 4, 1923	Decrease.....	Do.
1 and 5.....	Amino acids and salts.....	Dec. 16, 1922	Increase.....	Do.
2.....	Aldehyde derivatives.....	Jan. 12, 1923	Decrease.....	Investigation not ordered.
5.....	Barbituric acid.....	Sept. 19, 1922	Duty on American selling price.	Investigation ordered.
5.....	Ichthyol.....	Apr. 17, 1923	Increase.....	Investigation not ordered.
7.....	Ammonium chloride.....	Oct. 25, 1922	Decrease.....	Do.
12.....	Barium peroxide.....	Oct. 16, 1922	Increase.....	Investigation ordered; proclamation by President of increase.
12.....	do.....	Jan. 22, 1923	Decrease.....	
12.....	do.....	Dec. 1, 1923	do.....	Do.
19.....	Casein.....	Dec. 19, 1922	do.....	Investigation ordered.
19.....	do.....	Apr. 13, 1923	do.....	Do.
19.....	do.....	July 2, 1923	do.....	Do.
24.....	Chloral hydrate.....	Sept. 1, 1922	Duty on American selling price.	Withdrawn.
25.....	Calcium arsenate.....	Jan. 13, 1923	Decrease.....	Investigation not ordered.
25.....	do.....	Jan. 17, 1923	do.....	Do.
27.....	Cresylic acid.....	May 3, 1923	do.....	Investigation ordered.
27.....	do.....	Nov. 12, 1923	do.....	Do.
27.....	do.....	do.....	do.....	Do.
27.....	do.....	Nov. 15, 1923	do.....	Do.
27.....	do.....	Nov. 14, 1923	do.....	Do.
27.....	do.....	Nov. 15, 1923	do.....	Do.
27.....	do.....	do.....	do.....	Do.
27.....	do.....	May 4, 1923	do.....	Do.
27.....	Novadelox or benzoyl-peroxide.....	Oct. 14, 1922	do.....	Investigation not ordered.
27.....	Phenol.....	Apr. 18, 1923	do.....	Investigation ordered.
28.....	Biological stains.....	Sept. 22, 1922	Increase.....	Investigation not ordered.
28.....	Certain coal-tar dyes.....	Oct. 12, 1922	Decrease.....	Pending.
28.....	Penolic resin.....	Dec. 28, 1922	do.....	Investigation ordered.
39.....	Logwood extract.....	Sept. 28, 1922	Increase.....	Do.
39.....	Quebracho extract.....	Nov. 3, 1922	Decrease.....	Investigation not ordered.
42.....	Agar agar.....	Oct. 31, 1922	do.....	Do.
42.....	Casein glue.....	Aug. 14, 1923	do.....	Pending.
42.....	Fish glue.....	Mar. 1, 1923	do.....	Investigation not ordered.
50.....	Chloride of magnesium.....	July 26, 1923	Increase.....	Pending.
53.....	Fish oils.....	Mar. 16, 1923	Decrease.....	Investigation ordered.
53.....	Herring oil.....	do.....	do.....	Do.
53.....	Whale oil.....	do.....	do.....	Do.
54.....	Linseed oil.....	Mar. 10, 1923	do.....	Do.
54.....	do.....	Apr. 18, 1923	do.....	Do.
54.....	do.....	Dec. 4, 1923	Increase.....	Do.
54.....	Olive oil.....	Dec. 22, 1922	Decrease.....	Do.
54, 55.....	Vegetable oils.....	Apr. 18, 1923	do.....	Do.
54, 55.....	do.....	do.....	do.....	Do.
54, 55.....	do.....	do.....	do.....	Do.
54, 55.....	do.....	Apr. 23, 1923	do.....	Do.
54, 55.....	do.....	do.....	do.....	Do.
54, 55.....	do.....	Apr. 26, 1923	do.....	Do.
54, 55.....	do.....	Apr. 28, 1923	do.....	Do.
55.....	Coconut oil.....	Feb. 2, 1923	do.....	Do.
55.....	do.....	Apr. 18, 1923	do.....	Do.
55.....	Cottonseed oil.....	Apr. 26, 1923	do.....	Do.
55.....	Peanut oil.....	Mar. 15, 1923	do.....	Do.
55.....	Soya-bean oil.....	Mar. 16, 1923	do.....	Do.
55.....	do.....	Apr. 18, 1923	do.....	Do.
55.....	do.....	Apr. 26, 1923	do.....	Do.
59.....	Cajeput oil.....	May 2, 1923	do.....	Investigation not ordered.
61.....	Mustard oil.....	Oct. 9, 1922	Duty on American selling price.	Do.
71.....	Bone black.....	Apr. 17, 1923	Decrease.....	Do.
73.....	Lampblack.....	Feb. 8, 1923	Increase.....	Do.
75.....	Oxide of iron.....	Jan. 15, 1924	do.....	Pending.
77.....	Varnish.....	Mar. 24, 1923	Decrease.....	Do.

