FOURTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE PRESIDENT TO THE CONGRESS

ON THE OPERATION OF

THE AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS TRADE ACT

OF 1965

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I. Summary

During 1979, the United States automotive industry employed, on the average, 1.1 million persons; slightly fewer than the 1978 employment level. Production of motor vehicles fell 11 percent to 11.5 million vehicles while retail sales of motor vehicles fell 8 percent to 14.1 million units. Petail sales of imports (excluding Canadian-built) rose 16 percent to 2.3 million vehicles, or 20 percent of the U.S. market.

Employment during 1979 in the Canadian automotive industry averaged 116,000, slightly below the 1978 employment level. Canadian production of motor vehicles declined 10 percent (as the result of reduced U. S. imports) to 1.6 million units while Canadian retail sales increased 10 percent to 1.0 million motor vehicles. (Some reasons for the increase in retail sales in Canada and the decrease in the United States are found in the body of the report.) Retail sales of imports from overseas declined 20 percent to 139,000 units, or 11 percent of the Canadian market.

Expenditures for new plant and equipment by the "big four" grew 15 percent in the United States and 32 percent in Canada to a total 1979 investment of \$5.5 billion.

Automotive prices continued to increase in both countries with the increases in the several Canadian industrial price indices for automotive equipment generally larger than their counterparts in the United States. However, the consumer price index for passenger cars rose 7.9 percent in the United States and 7.1 percent in Canada.

In 1979, United States automotive products shipments to Canada rose while Canadian shipments to the United States declined, resulting in a U. S. automotive products trade surplus of \$2.5 billion compared to \$471 million in 1978.

The Agreement has worked well; it eliminated a source of potential trade conflict and strengthened economic and commercial ties between two friendly neighbors. Economic efficiencies and production rationalization of the automotive industry in the United States and Canada brought about by the larger integrated market created by the Agreement, have benefited consumers and producers in both countries.

II. Background

The United States and Canada negotiated the Automotive Agreement in 1964 to head off potential bilateral conflicts over Canada's efforts to improve the performance of its relatively inefficient automotive industry. The highcost Canadian industry had been structured to serve a small domestic market behind a high tariff wall. measures Canada proposed to take to encourage production, such as duty remissions to Canadian manufacturers, were creating a serious irritant in our economic relationship. Under those circumstances it seemed desirable for the two countries to agree on a mechanism that would allow Canada to develop a more rational and efficient automotive industry but would not adversely affect U. S. industry. The resulting Automotive Agreement, $\frac{1}{2}$ which was signed on January 16, 1965, created the basis for an integrated automotive market by, in effect, removing duties on trade between the two countries in specified motor vehicles and original equipment automotive parts.

The Agreement sets forth three objectives: "(a) the creation of a broader market for automotive products within which the full benefits of specialization and large-scale production can be achieved; (b) the liberalization of U. S.-Canadian automotive trade in respect to tariff Larriers

^{1/} Appendix A page 58

and other factors tending to impede it, with a view to enabling the industries of both countries to participate on a fair and equitable basis in the expanding total market of the two countries; and (c) the development of conditions in which market forces may operate effectively to attain the most economic pattern of investment, production and trade." It was agreed that it shall be the policy of each government to avoid actions which would frustrate the achievement of these objectives. The Agreement is of unlimited duration, but each government has the right to terminate it by giving 12 months notice.

The Agreement, as implemented in the United States by the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965 (APTA) $\frac{2}{}$ and approved by Congress on October 21, 1965, resulted in the removal of U.S. duties on specified new and used Canadian motor vehicles and original equipment automotive parts. The President proclaimed the entry into force of the tariff modifications established by the APTA retroactive to January 18, 1965.

Since the United States removed its duty on automotive products only for Canada, it was necessary to obtain a waiver of its Ceneral Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) obligations concerning most-favored-nation (MTN) tariff treatment in order to put the Agreement into The waiver was approved by the GATT in December 1965

Appendix B, page 61 Appendix C, page 70

Canada implemented its side of the Agreement somewhat differently, by according duty-free treatment to specified new motor vehicles and original equipment parts on an MFN basis to all automotive manufacturers who had production facilities in Canada at the time the Agreement was negotiated. Therefore, Canada did not consider it necessary to obtain a GATT waiver for its Order-in-Council implementing duty-free treatment effective January 18, 1965.

In recognition of the need for a transitional period for the smaller, higher-cost Canadian industry to adjust to the competitive pressures within the larger North American Automotive Industry market, certain restrictive measures were set forth in Annex A to the Agreement: (1) Only bona fide Canadian vehicle manufacturers mig import automotive products duty-free; and (2) in order to be considered "bona fide", manufacturers must meet certain minimum Canadian value-added and Canadian production-to-sales ratio requirements.

Because the duty-free import privilege in Canada is limited to vehicle manufacturers, individual Canadians who import motor vehicles from the United States must pay the Canadian duty of 15 percent ad valorem. In contrast, anyone in the United States may import a finished vehicle covered by the Agreement duty-free. In both countries, only bona fide manufacturers may import original equipment parts and accessories duty-free under the Agreement.

In addition to the limitations set forth in Annex A, the Canadian Government was given by its motor vehicle manufacturers certain Letters of Understanding to increase the value of production in Canada. The letters committed the companies to certain specific increases in Canadian value-added to be accomplished by July 31, 1968, and to increase further the Canadian value-added annually by a proportion of any increase in sales in the Canadian market. Although the letters were between the companies and the Canadian Government, they were originally signed with the tacit approval of the United States Government. The tacit approval was withdrawn in 1970.

III. Developments in 1979

PRODUCTION IN THE NORTH AMERICAN AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRY

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Total United States and Canadian motor vehicle production in 1979 was 13.1 million vehicles, down 11 percent from 1978. The United States share of the combined 1979 total was 88 percent, the same as the year before.

Motor vehicle production in the United States declined 11 percent to 11,480,000 units in 1979 from a record high in 1978. Passenger car production declined 8 percent to 8,434,100 cars while truck production dropped 18 percent to 3,046,600 units. $\frac{4}{}$

Motor vehicle production in Canada in 1979 fell to 1,631,700 units, 10 percent below a record 1978 level.

Passenger car production dropped 13 percent to 987,700 cars while truck production fell 5 percent to 644,000 trucks. 5/

RETAIL SALES

Total retail motor vehicle sales in the United States and Canada in 1979 were 15.5 million units, a decline of 7 percent from the 1978 total. The United States share of total sales was 91 percent, 1 percent less than the previous year. 6/

The decline in total sales was due entirely to the United States market as Canadian retail sales increased 2 percent and sales declined 8 percent in the United States.

^{1/} Table 2, page 30

 $[\]frac{5}{6}$ Table 3, page 31 $\frac{5}{6}$ Table 1, page 29

The pattern of sales of imported and North American-built vehicles was quite different in the two countries. In the United States, sales of North American-built vehicles declined and sales of imports from overseas increased, while in Canada the pattern was reversed.

United States: Retail sales of passenger automobiles declined to 10,658,000 cars in 1979, 6 percent below record levels of 1978. Sales of imports from overseas rose to 2,330,000 cars, 16 percent over 1978 and a record level for imports. Sales of 8,328,000 North American-built cars represented a decline of 11 percent from the previous year. Retail sales of trucks showed a similar pattern. North American-built truck sales fell 20 percent to 3,010,000 vehicles and sales of imports rose 40 percent to 469,000 trucks. During the substantial increases in gasoline prices in 1979, a major shift of consumer preference toward high gas mileage cars produced a situation in which the domestic manufacturers could not meet the demand for small cars while inventories of the larger models increased drastically.

Canada: Retail sales of passenger cars rose 10 percent to a record 1,003,000 cars in 1979. Sales of imports from overseas dropped 20 percent to 139,000 cars while sales of North American-built cars rose 6 percent to 864,000 units. Retail sales of North American-built trucks rose 5 percent to 381,000 vehicles while sales of imported trucks dropped 8 percent to 12,000 vehicles. Gasoline prices in Canada did not rise as rapidly as in the United States. Canadian consumer preference did

not show a substantial shift to more fuel efficient cars and imports of larger models from the United States increased.

EXPENDITURES BY AUTOMOBILE MANUFACTURERS FOR PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Expenditures for plant and equipment in 1979 by the "big four" motor vehicle manufacturers totaled \$5.549 billion, an increase of 15 percent over 1978. The Canadian share was \$346 million or 6 percent of the total, up 32 percent over the previous year. Investment in the United States was \$5.203 billion, up 14 percent over 1978.

RELATIVE PRICES OF AUTOMOBILES

Automotive price comparisons in this section are based on factory list prices rather than manufacturers suggested retail prices, because of different tax structures in each country (see Tables 6, 7 and 8). The U.S. prices, and Canadian prices expressed in U.S. dollars in each table are of identical cars with comparable standard equipment.

Expressed in U.S. dollars, factory list prices at introduction of the 1980 models ranged from 9 percent lower to 2 percent higher in Canada than in the United States. In 1979, the same models ranged from 3 to 12 percent lower in price in Canada. Car prices, in Canadian dollars, are higher in Canada than in the United States because of the present exchange rate.

^{7/} Table 6, page 34

Table 7, page 35

Table 8, page 36

The producer and consumer price indices for automotive products continued to rise in both countries. During 1979, the producer price index for cars increased 7.8 percent in the United States, the index for trucks climbed 8.9 percent and the index for parts rose 8.1 percent. The increase in the car and parts indices was greater than 1978 while the percentage increase in the 1979 truck index was the same as for 1978. The consumer price index for passenger cars continued its upward trend, rising 7.9 percent in 1979 compared to 7.6 percent in 1978.

In Canada, the increase in the industrial selling price indices were generally larger than in the United States. The industrial selling price index for passenger cars rose 12.1 percent for 1979 compared to 8.1 percent in 1978. The industrial index for trucks rose 12.8 percent in 1979 compared to 10.1 percent in 1978, and the parts index rose 7.8 percent compared to 11.0 percent the previous year. The Canadian consumer price index for passenger cars rose 7.1 percent in 1979 compared with 8.9 percent in 1978.

^{8/} Table 4, page 32
9/ Table 5, page 33

EMPLOYMENT IN THE AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRY 10/

Employment in the North American Automotive Industry in 1979 totaled 1,207,000, almost the same as 1978. The United States share of total employment in 1979 remained 90 percent, the same as in 1978.

Average annual automotive industry employment (including automotive stampings) in the United States, which had been rising since 1975, fell slightly in 1979 to 1,091,000. The decline occurred mostly in the assembly and stamping sectors while employment in the parts sector remained at the 1978 level. $\frac{11}{2}$

Canadian automotive industry employment dropped slightly to a little less than 116,000 persons. In contrast to the United States, most of the decline in Canada occurred in the parts and accessories sector.

TRADE IN MOTOR VEHICLES AND PARTS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA

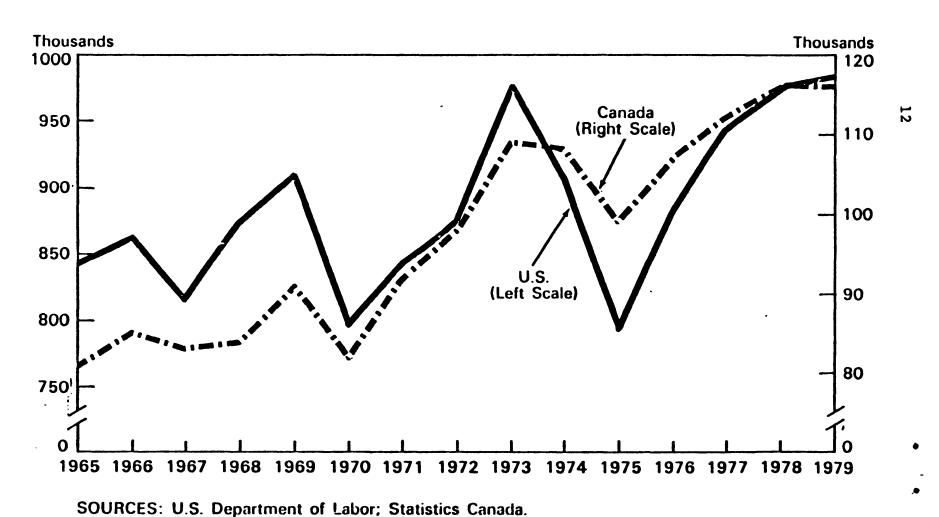
Total automotive products trade between the United States and Canada was \$22 billion in 1979, a 2 percent increase over 1978. 12/ From 1964, the year before the Agreement, to 1979, total two-way trade in automotive products has increased 3,179 percent.

10/ Chart 1, page 12

11/ Table 9, page 35

12/ Table A, page 14

Chart 1
Employment in the United States-Canada,
Automotive Industries, 1965-1979



During 1979, automotive products exports to Canada rose 12 percent while corresponding imports from Canada declined 7 percent. This resulted in a United States automotive products surplus of \$2.5 billion, substantially above the \$471 million surplus of the previous year. 13/ The United States surplus in duty-free automotive products rose to \$2.432 billion in 1979 compared to \$439 million in 1978.

The 1979 surplus in dutiable automotive products grew from \$31 million in 1978 to \$127 million in 1979.

The changing trade balance resulted mainly from the decline in the United States automotive market in 1979 coupled with relatively strong Canadian automotive sales.

United States shipments of cars to Canada rose 20 percent contributing to an overall increase in the value of exports of 12 percent. 14/ As a proportion of total shipments, vehicles increased slightly while parts decreased. 15/ The increase in the value of automotive products exports from \$10.964 billion in 1978 to \$12.274 billion in 1979 was 12 percent, which is greater than the rise in the price indices, indicating a rise in physical volume of exports. Dutiable exports in 1979 were \$713 million or about 6 percent of total automotive products exports to Canada, up from 5 percent in 1978.