TABLE I.—Applications received by the United States Tariff Commission for investigations under provisions of sections 315, 316, 317, and 318 of the tariff act of 1922—Continued

APPLICATIONS UNDER SECTION 315—Continued

Paragraph No.	Commodity	Date of application	Nature of request	Status
SCHEDULE 1.—Chemicals, oils, and paints—Continued				
80	Potassium chlorate	Oct. 18, 1922	Decrease	Investigation ordered.
80	do	Feb. — 1923	Increase	Do.
80	do	Mar. 7, 1923	do	Do.
83	Formate of soda	Sept. 29, 1922	do	Pending.
83	Salt	Dec. 20, 1923	Decrease	Do.
83	Sodium nitrate	Oct. 12, 1922	Increase	Investigation ordered; proclamation by President of increase.
SCHEDULE 2.—Earths, earthenware, and glassware				
204	Magnesite	Apr. 30, 1923	Decrease	Investigation ordered
204	do	Aug. 31, 1923	do	Do.
206	Pumice stone	Feb. 28, 1924	do	Pending.
208	Mica	Dec. 11, 1923	Increase	Do.
212	Chemical stoneware	June 18, 1923	Decrease	Do.
212	China	June 7, 1923	do	Do.
213	Graphite	Oct. 2, 1922	Increase	Do.
213	do	Oct. 3, 1922	do	Do.
213	do	Dec. 6, 1922	Decrease	Do.
214, 1420	Diamond dyes	Feb. 8, 1923	do	Do.
229	Electric-light bulbs	Sept. 25, 1922	Increase	Do.
229	do	Dec. 12, 1923	do	Do.
229	Tungsten electric lamps	May 15, 1923	do	Do.
230	Mirrors	Nov. 16, 1922	do	Investigation ordered.
230	Stained-glass windows	Oct. 6, 1922	do	Pending.
232, 233	Finished marble	Feb. 1, 1924	do	Do.
235	Manufactures of and unmanufactured granite	Apr. 16, 1924	do	Do.
SCHEDULE 3.—Metals and manufactures of				
301	Pig iron	Dec. 13, 1922	Increase	Investigation ordered.
327	Cast-iron pipe	Dec. 21, 1923	do	Pending.
328	Corrugated furnaces	Nov. 22, 1922	Decrease	Do.
340	Jewelers' saws	May 3, 1923	do	Investigation not ordered.
342	Umbrella frames	Oct. 26, 1922	Increase	Pending.
343	Needle cases	Mar. 27, 1923	Decrease	Investigation not ordered.
344	Fishing tackle	July 9, 1923	Increase	Pending.
348	Snap fasteners	Mar. 9, 1923	do	Do.
355	Cutlery of stainless steel	Jan. 29, 1923	Decrease	Withdrawn.
358	Razor blades	Oct. 31, 1922	do	Referred to Treasury Department.
360	Drawing instruments	Sept. 27, 1922	do	Pending.
360	Scientific instruments	Apr. 23, 1923	do	Investigation not ordered.
360	do	June 15, 1923	do	Do.
362	Swiss pattern files	Nov. 22, 1922	Increase	Investigation ordered.
368	Escapements	Dec. 8, 1922	Decrease	Pending.
368	Taximeters	Dec. 30, 1922	Increase	Investigation ordered
372	Spindles and flyers	Nov. 22, 1922	do	Investigation not ordered.
375	Metallic magnesium	May 26, 1923	do	Investigation ordered.
383	Gold leaf	June 1, 1923	do	Do.
383	do	June 6, 1923	do	Do.
396	Print rollers	Dec. 1, 1922	do	Do.
399	Aluminum pigeon bands	Dec. 6, 1922	Duty on American selling price.	Investigation not ordered.
399	Knife blanks	Oct. 25, 1922	Decrease	Do.
SCHEDULE 4.—Wood and manufactures of				
401	Logs, Canadian	Dec. 2, 1922	Decrease	Investigation ordered
401	do	Apr. 30, 1923	do	Do.
401	do	May 2, 1923	do	Do.
403	Cabinet logs and lumber	Dec. 20, 1922	do	Pending.
403	do	do	Increase	Do.
403	Logs, lignum-vitæ	Feb. 5, 1923	Decrease	Do.
403	Veneers of wood	Aug. 14, 1923	do	Do.
407	Willow furniture	Feb. 14, 1923	Increase	Do.