^{13/} Chart 2, page 18

¹⁴/ Table B, page 16

^{15/} Chart 3, page 19

TABLE A

U.S.-Canadian Trade in Automotive Products, 1964-1974-79

U.S. Imports - Canadian Imports Millions of U.S. Dollars								
	1964	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	
U.S. exports ² /								
Cars	34	1,657	2,142	2,354	2,655	2,613	3,147	
Trucks	23	916	922	985	1,057	1,158	1,654	
Parts	577	3,980	4,409	5,550	6,434	7,080	7,344	
Subtotal	634	6,554	7,472	8,889	10,146	10,851	12,145	
Tires and tubes	6	223	170	116	144	113	128	
TOTAL EXPORTS	640	6,777	7,643	9,005	10,290	10,964	12,273	
U.S. imports								
Cars	18	2,595	2,809	3,477	3,795	4,129	3,707	
Trucks	4	887	917	1,363	1,841	2,036	1,978	
Parts	49	1,997	2,007	2,983	3,496	4,160	3,831	
Subtotal	71	5,479	5,734	7,823	9,132	10,325	9,516	
Tires and tubes	5	65	67	166	135	167	199	
TOTAL IMPORTS	76	5,544	5,801	7,989	9,267	10,492	9,715	
Net balance	+563	+1,233	+1,842	+1,016	+1,023	+472	+2,558	

^{1/}Preliminary
2/Canadian import data. Parts exports (Canadian imports) adjusted to exclude tooling charges
in millions of U.S. dollars as follows: 1973-\$68; 1974-\$188; 1975-\$110; 1976-\$105;
1977-\$72; 1978-\$235.

Note: Data exclude U.S.-Canadian trade in materials for use in the manufacture of automotive parts.

Canadian dollars converted to U.S. dollars at following exchange rates:
\$1.00 Canadian = \$0.925 U.S., 1964; \$1.02246, U.S., 1974; \$0.984001, U.S. 1975;
\$1.0141, U.S. 1976; \$0.94095, U.S. 1977; \$0.8871, 1978, \$0.85471, 1979.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce

Canadian shipments of automotive products to the United States declined from \$10.493 billion in 1978 to \$9.715 billion in 1979. The value of car imports dropped 10 percent, trucks 3 percent and parts 8 percent for an overall decline of 7 percent in the value of imports. As a percentage of imports in 1979, cars were 38 percent; trucks 20 percent; parts 39 percent; and tires and tubes 2 percent. These percentages were little changed from 1978. 16/ Dutiable imports were 6 percent of the value of automotive products shipments from Canada, up from 5 percent the year before.

Table 11 17/ shows duty-free imports from Canada by tariff number. The 19 percent decline in the largest category of imported cars - over 6 cylinders - reflects the decline in the U.S. market for large cars. The largest single category of parts remains the "basket" category of "not otherwise provided for," which in 1979 totaled \$1.3 billion or 38 percent of the duty-free imports. Other large volume categories are: engines and their parts; truck bodies; brakes; springs; and auto furniture.

During 1979, the number of cars shipped from Canada to the United States declined 19 percent to 667,000, while shipments of cars to Canada rose 11 percent to 594,000.

^{16/} Table C, page 17

^{17/} Table 11, page 39

TABLE B
United States Automotive Exports to Canada 1/
(In millions of U.S. dollars)

	Dec	ember	Cum. Jan. thru Dec.		
	1979	1978	1979	1978	
utomotive exports:					
Duty Free:					
Passenger cars	293.1	239.3	3140.0	2610.5	
Trucks, buses, and chassis	123.1	103.7	1546.7	1092.3	
Parts and accessories	468.3	548.9	6874.1	6724.3	
Total, duty free	884.5	891.9	11,560.8	10,427.1	
Dutiable:					
Passenger cars	. 7	. 2	6.7	2.9	
Trucks, buses, and chassis	5.6	4.6	107.7	65.4	
Parts and accessories	33.8	28.2	470.3	355.7	
Tires and tubes	9.0	10.9	128.4	113.1	
Total, dutiable	49.1	43.9	713.1	537.1	
Total duty-free and dutiable:	<u>'</u>				
Passenger cars ,	293.8	239.5	3146.7	2613.4	
Trucks, buses, and chassis	128.7	108.3	1654.4	1157.7	
Parts and accessories	502.1	577.1	7344.3	7080.0	
Tires and tubes	9.0	10.9	128.4	113.1	
Total, automotive exports	933.6	935.8	12,273.8	10,964.2	

^{1/} Canadian import data converted to U.S. dollars: C\$1.00=US \$0.85471
December 1979: C \$1.00= U.S. \$0.84763. December 1978.

Source: Statistics Canada.

Note: Monthly figures are preliminary and cumulative year end totals may contain annual corrections not distributed by months.

TABLE C
United States Automotive Imports from Canada
(In millions of U.S. dollars)

	December		Cum, Jan thru Dec.		
	1979	1978	1979	1978	
Automotive imports: $1/$					
Duty free: $\frac{2}{}$					
Passenger cars	282.0	392.0	3,693.9	4,108.8	
Trucks, buses, and chassis	136.7	209.5	1,959.0	2,053.9	
Parts and accessories	192.3	301.5	3,476.1	3,825.0	
Total, duty free	611.0	903.0	9,129.0	9,987.7	
Dutiable: Passenger cars	1.1	1.7	13.0	20.5	
Trucks, buses, and chassis	2.4	3.1	18.6	33.1	
Parts and accessories	27.2	27.0	355.2	284.8	
Tires and tubes	17.8	22.5	199.5	167.3	
Total, dutiable	48.5	55.2	586.3	505.7	
Total duty-free and dutiable:					
Passenger cars	283.1	393.7	3,706.9	4,129.3	
Trucks, buses, and chassis	139.1	212.7	1,977.6	2,087.0	
Parts and accessories	219.5	329.4	3,831.3	4,109.8	
Tires and tubes	17.8	22.5	199.5	167.3	
Total, automotive imports	659.5	958.3	9,715.3	10,493.4	

Preliminary and subject to revision
U.S. Imports are FAS or transaction values as published by Bureau
of the Census. Canadian automotive imports are valued on similar
basis.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census

Note: Monthly figures are preliminary and cumulative year end totals may contain annual corrections not distributed by months.

^{2/} US Automotive product imports from Canada duty free under the United States Canada Automotive Agreement.

Chart 2
United States-Canada Trade in Automotive
Products, 1965-1979

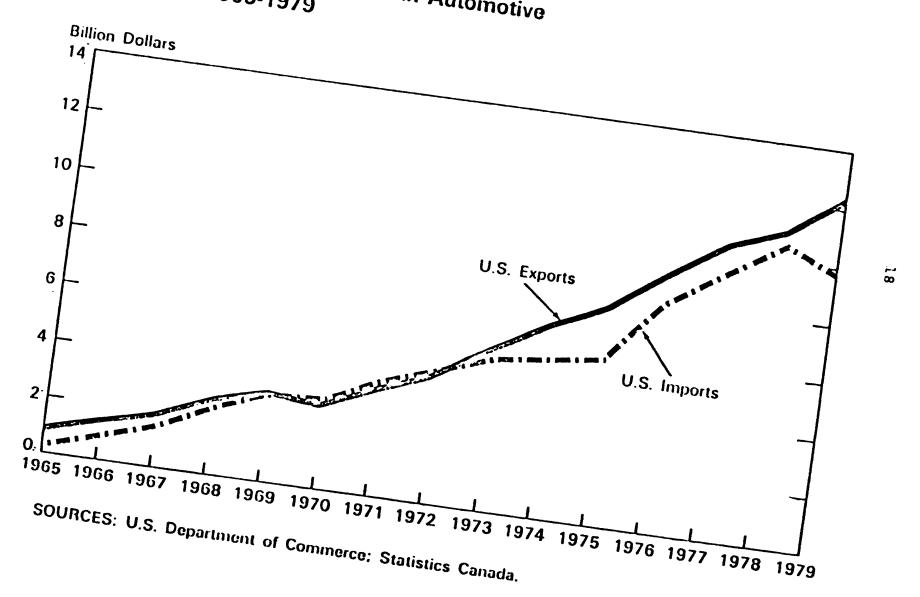
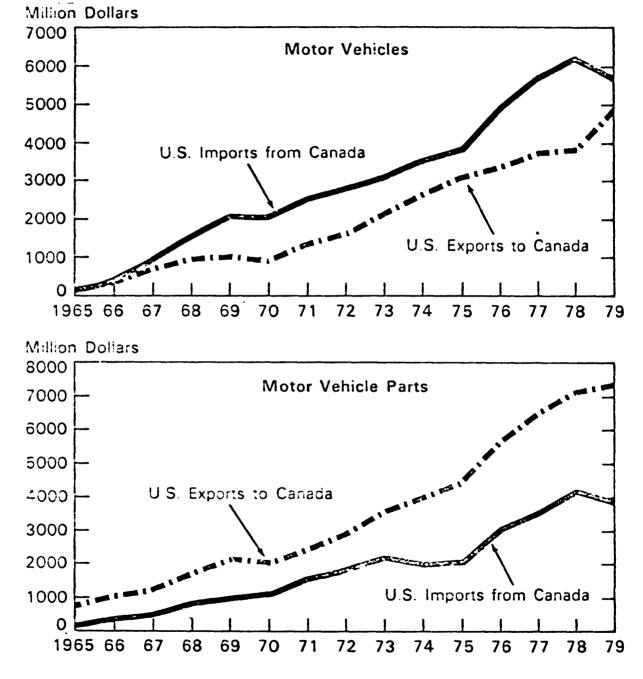


Chart 3
Trade in Automotive Products, United States and Canada, 1965-1979



SOURCES: U.S. Department of Commerce; Statistics Canada.

AUTOMOTIVE TRADE STATISTICS

A series of consultations in 1970 between government statistical experts from both the United States and Canada led to an agreement that a cooperative effort was necessary to prepare a complete accounting of automotive products trade. Neither U.S. nor Canadian export statistics are sufficiently detailed to reflect accurately all trade covered by the Agreement, particularly in components that are not exclusively automotive (e.g., pipe fittings, engine parts, fabric for seat covers, etc.). In addition, a joint U.S.-Canadian committee studying overall bilateral trade statistics found that a substantial amount of automotive products exports are never reported in the first place, due to slippages in submission and collection of documentation. $\frac{18}{}$ Therefore, the nations agreed that each would use its own import statistics (in which all products eligible for duty-free treatment are broken out separately) to report imports and the other country's import statistics to report exports.

The study titled The Reconciliation of U.S.-Canada Statistics 1970, a Report by the U.S.-Canada Trade Statistics Committee, was published jointly by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, and Statistics Canada.

Tables A, B, and C (pages 14, 16, and 17) were prepared using the method described in the previous paragraph and represent the most accurate way of measuring trade under the Automotive Products Agreement.

The U.S. imports for 1974 through 1979 in Tables A, B and C were compiled using free alongside ship (f.a.s.) import values as now published by the Bureau of the Census. Prior to 1974, the U.S. transaction of f.a.s. values for imports were calculated from unpublished data collected by the Bureau of the Census. The f.a.s. values are not comparable to the frequently used "customs value basis" import statistics, in which imports are valued at prices constructed by the Bureau of Customs for duty purposes.

U.S. AUTOMOTIVE PPODUCTS TRADE WITH COUNTRIES OTHER THAN CANADA

The statistics used in the tables covering automotive products trade with countries other than Canada are based entirely on Bureau of the Census statistics. Consequently, the figures from Tables 12, 13 and $14\frac{19}{}$ used in this section are not comparable with data given on U.S.-Canadian trade in automotive products in Table A on page 14.

U.S. imports in 1979 of automotive products from countries other than Canada comprised 63 percent of all automotive products imports, up from 58 percent in 1978. The value of the imports (excluding Canada) reached \$15.9 billion,

Table 14, page 53

^{19/} Table 12, page 51 Table 13, page 52

an 18 percent increase over 1978. The increase, though not as large as the 38 percent rise in 1978, contrasts sharply with the declines in imports from Canada and in U.S. production.

Japan is the largest supplier to the United States, originating 36 percent of total 1979 imports. Germany, the next largest supplier, originated 16 percent.

The identification of parts imports, excluding Canada, for assembly or parts for maintenance and repair is not possible in the statistical data. However, the proportion of parts for assembly is estimated to be relatively small. Developments in recent years - including opening of the Volkswagen plant in Pennsylvania - are probably contributing to a modest but growing volume of parts for assembly. As a proportion of total automotive products imports, excluding Canada, parts are trending upward. Since 1965, the proportion has approximately doubled, from 9 percent to 20 percent.

Exports of automotive products to all countries except

Canada rose 16 percent to \$6.1 billion in 1979. Car exports

rose 37 percent; truck exports 7 percent; and parts 14 percent.

Mexico remained the largest export market, taking \$1 billion

or 17 percent of U.S. exports to all countries except Canada. 20/

In 1979, Saudi Arabia displaced Venezuela as the second largest

export market, taking imports valued at \$603 million compared

to Venezuela's \$465 million.

20/ Table 13, page 52

Automotive products in 1979 were 9 percent of total exports of all commodities, down from 10 percent in 1978. Imports of automotive products in 1979 were 12 percent of total commodity imports, down from 14 percent in 1978. $\frac{21}{}$

CANADIAN AUTOMOTIVE TRADE WITH COUNTRIES OTHER THAN THE UNITED STATES

Canadian exports of automotive products to countries other than the United States were valued at \$850 million in 1979, a 5 percent decline from 1978, and amounted to 8 percent of total Canadian automotive exports. $\frac{22}{}$ Excluding the U.S., exports of vehicles in 1979 amounted to \$478 million, a 23 percent decline over the previous year. Australia remained the largest single overseas market, taking \$75 million or 7 percent of the total in $1979.\frac{23}{}$

Canada's 1979 imports of \$984 million of automotive products from countries other than the United States were 9 percent below 1978. A 37 percent increase in the imports of parts to \$272 million was more than offset by a decline in motor vehicle imports from \$884 million in 1978 to \$712 million in 1979.

Japan and West Cermany are the largest overseas suppliers of automotive products to Canada and in 1979 together they furnished 68 percent of imports.

Table 15, page 94

Table 18, page 57 Table 16, page 55

CHANGES IN THE AGREEMENT

No formal negotiations concerning the Agreement took
place between the United States and Canada during 1979. The
general economic issues of the relative health and productivity
of their respective sectors of the North American Automotive
Industry remain part of continuing discussions between U.S.
and Canadian officials.

ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE

The Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965 provided special adjustment assistance procedures for individual United States firms or groups of workers dislocated primarily because of the operation of the Agreement. These provisions expired June 30, 1968. Prior to the expiration of these provisions, petitions for adjustment assistance were filed by 21 groups of workers. Certifications were issued in 14 cases and weekly allowance payments totaling about \$4.1 million were made to approximately 1,950 workers.

GENERAL AGREEMENT ON TARIFFS AND TRADE WAIVER

Article I of the Ceneral Agreement on Tariffs and Trade provides for the extension of unconditional most-favored-nation treatment with respect to customs duties levied on products imported from the CATT contracting parties. Under the Automotive Products Agreement certain automotive products are allowed duty-free entry into the United States only when imported from Canada. It was, therefore, necessary for the United States to obtain a waiver of its GATT obligations to

the extent required to put the Agreement into effect. The waiver, approved on December 20, 1965, provided for an annual report, a review by the CATT contracting parties after two years, and, if necessary, biennially thereafter. The U.S. reports to GATT have been based on the Annual Peports by the President to Congress on the Operation of the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965.

The waiver provides for consultations between the United States and any contracting party which believes that elimination of the U.S. customs duties on imports of an automotive product from Canada has created a significant diversion of U.S. imports of that automotive product from the requesting country. No request for such consultations has been received by the United States.

"BONA FIDE" MOTOR VEHICLE MANUFACTURERS

Under the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965, imports of Canadian original motor vehicle equipment will be duty-free when made pursuant to an order, contract, or letter of intent from a bona fide motor vehicle manufacturer in the United States. The Act defines such a manufacturer as a person who, upon application to the Secretary of Commerce, is determined by the Secretary to have produced no fewer than 15 complete motor vehicles in the United States during the previous 12 months and to have installed capacity in the United States to produce 10 or more complete motor vehicles per 40-hour week.

The Secretary of Commerce has delegated this responsibility to the Director, Bureau of Industrial Economics. Rules and

Regulations published in Part 615, Chapter VI, Title 15 of the Code of Federal Regulations outline procedures for filing by motor vehicle manufacturers. They also provide for preparation, maintenance, and publication of a list of these manufacturers.

These rules and regulations state that a person shall be regarded as having the capacity to produce a complete motor vehicle only if the operations include the assembly of two or more major components (e.g., the attachment of a body to a chassis) to create a new motor vehicle ready for use.

As of May 1, 1980, a total of 255 U.S. manufacturers were certified as "bona fide motor vehicle manufacturers." 24/ Certification of a manufacturer is valid for a 12-month period from the date the Secretary determines the manufacturer is qualified, and is renewable. The certified manufacturers are engaged in one or more of the following types of business: (1) manufacture of motor vehicles, including motor vehicle chassis; (2) manufacture and installation of motor vehicle bodies, and other motor vehicle equipment on new chassis; and (3) installation of motor vehicle bodies, trailer hitches known as fifth wheels, and other motor vehicle equipment on new chassis.

The manufacturers are located in 42 states with Ohio,
Michigan, New Jersey, Illinois, Indiana, New York, and Pennsylvania
leading the list in numbers of establishments.

The Covernment of Canada lists 83 Canadian firms that, as of June 1980, are considered to be motor vehicle manufacturers. $\frac{25}{}$

^{24/} Appendix D, page 71

^{25/} Appendix E, page 84

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TABLE 1.--RETAIL SALES OF MOTOR VEHICLES, 1965 and 1970-79

SALES IN UNITED STATES (Thousands of Units)

		Automob	iles		Trucks		
Year	North American Type	Overseas Import Type	Total	North American Type	Overseas Import Type	Total	Total Vehicles
1965	8,763	569	9,332	1,539	44	1,583	10,915
1970	7,120	1,285	8,405	1,746	65	1,811	10,216
1971	8,681	1,570	10,251	2,011	85	2,096	12,347
1972	9,327	1,623	10,950	2,486	143	2,632	13,575
1973	9,676	1,763	11,439	2,916	228	3,144	14,593
1974	7,454	1,413	8,867	2,512	171	2,683	11,550
1975	7,053	1,587	8,640	2,249	231	2,480	11,120
1976	8,611	1,498	10,109	2,944	237	3,181	13,290
1977	9,109	2,075	11,184	3,353	323	3,676	14,860
1978	9,312	2,000	11,312	3,773	336	4,109	15,421
1979	2,328	2,330	10,653	3,010	469	3,479	14,137

Source: Motor Vehicle Manufacturers Association and Ward's Reports

SALES IN CANADA (Thousands of Units)

		Automobile	s		Trucks		
Year	North American Type	Overseas Import Type	Total	North American Type	Overseas Import Type	Total	Total Vehicles
1965	634	75	709	120	2	122	831
1970	497	143	640	125	9	134	774
1971	592	188	780	147	13	160	940
1972	654	205	859	190	17	207	1,066
1973	783	188	971	235	20	256	1,227
1974	797	146	943	288	19	307	1,249
1975	836	154	989	310	17	327	1,317
1976	793	153	946	331	14	345	1,291
1977	798	194	991	338	16	354	1,345
1978	816	173	989	364	13	377	1,366
1979	364	139	1,003	381	12	393	1,396

Source: Statistics Canada

TABLE 2.--U.S. MOTOR VEHICLE PRODUCTION, CALENDAR YEARS 1965 and 1970-79
(Thousands of Units)

Year	Passenger cars	Trucks and buses	Total
1965	9,335.2	1,802.6	11,137.8
1970	6,550.1	1,733.8	8,283.9
1971	8,583.7	2,088.0	10,671.7
1972	8,828.2	2,482.5	11,310.7
1973	9,667.1	3,014.4	12,681.5
1974	7,324.5	2,746.5	10,071.0
1975	6,716.9	2,269.6	8,986.5
1976	8,497.9	2,999.7	11,497.6
1977	9,213.6	3,489.1	12,702.8
1.978	9,176.6	3,722.6	12,891.7
1979	8,434.1	3,046.6	11,480.7

Source: Motor Vehicle Manufacturers Association

TABLE 3.--CANADIAN MOTOR VEHICLE PRODUCTION, CALENDAR YEARS 1965 and 1970-79

(Thousands of Units)

Year	Passenger cars	Trucks and buses	Total
1965	706.8	139.8	846.2
1970	923.4	236.1	1,159.5
1971	1,083.2	263.6	1,346.8
1972	1,154.5	319.9	1,474.4
1973	1,227.5	347.4	1,574.9
1974	1,165.6	361.7	1,527.3
1975	1,044.8	379.2	1,424.5
1976	1,137.3	502.8	1,640.1
1977	1,162.5	612.9	1,775.4
1978	1,139.6	677.9	1,817.5
1979	987.7	644.0	1,631.7

Source: Statistics Canada

TABLE 4.--PRICE INDEXES FOR AUTOMOTIVE EQUIPMENT
IN THE UNITED STATES
Annual average 1965 and 1970-79 (1967=100)

	Produc	Producer price index				
Year	Passenge r cars	Motor Trucks	Motor vehicle parts	New passenger cars		
1965	100.1	97.5		100.0		
1970	106.6	110.9	112.9	107.6		
1971	112.2	118.5	120.2	112.0		
1972	114.9	121.1	126.0	111.0		
1973	115.4	123.0	127.5	111.1		
1974	123.1	136.9	143.8	117.5		
1975	134.2	152.4	172.8	127.6		
976	142.2	164.6	182.7	135.7		
1977	150.6	177.5	195.6	142.9		
1978	161.6	193.4	208.6	153.8		
1979	174.3	210.7	225.4	166.0		

^{1/} The index for "motor vehicle parts" was first computed in 1967. Comparable data for earlier years are not available.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor

TABLE 5.--PRICE INDEXES FOR AUTOMOTIVE EQUIPMENT IN CANADA
Annual average 1965 and 1970-79 (1967=100)

	Industrial selling price index1/						
Year	Passenger	Passenger cars <u>2</u> /			Motor vehicle,		
	Total 3/	Hardtop	4-door sedan	trucks	parts and accessories	passenger cars	
1963		100.4	101.0	99.6	98.1	100.3	
1970		101.6	104.2	107.9	105.8	104.2	
1971	100.0	103.6	105.8	113.6	167.3	107.9	
1972	101.7	105.5	107.8	116.3	109.9	110.1	
1973	100.7			117.9	113.4	110.5	
1974	106.8			129.9	123.3	118.4	
1975	114.2			143.0	140.7	126.0	
1976	117.3			153.5	153.6	133.1	
1977	126.4			167.8	169.1	142.1	
1978	136.6			185.6	187.7	154.7	
1979	$153.1\frac{4}{}$			$209.3\frac{4}{}$	202.34/	173.4	

^{1/} The industrial selling price indexes were revised in 1969 and in 1976. The classification shown here is the new series. 1965 is not entirely comparable with late data.

Source: Statistics Canada

^{2/} The average index for passenger cars was introduced in January 1971; the indexes for individual passenger car models were discontinued in October 1973.

^{3 1971=100}

⁴ Freliminary

TABLE 6.--PRICE OF TYPICAL MODEL, SUBCOMPACT 2-DOOR SEDAN WITH COMPARABLE STANDARD EQUIPMENT IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA, MODEL YEARS, 1978-1980

	Price in United States dollars	Price in Canada		Canadian Price Differential Over (under) U.S. Price	
		Canadian dollars	United States dollars 3	Amount U.S. dollars	Percent
1978 Model Introduction					
Factory List Price	3,347	3,481	3,168	(179)	(5.3)
Sales/Excise Tax I/	5,5	355	323	316	(000)
Manufacturer's suggeste	ed				
retail price $\frac{2}{}$	3,354	3,836	3,491	137	4.1
979 Model Introduction					
Factory List Price	3,787	3,947	3,337	(450)	(11.9)
Sales/Excise Tax $\frac{1}{2}$	•	413	349	342	
Manufacturer's suggeste	ed				
retail price $2/$	3,794	4,360	3,686	(108)	(2.8)
.980 Model Introduction					
Factory List Price	4,282	4,568	3,887	(395)	(9.2)
Sales/Excise Tax $1/$	•	361	307	300	, ,
Manufacturer's suggester retail price 2	4,289	4,929	4,194	(95)	(2.2)

^{1/} Canadian sales tax; U.S. excise tax on passenger cars and light trucks repealed as of Aug.

^{2/} Manufacturer's suggested retail price includes factory list price, sales tax or excise tax including that on tires and tube and dealer delivery and handling, but excludes destination charges, state and local taxes, license and title fees.

^{3/} Based on conversion rates: \$ C.100 = \$ U.S. Model years 1978, 0.91010; 1979, 0.84546; 1980, 0.85084

TABLE 7.--PRICE OF TYPICAL POPULAR MODEL; 4-DOOR SEDAN, WITH COMPARABLE STANDARD EQUIPMENT IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA, MODEL YEARS 1978-1980

	Price in United States	nited .		Canadian Price Differential over (under) U.S. Price	
	dollars	Canadian dollars	United States dollars <u>3</u> /	Amount U.S. dollars	Percent Percent
1978 Model Introduction					
Factory List Price Sales/Excise Tax 1/ Manufacturer's suggested	3,845	4,126 409	3,755 372	(90) 364	(2.3)
retail price 2	3,853	4,535	4,127	274	7.1
1979 Model Introduction					
Factory List Price Sales/Excise Tax 1/ Manufacturers's suggested	4,049	4, 467 428	3,777 362	(<i>2</i> 72) 354	(6.7)
retail price2/	4,057	4,895	4,139	82	2.0
1980 Model Introduction					
Factory List Price Sales/Excise Tax 1/ Manufacturer's suggested	4,839	5,495 370	4,675 315	(164) 307	(3.4)
retail price 2/	4,847	5,865	4,990	143	2.9

1/ Canadian sales tax; U.S. excise tax on passenger cars and light trucks, repealed as of Aug. 15, 1971.

2/ Manufacturer's suggested retail price includes factory list price, sales tax or excise tax including that on tires and tubes and dealer delivery and handling, but excludes destination charges, state and local taxes, license and title fees.

3/ Based on conversion rates: \$C 1.00 = \$ U.S. Model years; 1978, 0.91010; 1979, 0.81546; 1980, 0.85084

TABLE 8.--PRICE OF TYPICAL POPULAR MODEL, 2-DOOR SEDAN, 8 CYCLINDER WITH COMPARABLE STANDARD FOULPMENT IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA, MODEL YEARS, 1977-1979

	Price in United States	Price i	n Canada	Canadian Price over (under)	Differential U.S. Price
	dollars	Canadian dollars	United States dollars	Amount U.S. dollars	Percent
1977 Model Introduction Factory List Price Sales/Excise Tax	12,084	13,351 1,214	12,151 1,150	67 1,072	0.6
Manufacturer's suggested retail price <u>2</u> /	12,132	14,565	13,255	1,123	9.3
1979 Model Introduction Factory List Price Sales/Excise Tax 1/ Manufacturer's suggested	13,087	14,961 1,449	12,649 1,225	(438) 1,210 722	(3.3)
retail price 2/ 1980 Model Introduction Factory List Price Sales/Excise Tax 1/	13,102	16,410 19,196 1,264	13,874 16,333 1,075	328 1,059	2.0
Manufacturer's suggested retail price 2/	16,021	20,460	17,408	1,387	8.7

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ Canadian sales tax; U.S. excise tax on passenger cars and light trucks repealed as of Aug. 15, 1971.