INDUSTRIES REQUESTING TARIFF INVESTIGATIONS

TABLE I.—Applications received by the United States Tariff Commission for investigations under provisions of sections 315, 316, 317, and 318 of the tariff act of 1922—Continued

APPLICATIONS UNDER SECTION 315—Continued

Paragraph No.	Commodity	Date of application	Nature of request	Status
SCHEDULE 4.—Wool and manufactures of—Continued				
410	Bentwood chairs	Apr. 19, 1923	Increase	Pending.
410	do	Aug. 11, 1923	Duty on American selling price.	Do.
410	do	Sept. 13, 1923	Increase	Do.
410	do	do	do	Do.
410	Paint-brush handles	Jan. 16, 1923	Decrease	Investigation ordered.
SCHEDULE 5.—Sugar, molasses, and manufactures of				
502	Blackstrap	Oct. 3, 1922	Decrease	Pending.
503	Sugar	Nov. 16, 1922	do	Investigation ordered.
503	Maple sirup	Apr. 25, 1924	do	Pending.
504	Rare sugars	Dec. 16, 1922	Duty on American selling price.	Investigation ordered.
SCHEDULE 7.—Agricultural products and provisions				
701	Cattle and livestock	Oct. 2, 1922	Decrease	Pending.
701	do	Jan. 5, 1924	Increase	Do.
701	Meat	do	do	Do.
701	Tallow	Mar. 16, 1923	Decrease	Investigation ordered.
701	do	Apr. 18, 1923	do	Do.
709	Butter	Mar. 10, 1924	Increase	Pending.
709	do	May 5, 1924	do	Do.
709	do	May 23, 1924	do	Do.
711	Wild or game birds	Oct. 31, 1922	Decrease	Investigation not ordered.
711	do. ¹	do	do	Do.
712	Sorghum seed	Oct. 25, 1922	do	Pending.
717, 718	Fish	Jan. 5, 1923	do	Do.
717, 718	do	Feb. 9, 1924	Increase	Do.
720, 721	Fish, canned	Sept. 28, 1922	Decrease	Do.
723	Buckwheat	Jan. 24, 1924	Increase	Do.
725	Alimentary pastes	Apr. 28, 1924	do	Do.
729	Wheat	Nov. 1, 1923	do	Investigation finished and proclamation issued by President changing the duties.
729	do	Nov. 28, 1923	do	Do.
736	Raspberries, wild	Feb. 23, 1924	Decrease	Pending.
737	Cherries, glace	July 5, 1923	Increase	Do.
742	Currants	Jan. 31, 1923	Adjustment of rates.	Do.
746	Pineapples	Oct. 26, 1923	Decrease	Do.
746	do	Apr. 29, 1924	Increase	Do.
749	Plantains	Oct. 23, 1922	Decrease	Investigation not ordered.
751	Flowers, cut	Nov. 24, 1922	do	Pending.
756	Coconuts, desiccated	Sept. 8, 1922	Increase	Do.
757	Peanuts	May 2, 1923	Decrease	Do.
760	Cottonseed	Sept. 26, 1922	do	Investigation not ordered.
760	do	Nov. 11, 1922	do	Do.
760	do	Dec. 21, 1922	do	Do.
760	Flaxseed	Nov. 28, 1923	Increase	Pending.
762	Onion seed	Oct. 16, 1922	Decrease	Do.
766	Mushrooms	Oct. 17, 1922	do	Do.
766	do	Feb. 21, 1923	do	Do.
772	Cabbage	Dec. 8, 1922	Increase	Do.
778	Hops	Mar. 21, 1923	Decrease	Do.
778	do	Apr. 9, 1923	do	Do.
778	do	Apr. 11, 1923	do	Do.
778	do	do	do	Do.
779	Cloves	Sept. 30, 1922	do	Do.
SCHEDULE 9.—Cotton manufactures				
903-906	Cotton shirtings	Sept. 9, 1922	Decrease	Pending.
912	Spreads and quilts	Oct. 19, 1922	do	Withdrawn.
913	Woven labels	Dec. 12, 1923	Duty on American selling price.	Pending.

¹ 115 other applications on the same commodity.