3/ Based on conversion rates: \$C 1.00 = \$U.S. Model years 1978, 0.91010; 1979, 0.84546; 1980 0.85084

^{2/} Manufacturer's suggested retail price includes factory list price, sales tax or excise tax including that on tires and tubes and dealer delivery and handling, but excludes destination charges, state and local taxes, license and title fees.

TABLE 9.--TOTAL EMPLOYMENT IN THE U.S. AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS INDUSTRY BASED ON U.S. 1972 STANDARD INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION (SIC), ANNUAL AVERAGE 1972-79

(Thousands of Employees)

YEAR	Total Motor Vehicles and Equipment (SIC 371)	Motor Vehicles (SIC 3711)	Trucks and Bus Bodies (SIC 3713)	Parts & Accessories (SIC 3714)	Automotive Stampings (SIC 3465)
Annual Average					
1972	874.8	415.2	46.1	383.0	104.5
1973	976.5	461.6	51.3	429.9	110.9
1974	907.7	416.2	54.8	402.7	95.5
1975	792.4	375.3	45.5	352.5	82.1
1976	881.0	415.9	43.7	399.0	99.5
1977	942.0	443.0	45.8	426.5	110.7
1978	977.2	463.3	46.1	455.8	116.1
1979	982.8	444.2	48.0	456.5	108.5

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

TABLE 10.--TOTAL EMPLOYMENT IN CANADIAN AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS INDUSTRY BASED ON CANADIAN STANDARD INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION (SIC) ANNUAL AVERAGE 1972-79 1

Year		Estimated employment $2/$ (Thousands of Employees)				
	Motor Vehicles (SIC 323-5)	Assembling (SIC 323)	Parts & Accessories (SIC 325			
nnual avera	ige:					
.972	97.5	41.9	41.4			
.973	108.8	45.2	48.8			
.974	108.2	47.1	45.9			
.975	99.0	43.4	41.2			
976	106.8	46.6	46.2			
.977	111.8	50.8	48.5			
.978	116.4	52.6	51.2			
979 <u>3</u> /	115.7	52.9	49.0			

^{1/} Establishments with 20 or more workers.

^{2/} The employment figures in this table are estimates based on Statistics Canada's employment indexes.

^{3/} Preliminary

LE 11.--FAS VALUE OF CANADIAN MOTOR VEH. LES AND ORIGINAL MOTOR VEHICLE EQUIPMENT (CANADIAN ARTICLES) IMPORTED DUTY-FREE FROM CANADA INTO THE UNITED STATES UNDER THE AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS TRADE ACT OF 1965 (APTA), BY TUSUA NUMBER 1977-1979

(Thousands of US Dollars)

TSUSA Number	Commodity	1977	19781/	1979	
	MOTOR VEHICLES				
692.0300	Automobile trucks valued at \$1,000 or more each, but not including electric buses, 3-wheeler vehicles, or trailers	1,056,661			
	accompanying automobile truck tractors.				
692.0310	Automobile trucks, exc. truck tractors, gascline		1,555,107	1,076,810	
692.0320	Automobile trucks, exc.truck tractors, diesel		191,579	230,074	
692.0330	Automobile truck tractors gasoline		3,750	44,511	3 9
692.0350	Automobile truck tractor exc. gasoline (diesel)		12,392	11,561	
692.0700	Motorbuses, but not including any electric trolley bus or three-wheeled vehicle	19,778			
692.0720	Motor buses, gasoline		35,241	60,554	
692.0740	Motor buses, exc gasoline		10,346	41,486	
692.1120	On-the highway, 4-wheeled passenger automobiles, new	3,782,037			
692.1110	Four Wheel Passenger cars, new not over 4 cyl		123,686	278,582	

Table ... CONTINUED

TSUSA Number (APTA)	Commodity	1977	1978	1979
692.1115	Four-wheel passenger cars, new, not over 6 cyl		974.097	966,813
692.1130	Four Wheel Passenger cars, new, over 6 cyl		3,003,941	2,446,051
692.1135	Four Wheel Passenger cars, new NSPF		162	1,291
692.1140	On-the-highway, four-wheeled automobiles, used	214	6,903	1,193
692.1160	Vehicles which operate in whole or in part on runners or skis	23,442	37,354	53,750
692.1180	Motor vehicles, n.e.s., exc.motor-cycles	4,001	49,207	117,959
692.2100	Chassis for automobile trucks & motor buses except for electric trolley buses or 3-wheeled vehicles	700,522		
692.2170	Chassis for motor buses		523	707
692.2180	Chassis, other		105,566	248,830
692.2300	Other chassis except chassis for special purpose vehicles or three-wheele vehicles	ed 1,081		
692.2360	Chassis for pass auto APTA			1
692.2380	Chassis for motor vehicles n.s.p.f		1,796	3,276
692.2885	Chassis for truck tractors, gas		902	290
692.2888	Chassis for truck tractors, other		49,718	69,121
	Total duty-free passenger cars	3,782,351	4,108,789	3,693.929
	Total duty-free truck, bus, sp. veh	1,805,485	2,053,881	1,958,969
	Total duty-free motor vehicles	5,587,736	6,162,670	5,652,898

TAE 11. CONTINUED

TSUSA Number (APTA)	Commodity	1977	1978	1979	
207.0100	Articles of wood, n.s.p.f	67	3	9	
220.4600	Articles of cork	0	-	-	
220.4900	Cork disks, wafers etc., exc. tapered	-	2	46	
355.2700	Felt, batting, wadding	693	525	515	
357.9100	Hoses of veg. fiber	-	-	-	
357.9600	Hoses for liquids or gases, manmade	2,713	1,304	271	
358.0300	V-belts, textile fibers & rubber	209	50	122	
361.9000	Floor coverings and underlays, textile	1,934	3,286	5,276	
389.8000	Textile articles n.s.p.f	1,467	437	224	41
517.8200	Brushes for elec. generators, etc	304	353	182	
535.1500	Ceramic magnet & elec. wares n.e.c. Ceramic insulators	3	-	-	
540.7200	Glass fibers, bulk, pads, etc	21	41	19	
544.2000	Glass processed, n.e.s	16	-	400	

TABLE 11. CONTINUED

TSUSA Number (APTA)	Commodity	1977	1978	1979	
544.3200	Toughened glass, shaped or formed	33,486	31,860	26,103	
544.4200	Laminated glass,	24,783	21,008	20,825	
544.5200	Mirrors, not over 1 sq. ft. reflecting area	2,709	4,732	3,994	
544.5500	Mirrors over 1 sq. ft. reflecting area	8	1	40	
545.6200	Glass lens & filters and parts	56	15	41	
545.6400	Glass reflecting lenses, buttons n.e.s	3	3	15	
547.1600	Clock glass, curved surface, n.e.s	18	11	9	4.2
610.8100	Pipe & tube fittings, n.e.s	82	320	308	
613.1600	Pipe & tube fittings, copper	5	-	-	
613.1900	Pipe & tube fittings, other	155	162	158	
618.4800	Pipe, tubes, blanks & fittings of aluminum	2	28	10	
620.4700	Nickel pipe & tube fittings	5	477	-	
642.2100	Ropes, cables, etc. with fittings	5,224	6,368	4,837	

TABLE 11. CONTINUED

TSUSA Number (APTA)	Commodity	1977	1978	1979	
642.8800	Wire cloth other than copper etc. cut to shape	33	26	49	
646,7900	Staples, rivets, bolts & other fasteners	39,317			
646.7910	Bolts, if Canadian article & orig. mtr. veh. equip		10,402	10	
646.7920	Nuts, if Canadian article & orig. mtr. veh. equip		9,098	13,952	
646.7930	Screws, if Canadian article & orig. mtr. veh. equip		21,259	19,259	
646.7940	Bolts, nuts, screws, etcn.s.p.f. Canadian art. for orig. MV equip		4,566	4,099	43
646.9300	Locks and padlocks, n.e.s	122	391	533	
647.0200	Hinges, fittings, mounting or iron, steel, alum. or zinc for mtr. veh	34,379	42,779	40,580	
647.0600	Other hinges, fittings & mountings.	377	494	693	
652.1000	Flex metal hose or tubing	731	1,799	2,030	
652.3900	Chains and parts of base metal	85	102	502	
652.7600	Sign plates, name plates, numbers, etc. of base metal	394	499	576	
652.8500	Springs & leaves for motor vehicle suspension	135,374	161,629	121,031	

TABLE ... CONTINUED

TSUSA Number (APTA)	Commodity	1977	1978	1979	
652.8700	Hairsprings	1		1	
652.8900	Other springs	12,809	8,897	11,691	
658.1000	Metal articles n.s.p.f	12,434	13,519	11,670	
660.4300	Piston type compression-ignitions engines	379		7,515	
660.4500	Piston type engines n.e.c	735,856	847,751	511,726	
660.4700	Non piston type engines	es es		2	
660.5100	Cast iron parts not advanced for internal combustion engines.	25,650	22,741	17,352	
660.5300	Parts of piston type engines other than compression ignition engines.	101,369	107,351	131,698	4.
660.5500	Parts internal combustion engine n.e.s	789	5,374	1,647	
660.8600	Non electric engines, motors & parts n.s.p.f	5	71	127	
660.9300	Fuel injection pumps for compression ignition engines and parts	195	34	447	
660.9500	Pumps for liquids n.e.s. and parts	18,407	23,022		
660.9800	Pumps for liquids n.e.s. and parts			29,325	
661.1100	Fans blowers and parts	21,315	21,505	15,751	
661.1300	Compressors and parts	250	506	269	
661.1600	Air pumps, vacuum pumps and parts	4	20		
661.2100	Air conditioning machines and parts.	3,323	4,038	2,638	

TABLE CONTINUED

TSUSA Number (APTA)	Commodity	1977	1978	1979	
661.3600	Refrig. and Refrig. equip			5	
661.9309	Other cast iron parts	2	55	93	
661.9600	Other parts for filtering machines n.e.s.	17	2	27	
662.3600	Piston pump sprays and parts	æ 	203	216	
662.5100	Other mechanical appliances n.e.s. for dispersing liquids	1,865	1,738	1,689	
664.1100	Material handling equip. n.e.s	7,574	11,250	11,665	
678.5100	Tape playing machines n.s.p.f. & parts	137	129	654	4
680.2100	Taps, cocks, valves and parts, copper	2	11	35	45
680.2300	Taps, cocks, valves and parts, other metal	10,639	10,264	8,592	
680.2800	Taps, cocks, valves and parts, other.	17,360	25,540	41,995	
680.3100	Anti friction balls and rollers	1,240	2,179	2,251	
680.3400	Ball bearings with integral shafts	2,236	4,005	4,310	
680.3620	Ball bearings	2,706	4,403	6,372	
680.3630	Parts of ball bearings	234	128	331	
680.3640	Tapered roller bearings		162	123	
680.3644	Tapered roller bearing cup assemblies		2,579	3,425	

Table I CONTINUED

TSUSA Number (APTA)	Commodity	1977	1978	1979	
680.3648	Tapered roller bearing cone assemblies.		4,845	4,310	
680.3650	Tapered roller bearing	4			
680.3652	Tapered roller bearing parts n.e.s		98	24	
680.3670	Other bearings		3,832	3,474	
680.5800	Lubrication fittings	7	13	157	
680.9100	Machinery parts not containing electrical features n.s.p.f	15	43	160	
682.6500	Generators, motors, and parts under 200 hp	4,593	6,340	6,241	46
682.7100	Permanent magnets	5	11		Ø
682.9100	Electro-magnetic couplings, etc	67	20	189	
683.1100	Lead acid type storage batteries	4,638	4,952	8,664	
683.1600	Other storage batteries and parts		5	116	
683.6100	Electrical starting and ignition equipment for internal combustion engines	5,725	5,871	9,172	
683.6600	Electrical lighting equip designed for motor vehicles and parts	3,797	6,326	7,164	
684.4100	Electric heaters and parts	2,273	3,215	4,500	

TABLE ! CONTINUED

TSUSA Number (APTA)	Commidity	1977	1978	1979	
684.7100	Microphones, loudspeakers etc	634	699	716	
685.5520	Radio receivers	23,486	30,184	40,583	
685.5540	Other radio receiving equip	6,349	8,224	7,448	
685.7100	Electric sound and visual signaling apparatus	4,075	3,517	4,630	
685.8100	Electrical capacitors fixed or variable	1,825	2,022	2,644	
685.9100	Electrical switches, relays, etc. parts	11,812	15,129	17,787	
686.1100	Resistors fixed or variable	3,186	3,963	2,885	47
686.2300	Automatic voltage regulators for 6, 12 and 24 volt systems	1	13	30	
686.6100	Sealed beam lamps	740	2,252	2,999	
686.8100	Electric filament lamps under 100 volts n.e.s	1,507	2,621	1,914	
687.6100	Television picture tubes n.e.s	11	61		
688.0500	Insulated electrical conductors without fittings	1	3		
688.1300	Ignition wiring sets	15,975	21,277	22,662	

TABLE 1 CONTINUED

692.2874

Number (APTA)	Commodity	1977	1978	1979	
688.1600	Insulated electrical conductors with fittings, other	5,189	8,591	10,063	
688.4100	Electrical articles & parts n.s.p.f	14	19	2,553	
692.2110	Bodies (incl.cabs) for auto trucks		183,767	118,014	
692.2120	Bodies (incl.cabs) for truck tractors		422	1,257	
692.2130	Bodies for motorbuses		18,712	33,973	
692.2320	Bodies for pass, automobiles		3		
692.2340	Bodies for motor vehicles n.s.p.f		487	830	
692.2500	Cast iron parts for motor vehicles not alloyed, not advanced	125	46	51	.4s. 00
692.2810	Body stampings	5,295	9,249	8,493	
692.2820	Bumpers	64,078	46,915	33,768	
692.2830	Wheels designed to be mounted with pneumatic tires	91,148	91,058	83,640	
692.2840	Hubcaps and wheelcovers	13,221	5,678	12,220	
692.2850	Radiators	53,457	50,618	38,441	
692.2860	Mufflers & tailpipes	17,782	21,712	22,995	
692.2870	Other, incl. truck tractors	1,422,432			
692.2872	Brakes and parts		99,627	156,982	

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Transmissions for trucks and buses...