TABLE I.—Applications received by the United States Tariff Commission for investigations under provisions of sections 315, 316, 317, and 318 of the tariff act of 1922—Continued

APPLICATIONS UNDER SECTION 315—Continued

Paragraph No.	Commodity	Date of application	Nature of request	Status
SCHEDULE 9.—Cotton manufactures—Continued				
915	Fabric gloves	Jan. 16, 1923	Increase	Investigation ordered.
916	Hostery	Jan. 15, 1923	Duty on American selling price.	Do.
921	Heavy coat lining	May 7, 1924	Increase	Pending.
908, 904, 906, 921.	Cotton goods	May 12, 1924	do	Do.
SCHEDULE 10.—Flax, hemp, or jute, and manufactures of				
1001	Orin vegetal or African fiber	Apr. 9, 1923	Decrease	Pending.
1001	do	Feb. 25, 1924	do	Do.
1001	Hemp	Mar. 12, 1923	Increase	Do.
1022	Rice straw rugs	Jan. 17, 1924	do	Do.
SCHEDULE 11.—Wool and manufactures of				
1101	Camel hair	Nov. 24, 1922	Decrease	Pending.
1101	Wools, Class III	do	do	Do.
1101	do	Sept. 27, 1922	do	Do.
1108	Bedford cord	Mar. 23, 1923	do	Do.
1119	Wool crepe	Sept. 5, 1923	Increase	Do.
SCHEDULE 13.—Papers and books				
1305	Paper with coated surface	Aug. 14, 1923	Decrease	Pending.
1307, 1308	Papeteries	May 5, 1924	Duty on American selling price.	Do.
1310	Maps	Dec. 1, 1922	Decrease	Do.
1310	Rag books	Dec. 15, 1922	do	Do.
1313	Wall pockets	Nov. 8, 1922	Increase	Investigation ordered.
SCHEDULE 14.—Sundries				
1401	Asbestos shingles	Apr. 13, 1923	Increase	Investigation not ordered.
1408, 430	Beaded bags	Oct. 28, 1922	Decrease	Pending.
1406	Harvest hats	do	Classification	Do.
1406	Men's sewed straw hats	Sept. 1, 1923	Increase	Investigation ordered.
1410	Buttons, horn	Mar. 23, 1923	Decrease	Investigation not ordered.
1411	Agate button molds	Jan. 16, 1923	do	Do.
1411	do	Mar. 23, 1923	do	Do.
1419	Artificial flowers	Sept. 21, 1922	Increase	Investigation ordered.
1419	Immortelles	Oct. 31, 1922	Decrease	Investigation ordered; included with artificial flowers.
1420	Furs and fur skins	Oct. 25, 1922	Increase	Withdrawn.
1420, 1421	Hatters' fur and rabbit skins	May 4, 1923	Decrease	Pending.
1427	Trimmed hats	Apr. 25, 1923	do	Investigation not ordered.
1428	Mesh bags	Aug. 25, 1923	Increase	Do.
1428	do	Nov. 26, 1923	Decrease	Do.
1430	Lace curtains	Nov. 11, 1922	do	Investigation ordered.
1430	Mosquito bars	Oct. 23, 1922	do	Do.
1431	Buckskin	Jan. 16, 1923	do	Pending.
1431	Pigskin	Mar. 5, 1923	Reclassification	Referred to Treasury Department.
1432	Leather leggings	Mar. 26, 1924	Increase	Pending.
1432	Moccasins	Nov. 25, 1922	Decrease	Investigation not ordered.
1433	Leather gloves	Oct. 6, 1922	Classification	Pending.
1434	Raw gut	Oct. 17, 1922	Decrease	Do.
1435	Gas mantles	Sept. 28, 1922	do	Do.
1435	do	Sept. 13, 1923	Duty on American selling price.	Do.
1443	Pipe organs	Sept. 26, 1922	Increase	Do.
1443	Tiltz-Kunst-harmonium	Dec. 14, 1922	Decrease	Investigation not ordered.
1443	Violins	Oct. 30, 1922	do	Do.
1451	Crayons or fusains	Feb. 15, 1923	do	Pending.
1451	do	Apr. 25, 1923	do	Do.

INDUSTRIES REQUESTING TARIFF INVESTIGATIONS

TABLE I.—Applications received by the United States Tariff Commission for investigations under provisions of sections 315, 316, 317, and 318 of the tariff act of 1922—Continued

APPLICATIONS UNDER SECTION 315—Continued

Paragraph No.	Commodity	Date of application	Nature of request	Status
SCHEDULE 14.—Sundries—Continued				
1451.....	Crayons or fusions.....	Apr. 26, 1923	Decrease.....	Pending.
1451.....	do.....	Apr. 27, 1923	do.....	Do.
1451.....	do.....	June 7, 1923	do.....	Do.
1453.....	Cameras.....	Oct. 26, 1923	Adjustment of rates.	Investigation not ordered.
1453.....	Motion-picture films.....	Feb. 29, 1924	Increase.....	Pending.
1454.....	Smokers' articles of phenolic resin.	Jan. 15, 1923	Duty on American selling price.	Investigation ordered.
	Yachts.....	Oct. 26, 1922	Different duty on yachts brought over on steamer and those brought over on their own bottoms.	
SCHEDULES 15 AND 16.—Free list.				
1504.....	Cream separators.....	Nov. 11, 1922	Decrease.....	No jurisdiction.
1607.....	Shoes.....	May 18, 1923	Increase.....	Do.
1662.....	Dried shrimp.....	Jan. 13, 1923	do.....	Do.

APPLICATIONS UNDER SECTION 316

SCHEDULE 1.—Chemicals, oils, and paints				
1, 9.....	Tartaric acid.....	Mar. 12, 1923	Investigation re dumping.	Pending.
SCHEDULE 3.—Metals and manufactures of				
366.....	Revolvers.....	May 28, 1923	Protection.....	Investigation ordered
SCHEDULE 4.—Wood and manufactures of				
410.....	Canadian logs.....	Sept. 20, 1923	Investigation re dumping.	Pending.
SCHEDULE 14.—Sundries				
1439.....	Returned A. E. F. tires.....	Oct. 30, 1922	Hearing re duty...	Pending.
1454.....	Briarwood pipes.....	Jan. 4, 1923	Increase.....	Investigation ordered and hearing held.
1543, 205.....	Portland cement.....	May 5, 1924	Investigation re unfair competition.	Pending.

APPLICATIONS UNDER SECTION 317

SCHEDULE 1.—Chemicals, oils, and paints				
50.....	Magnesium carbonate.....	Nov. 15, 1922	Investigation re discrimination.	Pending.
54.....	Olive oil.....	May 19, 1924	do.....	Do.
55.....	Cottonseed oil.....	Jan. 10, 1923	do.....	Do.
80, 83.....	Bichromates.....	Oct. 26, 1922	do.....	Do.
80, 83.....	do.....	Oct. 30, 1922	do.....	Do.
80, 83.....	do.....	Nov. 29, 1922	do.....	Do.
80, 83.....	do.....	Dec. 29, 1922	do.....	Do.
SCHEDULE 3.—Metals and manufactures of				
369.....	Automobiles.....	Oct. 24, 1922	Investigation re discrimination.	Pending.

TABLE I.—Applications received by the United States Tariff Commission for investigations under provisions of sections 315, 316, 317, and 318 of the tariff act of 1922—Continued

APPLICATIONS UNDER SECTION 317—Continued

Paragraph No.	Commodity	Date of application	Nature of request	Status
1633.....	SCHEDULE 16.—Free list Refined oil and gasoline.....	Dec. 13, 1924	Investigation re discrimination.	Pending.
1700.....	SCHEDULE 17.—Free list Flooring.....	Mar. 24, 1923	Investigation re discrimination.	Pending.
	Treaty between France and Guatemala. Discrimination in Australian tariff.	June 16, 1923	do.....	Do
	Nitrogen products.....	Nov. 30, 1923	do.....	Do.
	Yachts.....	Nov. 10, 1923 Oct. 26, 1922	do..... Adjustment of rates.	Do. Do.

APPLICATIONS UNDER SECTION 318

	SCHEDULE 1.—Chemicals, oils, and paints			
26.....	Thymol and thymol crystals.	Mar. 17, 1923	Increase.....	Investigation ordered
26.....	do.....	Mar. 20, 1923	do.....	Do.

TABLE II.—Investigations instituted under sections 315, 316, 317, and 318 of the tariff act of 1922 and present status thereof

Schedule	Paragraph No.	Commodity	Date ordered	Present status
Schedule 1, chemicals, oils and paints.		Sec. 315	1923	
	1	Oxalic acid.....	Mar. 27	Final report before commission.
	1, 5	Amino acids and salts...	Aug. 11	Investigation temporarily suspended.
	5	Diethyl barbituric acid and derivatives thereof (barbital).	Mar. 27	Final report before commission.
	12	Barium dioxide.....	do.....	Report submitted to President May 14, 1924. President proclaimed increase in duty from 4 cents to 6 cents per pound May 19, 1924.
	19	Caseln.....	do.....	Preliminary statement in preparation.
	27	Phenol.....	May 4	Final report in preparation.
	27	Cresylic acid.....	do.....	Do.
	28	Synthetic phenolic resin	do.....	Investigation temporarily suspended.
Schedule 7, agricultural products and provisions.	39	Logwood extract.....	Mar. 27	Final report before commission.
	58, 54 55, 701	Animal and vegetable oils and fats. ¹	1924 Feb. 8	Plan for investigation approved
Schedule 1, chemicals, oils, and paints.	54	Linseed or flaxseed oil...	1923 May 4	Final report in preparation.
	80	Potassium chlorate.....	Mar. 27	Final report before commission.
	83	Sodium nitrite.....	do.....	Report submitted to President Apr. 26, 1923. President proclaimed increase in duty from 3 cents to 4½ cents per pound May 6, 1924.