TABLE 11 YOUTINUED

TSUSA Number (APTA)	Commodity	1977	1978	1979	
692.2876	Transmissions for passenger auto	-	106,465	107,427	
692.2878	Transmissions for motor vehicles n.s.p.f		463	58	
692.2880	Shock asborbers for motor vehicles		7,061	6,829	
692.2890	Parts n.s.p.f. of motor vehicles		1,345,376	1,323,723	
711.8500	Pressure gauges, thermostats, etc	6,172	8,213	5,331	
711.9100	Taximeters and Parts			4	
711.9900	Speedometers and parts	96 8	332	328	
712.5100	Test record measuring instruments	458	316	10,938	
721.200 0	Clocks, clock movements and parts	79 8	629	379	
727.0700	Furniture for motor vehicles	181,956	203,076	201,414	9
728.3000	Non textile floor coverings	142	2		
745.8000	Buckles, buckle slides, fasteners and parts	1,123	2,806	119	
772.6600	Hose, pipe and tubing n.s.p.f. of rubber or plastic	5,467	9,013	11,351	
772.8100	Handles and knobs of rubber or plastic	5,875	6,633	6,855	
772.8600	Closures, including caps, lids, etc. of rubber or plastic	142	368	344	

TABLE 11. CONTINUED

TSUSA Number (APTA)	Commodity	1977	1978	1979	
773.2600	Gaskets of rubber or plastic	8,901	12,766	14,696	
773.3100	Electrical insulators of rubber or plastics	2,383	3,074	1,867	
774.7000	Articles n.s.p.f. of rubber or plastics	10,014	14,407	14,602	
791.9100	Other leather articles n.s.p.f	120		31	
	Total duty-free parts	3,279,956	3,825,029	3,476,061	50
	2/Grand total of all duty-free motor vehicles and parts	8,867,692	9,987,699	9,128,959	

^{1/} TSUSA numbers revised 1978

 $[\]underline{2}$ / Figures may not add due to rounding

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TABLE 12.--U.S. AUTOMOTIVE TRADE 1/ TOTAL WITH ALL COUNTRIES, WITH CANADA, AND WITH ALL COUNTRIES EXCEPT
CANADA 1977-1979

(Millions of U.S. Dollars)

LTEM MITI	Trade w	ith all co	ountrie s	Trade w	ith Canad	la 2/	Trade with all countries except Canada			
	1977	1978	1979	1977	1978	1979	1977	1978	1979	
U.S. Exports:										
Passenger cars	3,268	3,573	4,611	2,762	2,617	3,289	866	965	1,323	
Truck, buses and chassis	2,192	2,610	3,105	905	1,065	1,456	1,287	1,545	1,649	
Parts and accessories	6,744	8,288	8,394	4,805	5,586	5,318	1,939	2,702	3,076	
TOTAL Exports	12,564	14,471	16,110	8,472	9,268	10,062	4,092	5,203	6,048	
U.S. Imports:										
Passenger cars	10,647	13,674	14,842	3,795	4,129	3,707	6,852	9,545	11,135	
Truck, buses and chassis	2,632	3,678	3,549	1,841	2,036	1,798	791	1,642	1,571	
Parts and accessories	5,293	6,086	6,754	3,147	3,729	3,544	2,146	2,357	3,210	
ΤυΤΛΙ, liaports	18,572	23,438	25,145	8,782	9,894	9,229	9,789	13,544	15,916	
U.S. Net Exports (-) 3/	(6,008)	(8,697)	(9,035)	(311)	(626)	83?	(5,697)	(8,341)	(9,868)	

^{1/} The figures are not all inclusive inasmuch as some automotive products as well as other items destined for automotive use are not separately delineated in U.S. trade classification systems and, therefore, are not separately available in U.S. foreign trade statistics. Exports and imports of tires and tubes are not included. Figures may not add to totals due to rounding. Import values are P.A.S. values.

^{2/} The purpose of this table is to compare U.S. automotive trade balance with Canada and with the rest of the World. Therefore, imports of automotive products newly identified by the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965 (APTA) are not included because similar items are not identifiable in the statistics of imports from other countries. See Table 14 for totals of these new APTA items from Canada.

The net balance shown for U.S. automotive trade with Canada in the above table is the most representative figure possible on the basis of U.S. trade statistics. However, see discussion of U.S.-Canada automotive trade statistics in Section II.

Source: Bureau of the Census.

TABLE 13.--U.S. AUTOMOTIVE EXPORTS 1/ CALENDAR YEARS 1977-1979 (Millions of U.S. Dollars)

Country of	Passeng	er cars		Trucks	and buses	1	Parts a	ind access	ories	Total	exports	
Destination	1977	1978	1979	1977	1978	1979	1977	1978	1979	1977	1978	1979
Canada	2,762	2,617	3,288	904	1,065	1,456	4,805	5,586	5,318	8,472	9,268	10,062
Belgium and	-	-	•		-	-	-	•	-	-	•	-
Luxembourg	22	45	91	5	14	10	81	99	107	109	158	208
West Germany	48	85	142	12	25	38	90	132	134	149	242	314
United Kingdom	8	10	15	22	22	30	107	141	154	136	173	199
Japan	90	91	117	3	18	21	52	88	70	145	197	208
Mexico	119	75	20	42	61	99	351	640	906	512	776	1,025
Kuwait	102	96	15 8	5 6	45	39	20	35	48	178	176	243
Saudi Arabia	111	176	245	196	240	238	76	112	119	383	528	602
Colombia	8	17	16	52	81	112	156	98	104	116	196	232
Venezuela	93	60	57	165	239	139	188	280	269	447	579	465
Australia	1	1	3	30	40	47	137	149	210	168	190	260
Other countries	255	300	459	705	760	876	781	928	957	1,749	1,989	2,292
JATOT	3,668	3,575	4,611	2,236	2,610	3,105	6,821	8,288	8,394	2,721	14,471	16,110

^{1/} The figures are not all inclusive inasmuch as some automotive products as well as other items destined for automotive use are not separately delineated in U.S. trade classification systems and, therefore, are not separately available in U.S. foreign trade statistics. Exports of tires and tubes are not included. Figures may not add to totals because of rounding.

TABLE 14.--U.S. AUTOMOTIVE IMPORTS 3/ CALENDAR YEARS 1977-1979 (Millions of U.S. Dollars)

Country of	Pa	assenger o	cars	Truc	ks and bu	SCS	Pa	rts and a	ccessories	To	tal imports	3
Origin	1977	1978	1979	1977	1978	1979	1977	1978	1979	1977	1978	1979
Canada												
Traditional												
automotive 1/	3,795	4,129	3,707	1,841	2,036	1,978	3,147	3,729	3,544	8,783	9,894	9,229
New APTA 2/	•		•	-	· -		349	431	287	349	431	287
Total	3,795	4,129	3,707	1,841	2,036	1,978	3,496	4,160	3,831	9,132	10,325	9,516
France	69	96	119	_	-	1	92	174	236	161	270	356
West Germany	2,233	2,793	3,212	5	50	23	301	612	764	2,539	3,455	3,999
Italy	190	274	378	1	-	-	20	27	44	211	301	422
Sweden	199	317	429	4	10	14	12	15	24	215	342	467
United Kingdom	252	310	320	3	35	12	73	123	210	338	148	542
Japan	3,890	5,736	6,665	754 24	1,308	1,458	1,066	948	1,086	5,710	7,992	9,209
Other countries	19	19	12	24	55	63	582	213	846	625	285	921
Total	10,647	13,674	14,842	2,632	3,678	3,549	5,642	6,086	7,041	18,921	23,438	25,432

 $[\]underline{1}$ / Traditional automotive imports from Canada include those imports identifiable as automotive products in import figure from all countries.

Note: Figures may not add to total because of rounding

Source: Bureau of the Census.

^{2/} New APTA imports include those imports from Canada which were newly identified by the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965 as automotive products. These items cannot be identified as automotive in the import data for any other country or in the U.S. export data.

^{3/} F.A.S. Values.

TABLE 15.--TOTAL U.S. TRADE $\frac{1}{}$ (ALL COMMODITIES) WITH THE WORLD AND WITH CANADA, CALENDAR YEAR 1965 and 1977-79

	1965	1977	1978	1979
Exports, including reexports	· :	anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-		
To all countries, total To Canada Canada's percent of total	27,630 5,658 19.9	121,242 25,788 21.3	143,660 28,372 19.7	181,802 33,096 18.2
Imports, general:				
From all countries, total From Canada, total Canada's percent of total	21,429 4,858 22.7	146,670 29,599 20.2	171,978 33,525 19.5	206,327 38,099 18.5

^{1/} Including special category. F.A.S. values, 1977-1979.

Source: Bureau of the Census.

TABLE 16.--CANADIAN AUTOMOTIVE EXPORTS, CALENDAR YEARS 1977-19792/ (Millions of U.S. Dollars) 1/

Country of Destination	Passen	qer cars		Truck &	buse s		Parts &	accessor	ies	Ŧc	tal	
	1977	1978	1979	1977	1978	1979	1977	1978	1979	1977	1978	1979
United States	3,883	4,051	3,330	1,934	2,383	2,439	3,229	3,657	13,452	9,046	10,092	9,221
dest Germany	6	9	7	-	-	1	4	6	7	10	16	15
United Kingdom	1	1	1	-	1	2	4	5	6	5	8	9
Sweden	1	-	-	3	3	3	4	5	7	8	8	11
South Africa	-	-	-	18	15	5	3	12	12	21	27	17
dest Indies	. 4	1	2	-	1	1	2	4	3	6	5	•
Australi a	-	-	-	23	6	8	52	50	67	75	56	79
All other countries	316	393	297	210	193	151	108	÷191	270	633	776	717
TOTAL.	4,211	4,456	3,638	2,188	2,603	2,610	3,406	3,929	3,824	9,804	10,988	10,071

^{1/} Converted to U.S. dollars at the following exchange rates: 1977 US \$0.94112 = C \$1.00; for 1978 U.S. \$0.87729 = C \$1.00 for 1979 U.S. \$0.85386 = C \$1.00

Source: Statistics Canada

^{2/} Totals may not add due to rounding

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TABLE 17.--CANAIDAN AUTOMOTIVE IMPORTS, CALENDAR YEARS 1977-1973 $\frac{2}{}$ (Millions of U.S. Dollars) $\frac{1}{}$

Country of	_							_				
Origin		ger cars				& buses	Parts				Total	
	1977	1978	1979	1977	1978	1979	1977	1978	1979	1977	1978	1979
United States	2,668	2,665	3,199	1,069	1,173	1,681	6,261	6,772	6,908	9,993	10,610	11,789
West Germany	155	220	223	9	3	6	24	23	37	188	246	265
France	22	25	29	-	1	-	24	23	30	46	49	59
italy	6	12	13	-	1	1	1	2	3	8	15	16
United Kingdom	24	33	32	2	3	6	20	27	29	47	63	67
Sweden	3	13	13	2	3	3	30	40	40	36	56	56
Japan	288	403	218	108	155	151	26	36	35	423	594	403
All other countries	2	4	12	5	10	6	70	46	99	77	59	117
TOTAL.	3,169	3,374	3,738	1,191	1,349	1,854	6,457	6,970	7,181	10,817	11,693	12,773

^{1/} Converted to U.S. dollars at the following exchange rates: 1977 U.S.\$0.94112 = C \$1.00; for 1978 U.S. \$.87729 = C \$1.00: for 1979 U.S. \$0.85386 = C \$1.00

Source: Statistics Canada

^{2/} Totals may not add due to rounding

TABLE 18.--CANADIAN AUTOMOTIVE TRADE, TOTAL WITH ALL COUNTRIES, WITH UNITED STATES, AND WITH ALL OTHER COUNTRIES EXCEPT THE UNITED STATES 1977-19792/

(Millions of U.S. Dollars)

	Trade wit	h all Countr	ies	Trade w	ith United	States			ll Countries United States	
	1977	1978	1979	1977	1978	1979	1977	1978	1979	
Canadian exports:										
Passenger cars	4,210	4,456	3,638	3,883	4,051	3,330	328	404	308	
Trucks & buses	2,188	2,603	2,610	1,934	2,383	2,439	257	220	170	
Parts & accessories	3,405	3,929	3,824	3,229	3,657	3,452	177	272	37	
TOTAL	9,804	10,988	10,071	9,046	10,092	9,221	759	896	850	
Canadian imports:										
Passenger cars	3,169	3,374	3,738	2,668	2,665	3,199	501	70 9	539	
Trucks & buses	1,191	1,349	1,854	1,064	1,173	1,681	128	175	17	
Parts & accessories	6,457	6,970	7,181	6,261	6,772	6,908	195	199	273	
TOTAL.	10,817	11,693	12,773	9,993	10,610	11,789	824	1,083	98	
Canadian net									_	
Exports (-)	(1,012)	(705)	(2,702)	(946)	(518)	(2,568)	(66)	(187)	(134	

Converted to U.S. dollars, at the following exchange rates: 1977 U.S. \$0.94112 = C \$1.00; for 1978 the rate was U.S. \$.87729 = C \$1.00; for 1977 U.S. \$0.85386 = C \$1.00

Source: Statistics Canada

^{2/} Totals may not add due to rounding

v. APPENDIXES

APPENDIX A

AGREEMENT CONCERNING AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA

The Government of the United States of America and the Government of Canada.

Determined to strengthen the economic relations between their two countries; Recognizing that this can best be achieved through the stimulation of economic growth and through the expansion of markets available to producers in both countries within the framework of the established policy of both countries of promoting multilateral trade;

Recognizing that an expansion of trade can best be achieved through the reduction or elimination of tariff and all other barners to trade operating to impede or distort the full and efficient development of each country's trade and industrial

potential:

Recognizing the important place that the automotive industry occupies in the industrial economy of the two countries an the interests of industry, labor and consumers in sustaining high levels of efficient production and continued growth in the automotive industry;

Agreed as follows:

ARTICLE I

The Governments of the United States and Canada, pursuant to the above principles, shall seek the early achievement of the following objectives:

(a) The creation of a broader market for automotive products within which

the full benefits of specialization and large-scale production can be achieved:
(b) The liberalization of United States and Canadian automotive trade in respect of tariff barriers and other factors tending to impede it, with a view to enabling the industries of both countries to participate on a fair and equitable basis in the expanding total market of the two countries;

(c) The development of conditions in which market forces may operate effectively to attain the most ecomonic pattern of investment, production

and trade.

It shall be the policy of each Government to avoid actions which would frustrate the achievement of these objectives.

ARTICLE II

(a) The Government of Canada, not later than the entry into force of the legislation contemplated in paragraph (b) of this Article, shall accord duty-free treatment to imports of the products of the United States described in Annex A.

(b) The Government of the United States, during the session of the United States Congress commencing on January 4, 1965, shall seek enactment of legislation authorizing duty-free treatment of imports of the products of Canada described in Annex B. In seeking such legislation, the Government of the United States shall also seek authority permitting the implementation of such duty-free treatment retroactively to the earliest date administratively possible following the date upon which the Government of Canada has accorded duty-free treatment. Promptly after the entry into force of such legislation, the Government of the United States shall accord duty-free treatment to the products of Canada described in Annex B.

ARTICLE III

The commitments made by the two Governments in this Agreement shall not preclude action by either Government consistent with obligations under Part II of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trace.

ARTICLE IV

(a) At any time, at the request of either Government, the two Governments

shall consult with respect to any matter relating to this Agreement.

(b) Without limiting the foregoing, the two Governments shall, at the request of either Government, consult with respect to any problems which may arise concerning automotive producers in the United States which do not at present have facilities in Canada for the manufacture of motor vehicles, and with respect to the implications for the operation of this Agreement of new automotive producers becoming established in Canada.

(c) No later than January 1, 1968, the two Governments shall jointly undertake a comprehensive review of the progress made towards achieving the objectives set forth in Article I. During this review the Governments shall consider such further steps as may be necessary or desirable for the full achievement of these

objectives.

ARTICLE V

Access to the United States and Canadian markets provided for under this Agreement may by agreement be accorded on similar terms to other countries.

ARTICLE VI

This Agreement shall enter into force provisionally on the date of signature and definitively on the date upon which notes are exchanged between the two Governments giving notice that appropriate action in their respective legislatures has been completed.

ARTICLE VII

This Agreement shall, be of unlimited duration. Each Government shall however have the right to terminate this Agreement twelve months from the date on which that Government gives written notice to the other Government of its intention to terminate the Agreement.

In witness whereof the representatives of the two Governments have signed

this Agreement.

Done in duplicate at Johnson City, Texas, this 16th day of January 1965, in English and French, the two texts being equally authentic.

For the Government of the United States of America:

For the Government of Canada:

ANNEX A

1. (1) Automobiles; when imported by a manufacturer of automobiles.

(2) All parts, and accessories and parts thereof, except tires and tubes, when imported for use as original equipment in automobiles to be produced in Canada by a manufacturer of automobiles.

(3) Buses, when imported by a manufacturer of buses.

(4) All parts, and accessories and parts thereof, except tires and tubes, when imported for use as original equipment in buses to be produced in Canada by a manufacturer of buses.

(5) Specified commercial vehicles, when imported by a manufacturer of specified

commercial vehicles.

(6) All parts, and accessories and part thereof, except tires, tubes and any machines or other articles required under Canadian tariff item 438a to be valued separately under the tariff items regularly applicable thereto, when imported for use as original equipment in specified commercial vehicles to be produced in Canada by a manufacturer of specified commercial vehicles.

2. 1) "Automobile" means a four-wheeled passsenger automobile having a seat-

ing capacity for not more than ten persons:
2) "Base year" means the period of twelve months commencing on the 1st day

of August, 1963 and ending on the 31st day of July, 1964;

(3) "Bus" means a passenger motor vehicle having a seating capacity for more than 10 persons, or a chassis therefor, but does not include any following vehicle or chassis therefor, namely an electric trackless trolley bus, amphibious vehicle. tracked or half-tracked vehicle or motor vehicle designed primarily for off-

highway use:
(4) "Canadian value added" has the meaning assigned by regulations made under section 273 of the Canadian Customs Act:

(5) "Manufacturer" of vehicles of any following class, namely automobiles, buses or specified commercial vehicles, means, in relation to any importation of goods in respect of which the decription is relevant, a manufacturer that

(i) produced vehicles of that class in Canada in each of the four consecu-

tive three months' periods in the base year, and

(ii) produced vehicles of that class in Canada in the period of twelve months ending on the 31st day of July in which the importation is made,

(A) the ratio of the net sales value of which to the net sales value of all vehicles of that class sold for consumption in Canada by the manufacturer in that period is equal to or higher than the ratio of the net sales value of all vehicles of that class produced in Canada by the manufacturer in the base year to the net sales value of all vehicles of that class sold for consumption in Canada by the manufacturer in the base year, and is not in any case lower than seventy-five to one hundred; and (B) the Canadian value added of which is equal to or greater than than Canadian value added of all vehicles of that class produced in

Canada by the manufacturer in the base year;
(6) "Net sales value" has the meaning assigned by regulations made under

section 273 of the Canadian Customs Act; and
(7) "Specified commercial vehicle" means a motor truck, motor truck chassis, ambulance or chassis therefor, or hearse or chassis therefor, but does not include:

(a) any following vehicle or a chassis designed primarily therefor, namely a bus, electric trackless trolley bus, amphibious vehicle, tracked or halftracked vehicle, golf or invalid cart, straddle carrier, motor vehicle designed primarily for off-highway use, or motor venicle specially constructed and equipped to perform special services or functions, such as, but not limited to, a fire engine, mobile crane, wrecker, concrete mixer or mobile clinic, or

(b) any machine or other article required under Canadian tariff item 438a to be valued separately under the tariff item regularly applicable

thereto.

3. The Government of Canada may designate a manufacturer not falling within the categories set out above as being entitled to the benefit of duty-free treatment in respect of the goods described in this annex.

ANNEX B

(1) Motor vehicles for the transport of persons or articles as provided for in items 692.05 and 692.10 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States and chassis therefor, but not including electric trolley buses, three-wheeled vehicles, or trailers accompanying truck tractors, or chassis therefor.

(2) Fabricated components, not including trailers, tires, or tubes for tires, for use as original equipment in the manufacture of motor vehicles of the kinds

described in paragraph (1) above.

(3) Articles of the kinds described in paragraphs (1) and (2) above include such articles whether finished or unfinished but do not include any article produced with the use of materials imported into Canada which are products of any foreign country (except materials produced within the customs territory of the United States), if the aggregate value of such imported materials when landed at the Canadian port of entry, exclusive of any landing cost and Canadian duty, was-

(a) with regard to articles of the kinds described in paragraph (1), not including chassis, more than 60 percent until January 1, 1968, and thereafter more than 50 percent of the appraised customs value of the article imported

into the customs territory of the United States; and

(b) with regard to chassis of the kinds described in paragraph (1), and articles of the kinds described in paragraph (2), more than 50 percent of the appraised customs value of the article imported into the customs territory of the United States.

APPENDIX B

Public Law 89-283

89th Congress, H.R. 9042

October 21, 1965

AN ACT To provide for the implementation of the Agreement Concerning Automotive Products Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Canada, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—SHORT TITLE AND PURPOSES

SHORT TITLE

Section 101. This Act may be cited as the "Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965."

PURPOSES

SEC. 102. The purposes of this Act are-

(1) to provide for the implementation of the Agreement Concerning Automotive Products Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Canada signed on January 16, 1965 (hereinafter referred to as the "Agreement"), in order to strengthen the economic relations and expand trade in automotive products between the United States and Canada; and

(2) to authorize the implementation of such other international agreements providing for the mutual reduction or elimination of duties applicable to automotive products as the Government of the United States may hereafter enter into.

TITLE II—BASIC AUTHORITIES

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE AGREEMENT

Sec. 201. (a) The President is authorized to proclaim the modifications of the Tariff Schedules of the United States provided for in title IV of his Act.

(b) At any time after the issuance of the proclamation authorized by subsection (a), the President is authorized to proclaim further modifications of the Tariff Schedules of the United States to provide for the duty-free treatment of any Canadian article which is original motor-vehicle equipment (as defined by such Schedules as modified pursuant to subsection (a)) if he determines that the importation of such article, is actually or potentially of commercial significance and that such duty-free treatment is required to carry out the Agreement.

IMPLEMENTATION OF OTHER AGREEMENTS

Sec. 202. (a) Whenever, after determining that such an agreement will afford mutual trade benefits, the President enters into an agreement with the government of a country providing for the mutual elimination of the duties applicable to products of their respective countries which are motor vehicles and fabricated components intended for use as original equipment in the manufacture of such vehicles, the President (in accordance with subsection (d)) is authorized to proclaim such modifications of the Tariff Schedules of the United States as he determines to be required to carry out such agreement.

(b) Whenever, after having entered into an agreement with the government of a country providing for the mutual elimination of the duties applicable to products described in subsection (a), the President, after determining that such further agreement will afford mutual trade benefits, enters into a further agreement with such government providing for the mutual reduction or elimination

of the duties applicable to automotive products other than motor vehicles and fabricated components intended for use as original equipment in the manufacture of such vehicles, the President (in accordance with subsection (d)) is authorized to proclaim such modifications of the Tariff Schedules of the United States as he determines to be required to carry out such further agreement.

(c) Before the President enters into the negotiation of an agreement referred

to in subsection (a) or (b), he shall-

(1) seek the advice of the Tariff Commission as to the probable economic effect of the reduction or elimination of duties on industries producing articles like or directly competitive with those which may be covered by such agree-

(2) give reasonable public notice of his intention to negotiate such agreement (which notice shall be published in the Federal Register) in order that any interested person may have an opportunity to present his views to such agency as the President shall designate, under such rules and regulations as the President may prescribe; and

(3) seek information and advice with respect to such agreement from the Department of Commerce, Labor, State, and the Treasury, and from such

other sources as he may deem appropriate.

(d)(1) The President shall transmit to each House of the Congress a copy of each agreement referred to in subsection a) or (b). The delivery to both Houses shall be on the same day and shall be made to each House while it is in session.

(2) The President is authorized to issue any proclamation to carry out any such

(A) only after the expiration of the 60-day period following the date of delivery.

(B) only if, between the date of delivery and the expiration of such 60-day period, the Congress has not adopted a concurrent resolution stating in substance that the Senate and House of Representatives disapprove of the

agreement, and (C) in the case of any agreement referred to in subsection (b) with any country, only if there is in effect a proclamation implementing an agreement with such country applicable to products described in subsection (a).

(3) For purposes of paragraph (2) in the computation of the 60-day period there shall be excluded the days on which either House is not in session because of adjournment of more than 3 days to a day cortain or an adjournment of the Congress sine die.

(e) This section shall cease to be in effect on the day after the date of the

enactment of this Act.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF PROCLAMATIONS

Sec. 203. (a) Subject to subsection b), the President is authorized, notwithstanding section 514 of the Tariff Act of 1930 19 U.S.C., sec. 1514) or any other provision of law, to give retroactive effect to any proclamation i-sued pursuant to section 201 of this Act as of the earliest date after January 17, 1965, which he determines to be practicable.

(b) In the case of liquidated customs entries, the retroactive effect pursuant to subsection (a) of any proclamation shall apply only upon request therefor filed with the customs officer concerned on or before the 90th day after the date of such proclamation and subject to such other conditions as the President may

specify.

TERMINATION OF PROCLAMATIONS

Sec. 204. The President is authorized at any time to terminate, in whole or in part, any proclamation issued pursuant to section 201 or 202 of this Act.

SPECIAL REPORTS TO CONGRESS

SEC. 205. (a) No later than August 31, 1968, the President shall submit to the Senate and the House of Representatives a special report on the comprehensive review called for by Article IV(c) of the Agreement. In such report he shall advise the Congress of the progress made toward the achievement of the objectives of Article I of the Agreement.

(b) Whenever the President finds that any manufacturer has entered into any undertaking, by reason of governmental action, to increase the Canadian value added of automobiles, buses, specified commercial vehicles, or orginial equipment parts produced by such manufacturer in Canada after August 31, 1968, he shall report such finding to the Senate and the House of Representatives. The President shall also report whether such undertaking is additional to undertaking agreed to in letters of undertaking submitted by such manufacturer before the date of enactment of this Act.

(c) The reports provided for in subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall include recommendations for such further steps, including legislative action, if any, as may be necessary for the achievement of the purposes of the Agreement and this Act.