¹ Includes 10 oils upon which specific application has been made.

TABLE II.—Investigations instituted under sections 315, 316, 317, and 318 of the tariff act of 1922 and present status thereof—Continued

Schedule	Paragraph No.	Commodity	Date ordered	Present status
Sec. 315				
Schedule 2, earthenware, and glassware.	204	Magnesite and magnesite brick.	1923 Aug. 11	Investigation temporarily suspended.
	222		May 6	
	223	Cast polished plate glass (extension of mirror plate investigation). Mirror plates.....	Mar. 27	Preliminary report in preparation.
Schedule 3, metals and manufactures of.	301	Pig iron.....	do.....	Preliminary report in preparation.
	362	Swiss pattern files.....	do.....	Investigation temporarily suspended.
	368	Taximeters.....	May 4	Report being prepared by expert.
	375	Metallic Magnesium....	July 27	Final report being prepared by commodity experts.
Schedule 4, wood and manufactures of	383	Gold leaf.....	1924 Apr. 5	Investigation temporarily suspended.
	396	Print rollers.....	1923 May 4	Plans for investigation approved Apr. 29, 1924; field work begun.
	401	Logs of fir, spruce, cedar, and western hemlock.	July 2	Final report before commission.
Schedule 5, sugar, molasses, and manufactures of.	410	Paintbrush handles.....	Mar. 20	Preliminary hearing held Aug. 6, 1293, in re authority of commission to investigate this paragraph. Oct. 12, 1923, reported to President and investigation discontinued; Apr. 5, 1924, investigation ordered at request of President. (See seventh annual report, pp. 13, 14, 72-85.)
	501	Sugar.....	Mar. 20	Final report before commission.
	504	Rare sugars.....	Aug. 11	Final report being prepared by experts.
Schedule 7, agricultural products and provisions.	729, 730	Wheat and wheat products.	Nov. 4	Investigation temporarily suspended.
	915	Cotton gloves of warp-knit fabric.	Mar. 27	Report sent to President Mar. 4, 1924. President proclaimed change of rate of duty on wheat from 30 cents to 42 cents per bushel; wheat flour, semolina, etc., from 78 cents to \$1.04 per 100 pounds; bran, shorts, and by-product feeds, from 15 per cent ad valorem to 7½ per cent ad valorem.
Schedule 9, cotton manufactures.	1430	Cotton warp-knit fabric.	Mar. 27	Final report being prepared by experts.
Schedule 14, sundries....	915	Cotton hosiery.....	Mar. 27	Do.
Schedule 9, cotton manufactures.	916	Lace ¹	Mar. 27	Final report in preparation.
Schedule 14, sundries....	920	Wall pockets.....	Oct. 25	Field work (foreign and domestic) in progress.
Schedule 13, papers and books.	1313	Artificial flowers, ² fruits, etc.	Mar. 27	Final report before commission.
Schedule 14, sundries....	1419	Smokers' articles of synthetic phenolic resin.	Mar. 27	Investigation temporarily suspended (lack of funds).
	1454	Men's sewed straw hats.	May 4	Investigation temporarily suspended.
	1406		1924 May 29	Plan of investigation approved
Secs. 316, 317, 318				
Schedule 1, chemicals, oils, and paints.	26	Thymol and thymol crystals.	1923 Aug. 7	Completed.
Schedule 3, metals and manufactures of.	366	Certain Spanish revolvers alleged to be manufactured in simulation of the Smith & Wesson product.	1924 June 3	Hearing ordered.
Schedule 14, sundries....	1454	Brierwood pipes.....	1923 May 4	Hearing held.

¹ Includes applications on lace and mosquito bars.
² Includes two applications upon specific commodities.

TABLE III.—*Subjects not listed for investigations under section 315*

Schedule	Para- graph No.	Commodity	Status	
Schedule 1, chemicals, oils, and paints.	1	Formic acid.....	Withdrawn.	
	2	Aldehyde derivatives.....	Commission voted no investigation warranted at present time.	
	5	Ichthyol.....	Do.	
	7	Ammonium chloride.....	Do.	
	24	Chloral hydrate.....	Withdrawn.	
	25	Calcium arsenate.....	Possible production in this country small.	
	27	Novadelox.....	Commission voted no investigation warranted at present time.	
	28	Biological stains.....	Informally suspended.	
	39	Quebracho extract.....	Do.	
	42	Agar agar.....	No domestic production; informally suspended.	
	42	Fish glue.....	Commission voted no investigation warranted at present time.	
	59	Cajeput oil.....	Informally suspended.	
	61	Mustard oil.....	Do.	
	71	Boneblack.....	Commission voted no investigation warranted at present time.	
	Schedule 3, metals and manufactures of	73	Lampblack.....	Do.
327		Cast iron pipe.....	Not a bona fide application	
340		Jeweler's saws.....	Commission voted no investigation warranted at present time	
343		Needle cases.....	Informally suspended.	
355		Cutlery of stainless steel.....	Withdrawn.	
358		Razor blades.....	Referred to Treasury Department.	
360		Scientific instruments.....	Informally suspended.	
372		Spindles and flyers.....	Do.	
369		Aluminum pigeon bands.....	Do.	
399		Knife blanks.....	Do.	
Schedule 4, wood and manu- factures of.	410	Bentwood chairs.....	Commission voted no investigation warranted at present time.	
	Schedule 7, agricultural products and provisions.	711	Wild or game birds.....	Informally suspended; no commercial production in the United States.
		712	Sorghum seed.....	Informally suspended.
		749	Plantains.....	Do.
		760	Cottonseed.....	Commission voted no investigation warranted at present time.
Schedule 9, cotton manufac- tures.	772	Cabbage.....	Informally suspended.	
	912	Spreads and quilts.....	Withdrawn.	
Schedule 11, wool and manu- factures of.	1108	Bedford cord.....	Informally suspended.	
Schedule 14, sundries.....	1401	Asbestos shingles.....	Do.	
	1406	Harvest hats.....	Referred to Treasury Department.	
	1410	Horn buttons.....	Informally suspended.	
	1420	Furs and fur skins.....	Withdrawn.	
	1427	Ladies' trimmed hats.....	Commission voted no investigation warranted at present time.	
	1428	Mesh bags.....	Do.	
	1431	Pigskin.....	Referred to Treasury Department.	
	1431	Buckskin.....	Informally suspended.	
	1432	Moccasins.....	Do.	
	1443	Titz-Kunsthharmonium.....	Do.	
	1443	Violins.....	Do.	
	1453	Cameras.....	Do.	
	Schedule 15, free list.....	1504	Cream separators.....	No jurisdiction.
	Schedule 16, free list.....	1607	Shoes.....	On free list.
1662		Dried shrimp.....	Do.	
		Yachts.....	Free or dutiable according to method of transportation	

TABLE IV.—Commodities upon which applications have been received but concerning which investigations have not been instituted, and estimated expense of conducting each investigation

Paragraph No.	Commodity	Nature of request	Reason formal investigation was not instituted	Estimated cost of conducting each investigation					
				Total cost, including salaries, per diem, travel, and 20 per cent overhead	Cost of salaries and 20 per cent overhead only	Cost of per diem and travel expense only			
SCHEDULE 1.—Chemicals, oils, and paints									
28	Certain coal-tar dyes.....	Decrease.....	No domestic production.	\$5,532	\$3,772	\$1,760			
42	Casein glue.....	do.....							
50	Chloride of magnesium.....	Increase.....	No tariff problem.	7,128	4,788	2,340			
75	Oxide of iron.....	do.....							
77	Varnish.....	Decrease.....							
83	Formate of soda.....	Increase.....							
83	Salt.....	Decrease.....							
SCHEDULE 2.—Earths, earthenware, and glassware									
206	Pumice stone.....	Decrease.....	No domestic production.	8,208	5,168	3,040			
208	Mica.....	Increase.....		9,732	5,872	3,860			
212	Chemical stoneware.....	Decrease.....		6,720	4,220	2,500			
212	China.....	do.....		30,288	18,548	11,740			
213	Graphite.....	Increase.....		14,880	8,680	6,200			
214	Diamond dies.....	Decrease.....							
229	Electric light bulbs.....	} Increase.....		15,000	9,100	5,900			
229	Tungsten electric lights.....								
230	Stained glass windows.....						do.....		
232, 233	Finished marble.....	do.....		9,096	5,816	3,280			
235	Granite and manufactures of.....	do.....	9,456	5,876	3,580				
			7,848	4,608	2,940				
SCHEDULE 3.—Metals and manufactures of									
328	Corrugated furnaces.....	Decrease.....	Investigation not warranted.	2,664	1,644	1,020			
342	Umbrella frames.....	Increase.....		2,784	1,664	1,120			
344	Fishing tackle.....	do.....		2,220	1,320	900			
348	Snap fasteners.....	do.....		2,540	1,620	920			
360	Drawing instruments.....	Decrease.....		2,040	1,290	750			
360	Clock escapements.....	do.....							
SCHEDULE 4.—Wood and manufactures of									
403	Cabinet logs and lumber.....	Decrease.....		No domestic production.					
403	Logs, lignum vitae.....	do.....							
403	Veneers of wood.....	do.....			Imports small.				
407	Willow furniture.....	Increase.....			5,952	3,592	2,360		
SCHEDULE 5.—Sugar, molasses, and manufactures of									
502	Blackstrap.....	Decrease.....	}	3,336	1,756	1,580			
503	Maple sirup.....	do.....			3,144	2,024	1,120		
SCHEDULE 7.—Agricultural products and provisions									
701	Cattle.....	{ Increase.....	} Difficult to obtain costs.	37,944	24,624	13,320			
701	Meat.....	{ Decrease.....							
709	Butter.....	Increase.....					36,936	22,656	14,286
717, 718	Fish, fresh.....	do.....					37,380	21,980	15,400
720, 721	Fish, prepared.....	do.....					13,080	8,180	4,900
723	Buckwheat.....	Decrease.....					13,680	8,280	5,400
725	Allimentary pastes.....	Increase.....					8,376	4,936	3,440
736	Wild raspberries.....	do.....							
737	Cherries, glace.....	Decrease.....							
742	Currants.....	Increase.....					} No domestic production.	4,934	2,714
		Adjustment of rates.							

TABLE IV.—Commodities upon which applications have been received but concerning which investigations have not been instituted, and estimated expense of conducting each investigation—Continued

Paragraph No.	Commodity	Nature of request	Reason formal investigation was not instituted	Estimated cost of conducting each investigation		
				Total cost, including salaries, per diem, travel, and 20 per cent overhead	Cost of salaries and 20 per cent overhead only	Cost of per diem and travel expense only
SCHEDULE 7.—Agricultural products and provisions—Continued						
746	Pineapples.....	Decrease.....	} No domestic production.	\$8, 124	\$5, 004	\$3, 120
751	Cut flowers.....	Increase.....		2, 052	1, 092	960
756	Desiccated coconuts.....	Decrease.....		6, 312	3, 652	2, 660
757	Peanuts.....	Increase.....		19, 872	11, 912	7, 960
760	Flaxseed.....	Decrease.....		21, 024	12, 904	8, 120
762	Onionseed.....	Increase.....		} 14, 400	8, 600	5, 800
766	Mushrooms.....	do.....				
778	Hops.....	do.....				
779	Cloves.....	do.....				
SCHEDULE 9.—Cotton manufactures						
903, 906	Cotton shirtings.....	Decrease.....	}	36, 912	25, 152	11, 760
903, 904	Cotton cloth.....	Increase.....				
906, 921	Cotton woven labels.....	Duty on American selling price.				
913	Heavy coat lining.....	Increase.....	Incl. in cotton cloth and cotton shirtings.	10, 188	6, 348	3, 840
SCHEDULE 10.—Flax, hemp, jute, and manufactures of						
1001	Crin vegetal.....	Decrease.....	No comparable domestic product.			
1001	Hemp.....	Increase.....		9, 336	5, 856	3, 480
1022	Rice straw rugs.....	do.....		11, 868	7, 028	4, 840
SCHEDULE 11.—Wool and manufactures of						
1101	Camel hair.....	Decrease.....				
1101	Wool, Class III.....	do.....				
1119	Wool crêpe.....	Increase.....				
SCHEDULE 13.—Papers and books						
1305	Paper with coated surfaces.....	Decrease.....	Imports small.....			
1307	Papeteries.....	Duty on American selling price.	}	8, 208	4, 968	3, 240
1308	Maps.....	Decrease.....				
1310	Rag books.....	do.....	Imports small.....	2, 532	1, 372	1, 160
SCHEDULE 14.—Sundries						
1403	Beaded bags.....	Decrease.....		2, 452	1, 659	793
1430	Agate button molds.....	do.....	No domestic production.			
1411	Hatters' fur and rabbit skin.....	do.....		3, 688	2, 365	1, 323
1421	Leather leggings.....	Increase.....		2, 560	1, 677	883
1432	Leather gloves.....	New classification.				
1433	Raw gut.....	Decrease.....		2, 620	1, 687	933
1434	Gas mantles.....	do.....		3, 628	2, 355	1, 273
1435	Pipe organs.....	Increase.....		4, 072	2, 679	1, 393
1443	Crayons or fusains.....	Decrease.....	No domestic production.			
1451	Motion-picture films.....	Increase.....		3, 060	2, 009	1, 051
Estimated cost of conducting investigations not ordered ¹				473, 8 06	293, 347	180, 45

¹ Does not include investigations under secs. 316, 317, 318. Estimated expense of these investigation should be added.