TITLE III—TARIFF ADJUSTMENT AND OTHER ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE

GENERAL AUTHORITY

SEC. 301. Subject to section 302 of this Act, a petition may be filed for tariff adjustment or for a determination of eligibility to apply for adjustment assistance under title III of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 (19 U.S.C., sec. 1901-1991) as though the reduction or elimination of a duty proclaimed by the President pursuant to section 201 or 202 of this Act were a concession granted under a trade agreement referred to in section 301 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962.

SPECIAL AUTHORITY DURING TRANSITIONAL PERIOD UNDER THE AGREEMENT

SEC. 302. (a) After the 90th day after the date of the enactment of this Act and before July 1, 1968, a petition under section 301 of this Act for a determination of eligibility to apply for adjustment assistance may be filed with the President by—

- (1) a firm which produces an automotive product, or its representative;
- or
 (2) a group of workers in a firm which produces an automotive product, or their certified or recognized union or other duly authorized representative.
- b) After a petition is filed by a firm or group of workers under subsection (a), the President shall determine whether—
 - (1) dislocation of the firm or group of workers has occurred or threatens to occur:
 - (2) production in the United States of the automotive product concerned produced by the firm, or an appropriate subdivision thereof, and of the automotive product like or directly competitive therewith, has decreased appreciably; and

(3)(A) imports into the United States from Canada of the Canadian automotive product like or directly competitive with that produced by the firm, or an appropriate subdivision thereof, have increased appreciably; or

(B) exports from the United States to Caneda of the United States automotive product concerned produced by the firm, or an appropriate subdivision thereof, and of the United States automotive product like or directly competitive therewith, have decreased appreciably, and the decrease in such exports is greater than the decrease, if any, in production in Canada of the Canadian automotive product like or directly competitive with the United States automotive product being exported.

(c) If the President makes an affirmative determination under paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subsection (b), with respect to a firm or group of workers, he shall promptly certify that as a result of its dislocation the firm or group of workers is eligible to apply for adjustment assistance, unless the President determines that the operation of the Agreement has not been the primary factor in causing or threatening to cause dislocation of the firm or group of workers.

(d) If the President makes an affirmative determination under paragraph (1) but a negative determination under paragraph (2) or (3) of subsection (b), with respect to a firm or group of workers, the President shall determine whether the operation of the Agreement has nevertheless been the primary factor in causing or threatening to cause dislocation of the firm or group of workers. If the President makes such an affirmative determination, he shall promptly certify that as a result of its dislocation the firm or group of workers is eligible to apply for adjustment assistance.

(e)(1) In order to provide the President with a factual record on the basis of which he may make the determinations referred to in subsections (b), (c), and (d)

with respect to a firm or a group of workers, the President shall promptly transmit to the Tariff Commission a copy of each petition filed under subsection (a) and, not later than 5 days after the date on which the petition is filed, shall request the Tariff Commission to conduct an investigation related to questions of fact relevant to such determinations and to make a report of the facts disclosed by such investigation. In his request, the President may specify the particular kinds of data which he deems appropriate. Upon receipt of the President's request, the Tariff Commission shall promptly institute the investigation and promptly publish notice thereof in the Federal Register.

(2) In the course of each investigation conducted under paragraph (1), the Tariff Commission shall, after reasonable notice, hold a public hearing, if such hearing is requested (not later than 10 days after the date of the publication of its notice under paragraph (1)) by the petitioner or any other person showing a proper interest in the subject matter of the investigation, and shall afford interested persons an opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard at

such hearing.

(3) Not later than 50 days after the date on which it receives the request of the President under paragraph 1), the Tariff Commission shall transmit to the President a report of the facts disclosed by its investigation, together with the transcript of the hearing and any briefs which may have been submitted in connection with such investigation.

(f)(1) The President shall make each final determination under subsection (b) (c), or (d) with respect to a firm or group of workers only after he has sought advice from the Departments of Commerce. Labor, and the Treasury, the Small Business Administration, and such other agencies as he may deem appropriate.

- (2) The President shall make each such anal determination not later than 15 days after the date on which he receives the Tariff Commission's report, unless, within such period, the President requests additional factual information from the Tariff Commission. In this event, the Tariff Commission shall, not later than 25 days after the date on which it receives the President's request, furnish such additional factual information in a supplemental report, and the President shall make his final determination not later than 10 days after the date on which he receives such supplemental report.
- (3) The President shall promptly publish in the Federal Register a summary of each final determination under this section.
- (g) Any certification with respect to a group of workers made by the President under this section shall—
 - (1) specify the date on which the dislocation began or threatens to begin; and
 - (2) be terminated by the President whenever he determines that the operation of the Agreement is no longer the primary factor in causing separations from the firm or subdivision thereof, in which case such termination shall apply only with respect to separations occurring after the termination date specified by the President.

h) Any certification with respect to a firm or a group of workers or any termination of such certification, including the specification of a date in such certification or termination, made by the President under this section shall constitute a certification or termination, including the specification of a date therein, under section 302 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 '19 U.S.C., sec. 1902) for purposes of chapter 2 or 3 of title III of that Act.

(i) If a firm which has been certified under this section applies for tax assistance as provided by section 317 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, the reference in subsection (a)(2) of such section 317 to a trade or business which was seriously injured by increased imports which the Tariff Commission has determined to result from concessions granted under trade agreements shall be treated as referring to a trade or business which was seriously injured by the operation of the Agreement.

(j) Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 3 of title III of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 or of this title, applications based on any certification made by

the President under this section for-

(1) trade readjustment allowances for weeks of unemployment beginning after January 17, 1965, and before the 90th day after the date of the enactment of this Act. and

(2) relocation allowances for relocations occurring after January 17, 1965, and before such 90th day,

shall be determined in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Labor.

- (k) The President is authorized to exercise any of his functions under this section through such agency or other instrumentality of the United States Government as he may direct and in conformity with such rules or regulations as he may prescribe.

 - (1) For purposes of this section—
 (1) The term "automotive product" means a motor vehicle or a fabricated component to be used as original equipment in the manufacture of motor vehicles.

(2) The term "dislocation" means—

(A) in the case of a firm, injury to the firm, which may be evidenced by such conditions as idling of productive facilities, inability to operate at a level of reasonable pront, or unemployment or underemployment, and which is of a serious nature; and

(B) in the case of a group of workers, unemployment or underemployment of a significant number or proportion of the workers of a firm or an

appropriate subdivision thereof.

(3) The term "firm" includes an individual proprietorship, partnership, joint venture, association, corporation (including a development corporation), business trust, cooperative, trustees in bankruptcy, and receivers under decree of any court. A firm, together with any predecessor, successor, or affiliated firm controlled or substantially beneficially owned by substantially the same persons, may be considered a single firm where necessary to prevent uniustifiable benents.

(4) The term "operation of the Agreement" includes governmental or private actions in the United States or Canada directly related to the con-

clusion or implementation of the Agreement.

ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE RELATED TO OTHER AGREEMENTS

SEC. 303. At the time the President transmits to the Congress a copy of any agreement pursuant to section 202(d):1), he shall recommend to the Congress such legislative provisions concerning adjustment assistance to firms and workers as he determines to be appropriate in light of the anticipated economic impact of the reduction or elimination of duties provided for by such agreement.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 304. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary from time to time to carry out the provisions of this title, which sums are authorized to be appropriated to remain available until expended.

TITLE IV-MODIFICATIONS OF TARIFF SCHEDULES OF THE UNITED STATES

ENTRY INTO FORCE AND STATUS OF MODIFICATIONS

SEC. 401. (a) The modifications of the Tariff Schedules of the United States provided for in this title shall not enter into force except as proclaimed by the President pursuant to section 201(a) of this Act.

(b) The rates of duty in column numbered 1 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States which are modified pursuant to section 201(a) of this Act shall be treated-

(1) as not having the status of statutory provisions enacted by the Con-

gress, but

(2) as having been proclaimed by the President as being required to carry out a foreign trade agreement to which the United States is a party.

REPERENCES TO TARIFF SCHEDULES

SEC. 402. Whenever in this title a modification is expressed in terms of a modification of an item or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to an item or other provision of the Tariff Schedules of the United States (19 U.S.C., sec. 1202). Each page reference "(p.)" in this title refers to the page on which the item or provision referred to appears both in part II of the Federal Register for August 57, 1963, and in volume 77A of the United States Statutes at Ling.

DEFINITION OF CANADIAN ARTICLE

SEC. 403. In general headnote 3 (pp. 11 and 12) redesignate paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) as paragraphs (e), (f), and (g), respectively, and insert a new paragraph (d) as follows:

'(d) Products of Canada.

(i) Products of Canada imported into the customs territory of the United states, whether imported directly or indirectly, are subject to the rates of duty set forth in column numbered 1 of the schedules. The rates of duty for a Canadian article, as denned in subdivision (d)(ii) of this headnote, apply

only as shown in the said column numbered 1.

"(ii) The term 'Canadian article', as used in the schedules, means an article which is the product of Canada, but does not include any article produced with the use of materials imported into Canada which are products of any foreign country (except materials produced within the customs territory of the United States), if the aggregate value of such imported materials when landed at the Canadian port of entry (that is, the actual purchase price, or, if not purchased, the export value, of such materials, plus, if not included therein, the cost of transporting such materials to Canada but exclusive of any landing cost and Canadian duty) was—

"(A) with regard to any motor vehicle or automobile truck tractor entered on or before December 31, 1967, more than 60 percent of the appraised value of the article imported into the customs territory of the United States; and

"B) with regard to any other article (including any motor vehicle or automobile truck tractor entered after December 31, 1967), more than 50 percent of the appraised value of the article imported into the customs territory of the United States."

DEFINITION OF ORIGINAL MOTOR-VEHICLE EQUIPMENT

SEC. 404. In the headnotes for subpart B, part 6, schedule 6 add after headnote

1 (n. 325) the following new headnote:

"2. Motor Venicies and Original Equipment Therefor of Canadian Origin.—(a) The term 'original motor-venicle equipment', as used in the schedules with reference to a Canadian article (as defined by general headnote 3(d)), means such a Canadian article which has been obtained from a supplier in Canada under or pursuant to a written order, contract, or letter of intent of a bona fide motor-vehicle manufacturer in the United States, and which is a fabricated component intended for use as original equipment in the manufacture in the United States of a motor vehicle, but the term does not include trailers or articles to be used in their manufacture.

"(b) The term motor vehicle', as used in this headnote, means a motor vehicle of a kind described in item 692.05 or 692.10 of this subpart (excluding an electric

trollev bus and a three-wheeled vehicle; or an automobile truck tractor.

c) The term bona fide motor-vehicle manufacturer, as used in this headnote, means a person who, upon application to the Secretary of Commerce, is determined by the Secretary to have produced no fewer than 15 complete motor vehicles in the United States during the previous 12 months, and to have installed capacity in the United States to produce 10 or more complete motor vehicles per 40-hour week. The Secretary of Commerce shall maintain, and publish from time to time in the Federal Register, a list of the names and addresses of bona fide motor-vehicle manufacturers.

"d) If any Canadian article accorded the status of original motor-vehicle equipment is not so used in the manufacture in the United States of motor vehicles, such Canadian article or its value (to be recovered from the importer or other person who diverted the article from its intended use as original motor-vehicle equipment) shall be subject to forfeiture, unless at the time of the diversion of the Canadian article the United States Customs Service is notified in writing, and,

pursuant to arrangements made with the Service-

"(i) the Canadian article is, under customs supervision, destroyed or

exported, or

"(ii) duty is paid to the United States Government in an amount equal to the duty which would have been payable at the time of entry if the Canadian article had not been entered as original motor-vehicle equipment."

IDENTIFICATION OF AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS

SEC. 405. (a) Redesignate item 692.25 (p. 326) as 692.27; in headnote 1(b) of subpart B, part 6, schedule 6 (p. 325) substitute "item 692.27" in lieu of "item 692.25"; and insert in proper numerical sequence new items as follows.

•	632.06	If Canadian article, but not including any electric trailey but, three-whoesed vehicle, or trailer accampanying an automobile truck tractor (see	
•	692.11	general headnote 3(a))	
**	692, 21	wheeled vehicle (see general headinals 3(c))	•
*	692.23	headants 2 of this subparty	
**	692. 25	note 2 of this support)	-
•	632. 28	equipment (see neadnote 2 of this subcart)	•
		this subpart)	••
is	(a) Ins	sert in proper numerical sequence new items as follows:	
•	361. 90	Any article described in the foregoing items 360.20 to 360.70, inclusive, 360.80, 361.80, or 361.85, if Canacian article and original moter-vehicle equipment (see headness 2, part 68, schedule 6). Free	
•	516. 98	Any article described in the foregoing items 516.71 to 516.76, inclusive, or 516.94, if Canada an article and original motor-	••
*	646. 79	renicle equipment (see headings 2, part 68, schedule 6) Free Any article described in the foregoing item 646,20 and items 646,40 to 646,78, inclusive (except 646,45 and 646,47), if Canadian article and original motor-venicle equipment (see headings 2, part 68, schedule 6)	
16	652. 39	Any article described in the foregoing items 652.12 to 552.18, inclusive, if Canadian article and original motor-vehicle equipment (see neadnote 2, part 68, schedule 6)	•
•	658.10	Any article described in the foregoing items 657.09 to 658.00, inclusive, if Canadian article and original motor-vehicle	
•.	682. 65	equipment (see headnote 2, part 68, schedule 6)	
•	685. 55	6)	
•	721. 29	equipment (see naudnote 2, part 68. schedule 6)	•
74	(c) Ins 5.80, a	ert in proper numerical sequence new items 353.27, 389.80, and 774.70, each having an article description and rate as follows:	725.30
		Any article described in the foregoing provisions of this sua- part, if Canadian article and original meter-vehicle equip- ment (see headnote 2, part 68, schedule 6)Free	••

(d) Redesignate item 613.16 as 613.18, item 652.85 as 652.84, item 652.87 as 652.88, item 680.34 as 680.33, item 680.58 as 680.60, item 680.59 as 680.70, item 680.60 as 680.90, and item 711.91 as 711.93; and insert in proper numerical sequence new items as follows:

207.01	652.89	683.11
220.46	660.43	683.16
337.91	660.43	683.61
357.96	660.47	683.66
358.03	660.51	684.41
517.82	660.53	684.63
335.13	660.55	684.71
540.72	660.86	653.71
544.18	660.93	683.81
344.32	660.95	683.91
344.42	661.11	686.11
344.52	661.13	686.23
344.33	681.16	686.61
545.62	661.21	686.81
545.64	661.36	687.51
547.16	661.93	687.61
610.81	661.96	688.13
613.16	662.36	688.41
631.19	662.51	711.88
		711.91
618.48	684.51	711.99
620.47	678.51 680.21	711.99 71 2 .51
642.21	***************************************	
642.86	680.23	727.07
642.88	680.28	772.66
646.93	680.31	772.81
647.02	680.34	772.86
647.06	680.36	773.26
652.10	680.55	773.31
652.76	680.91	791.81
652.8 5	682.71	791.91
652.87	692.91	

each such item having the article description "If Canadian article and original motor-vehicle equipment (see headnote 2, part 6B, schedule 6) * * "" subordinate to the immediately preceding article description, and having "Free" in rate of duty column numbered 1.

TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

AUTHORITIES

Szc. 501. The head of any agency performing functions authorized by this Act may—

(1) authorize the head of any other agency to perform any of such functions; and

(2) prescribe such rules and regulations as may be necessary to perform such functions.

ANNUAL REPORT

SEC. 502. The President shall submit to the Congress an annual report on the implementation of this Act. Such report shall include information regarding new negotiatons, reductions or eliminations of duties, reciprocal concessions obtained, and other information relating to activities under this Act. Such report shall also include information providing an evaluation of the Agreement and this Act in relation to the total national interest, and specifically shall include, to the extent practicable, information with respect to—

(1) the production of motor vehicles and motor vehicle parts in the United States and Canada.

(2) the retail prices of motor vehicles and motor vehicles parts in the United States and Canada,

(3) employment in the motor vehicle industry and motor vehicle parts industry in the United States and Canada, and

(4) United States and Canadian trade in motor vehicles and motor vehicle parts, particularly trade between the United States and Canada.

APPLICABILITY OF ANTIDUMPING AND ANTITRUST LAWS

SEC. 503. Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to affect or modify the provisions of the Anti-Dumping Act, 1921 (19 U.S.C. 160-173), or of any of the autitrust laws as designated in section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act to supplement existing laws against unlawful restraints and monopolies, and for other purposes", approved October 13, 1914 (13 U.S.C. 12).

TITLE VI-MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

JOINT COMMITTEE ON REDUCTION OF NONESSENTIAL PEDERAL EXPENDITURES

SEC. 601. Section 601(e) of the Revenue Act of 1941 (35 Stat. 726) (relating to the Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Expenditures) is amended to read as follows:

"(e) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.' Approved October 21, 1965.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

House Reports: No. 537 (Committee on Ways and Mesus) and No. 1115 (committee of conference).
Senate Report No. 732 (Committee on Finance).
Congressional Record. vol. 111 (1965)
Aug. 31: Considered and passed House.
Sept. 39: Considered in Senate.
Sept. 30: Considered and passed Senate, amended.
Oct. 5: Senate agreed to conference report.
Oct. 5: House agreed to conference report.

APPENDIX C

PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS

From the Federal Register, vol. 30, No. 209, Oct. 28, 1965

TITLE 3-THE PRESIDENT

PROCLAMATION 3682

IMPLEMENTING AGREEMENT CONCERNING AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA

By the President of the United States of America

A PROCLAMATION

Whereas the United States and Canada on January 16, 1965, entered into an Agreement Concerning Automotive Products, which provides that Canada shall accord duty-free treatment to imports of certain automotive products of the United States and that, after enactment of implementing legislation, the United States shall accord duty-free treatment to certain automotive products of Canada retroactively to the earliest date administratively possible following the date on which the agreement has been implemented by Canada (art. II, 59th Cong. 1st sess., H. Rep. 537, 38);

WHEREAS the agreement of January 16, 1965, was implemented by Canada through the granting of the requisite duty-free treatment to United States

products on January 18, 1965;

WHEREAS titles II and IV of the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1963 have been enacted to provide for modifications of the Tariff Schedules of the United States (19 U.S.C. 1202) to implement the agreement of January 16, 1965, such modifications to enter into force in the manner proclaimed by the President

(79 Stat. 1016):

WHEREAS sections 201(a) and 203 of the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965 authorize the President to proclaim the modifications of the Tariff Schedules of the United States provided for in sections 403, 404, and 405 of that Act with retroactive effect as of the earliest date after January 17, 1965, which he determines to be practicable, and section 401(b) of that Act provides that the rates of duty in column numbered 1 of the tariff schedules that are modified pursuant to such proclamation shall be treated as having been proclaimed by the President as being required to carry out a foreign trade agreement to which the United States is a party (79 Stat. 1016); and

WHEREAS I determine that the earliest date, after January 17, 1965, as of which

it is practicable to give retroactive effect to this proclamation is January 18, 1965: Now, THEREFORE, I, LYNDON B. JOHNSON, under the authority vested in me by the Constitution and the statutes, particularly sections 201(a) and 203 of the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965, do proclaim (1) that the modifications of the Tariff Schedules of the United States provided for in sections 403 and 404 of that Act shall enter into force on the day following the date of this proclamation, and (2) that the modifications of the tariff schedules provided for in section 403 of that Act shall enter into force on December 20, 1965, effective with respect to articles which are or have been entered for consumption, or for warehouse, on or after January 18, 1965.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the

United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this twenty-first day of October in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and sixty-five, and of the Independence of [SEAL] the United States of America the one hundred and ninetieth.

LYNDON B. JOHNSON

By the President: DEAN RUSK. Secretary of State.

[F.R. Doc. 65-11584; Filed, Oct. 25, 1965; 4:21 p.m.]

Appendix D

United States Bona Fide Motor Vehicle Manufacturers List May 1, 1980 with Date of Certification

Adolph Truck Equipment, Inc. 1701 Fairfax Trfwy. Kansas City, Kansas 66115 January 1, 1980

Alco Equipment
Port of Albany
Albany, New York 12200
March 15, 1980

Allentown Brake and Wheel Service, Inc. R.D. 3 P.O. Box 2088 Allentown, Pennsylvania 18001 October 19, 1979

Allied Truck Equipment 6280 S. Division Grand Rapids, Michigan 45908 January 1, 1980

Alpha Vehicles 2125 U.S. East Micnigan City, Indiana 46360 July 13, 1979

American La France Div. of A-T-O Inc. 100 East LaFrance Street Elmira, New York 14902 July 8, 1979

American Motors Corporation 27777 Pranklin Road Southfield, Michigan 48034 January 1, 1980

American Trailer Inc. P.O. Box 12770 910 Morgan Road Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73157 January 1, 1980 American Trailer Service, Inc. 2814 North Cleveland Avenue St. Paul, Minnesota 55113 January 18, 1980

American Wheel & Brake 4750 West Main Fargo, North Dakota 58103 March 15, 1980

Amthor's Welding Service, Inc. Route 52 East Walden, New York 12586 July 9, 1979

Antietam Equipment Corporation P.O. Box 91 Hagerstown, Maryland 21740 January 1, 1980

Arkansas Trailer Mfg., Inc. P.O. Box 4080 32nd & Elm Street Little Rock, Arkansas 72204 January 1, 1980

Armored Vehicle Builder Inc. 343 Pecks Road P.O. Box 62 Pittsfield, Massachusetts 01201 April 30, 1980

Arrow Trailer & Equipment Co. 140 North Dirksen Parkway Springfield, Illinois 62702 March 31, 1980

Artic Enterprises Inc. P.O. Box 635 Thief River Falls, Minnesota 56701 August 1, 1979

ATTEX, Inc. 870 West Main Street East Palestine, Ohio 44413 August 1, 1979 Automated Waste Equipment Co., Inc. 328 Fourth Street Trenton, New Jersey 08638 September 1, 1979

Automotive Service Company 111-113 North Waterloo Jackson, Michigan 49204 January 18, 1980

Beam Truck and Body Inc. 433 Cumberland Hill Road Woonsocket, Rhode Island 02895 September 1, 1979

B.E.C. Truck Equipment, Inc. 3209 Vestal Parkway E. Vestal, New York 13850 March 6, 1980

Beller Wheel Brake & Supply Company 577 Marshall Avenue Memphis, Tennessee 38103 March 15, 1980

Bender's Sales and Service, Inc. 4805 Holland Saginaw, Michigan 48601 November 15, 1979

Bethlehem Fabricators, Inc. 1700 Riverside Drive P.O. Box A Bethlehem, Pennsylvania 18015 January 20, 1980

Alla: U. Bevier, Inc. 1201 Ridgely Street Baltimore, Maryland 21230 April 1, 1980

Blue Bird Body Company P.O. Box 937 Fort Valley, Georgia 31030 January 18, 1980

Bock Products 1901 Hively West Elkhart, Indiana 46514 March 1, 1980

Boone Trailers, Inc. 154 Park Street Palmer, Massachusetts 01069 December 31, 1979 Borbein Young & Co. 234 N. Sherman Street Springfield, Missouri 65806 March 1, 1980

Boyertown Auto Body Works
Third & Walnut Streets
Boyertown, Pennsylvania 19512
September 1, 1979

Brake & Equipment Co., Inc. 11911 W. Silver Spring Rd. Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53225 January 1, 1980

Brake Service & Parts, Inc. 170 Washington Street Bangor, Maine 04401 January 18, 1980

Bristol-Donald Company, Inc. Bristol-Donald Manu. Corp. 50 Roanoke Avenue Newark, New Jersey 07105 January 1, 1980

Brown Cargo Van, Inc. 807 East 29th Street Lawrence, Kansas 66044 April 30, 1980

Bus Andrews Equipment
Sales & Service, Inc.
2828 E. Kearney Street
Springfield, Missouri 65803
January 1, 1980

Bush Hog Loadcraft P.O. Box 431 Brady, Texas 76825 December 31, 1979

Caelter Industries, Inc. Purdy Avenue Watertown, New York 13601 April 1, 1980

The Carnegie Body Company 9500 Brookpark Road Cleveland, Ohio 44129 January 1, 1980

Carpenter Body Works, Inc. 1500 W. Main Street Mitchell, Indiana 47446 January 1, 1980 C.E. Pollard Company 13575 Auburn Detroit, Michigan 48223 July 27, 1979

Champion Carriers, Inc. 2321 E. Pioneer Drive Irving, Texas 75061 October 20, 1979

Champion Home Builders, Co. 5573 E. North Street Dryden, Michigan 48428 August 1, 1979

Checker Motors Corporation 2016 N. Pitcher Street Kalamazoo, Michigan 49007 January 1, 1980

Cherry Valley Tank Div., Inc. 75 Cantiague Road Westbury, New York 11590 April 1, 1980

Chrysler Corporation CIMS 416-16-06 Chrysler Center 12000 Lynn Townsend Drive Highland Park, Michigan 48288 January 18, 1980

B.M. Clark Company, Inc. Route 17 - P.O. Box 185 Union, Maine 04862 January 14, 1980

Clark Engineering of Brownwood Inc. P.O. Dr. 1386 Brownwood, Texas 76801 December 31, 1979

Clark Truck Equipment Company 6821 Academy Parkway West, N.E. Albuquerque, New Mexico 87103 January 1, 1980

Clemett and Co., Inc. 2020 Lemoyne Street Syracuse, New York 13211 July 1, 1979

CMI Load King Division Elkpoint, South Dakota 57025 March 1, 1980 Coach and Equipment Sales Corp. Brown Street Extension P:O. Box 36 Penn Yan, New York 14527 March 21, 1980

Collins Industries, Inc. Box 58 H.A.B.I.T. Hutchinson, Kansas 67501 December 1, 1979

Commercial Truck & Trailer, Inc. 313 N. State Street Girad, Ohio 44420 January 1, 1980

Consolidated Utility Equipment Service, Inc. Caldwell Drive Amherst, New Hampshire 03031 April 1, 1980

Cook Body Company 3701 Harlee Avenue Charlotte, North Carolina 28208 October 22, 1979

Correct Manufacturing Corp. London Road Extension Delaware, Ohio 43015 July 1, 1979

Co-Tem Corp. 4151 Federal Way Boise, Idaho 83705 March 1, 1980

Crane Carrier Company 1925 N. Sheridan Tulsa, Oklahoma 74151 March 1, 1980

Crenshaw Corporation 1700 Commerce Road Richmond, Virginia 23224 July 1, 1979

Cross Truck Equipment Co., Inc. 1801 Perry Drive S.W. Canton, Ohio 44706 March 15, 1980

Crown Coach Corporation 2428 East 12th Street Los Angeles, California 90021 March 20, 1980 Daleiden Inc. 425 E. Vine Street Kalamazoo, Michigan 49001 January 31, 1980

Darby Equipment Company P.O. Box 5698 Longview, Texas 75604 January 1, 1980

Dealers Truck Equipment Inc. 2123 Fern Valley Road Louisville, Kentucky 40213 March 1, 1980

Dealers Truck Equipment Co., Inc. 2460 Midway Street P.O. Box 31435 Shreveport, Louisiana 71130 January 1, 1580

Decker Tank Company 300 Lincoln Avenue Hawthorne, New Jersey 07506 November 3, 1979

John Deere Horicon
Works of Deer and Co.
220 East Lake Street
Horicon, Wisconsin 53032
June 1, 1979

DeLorean Manufacturing Co./
Logan Division
2503 North Main
Logan, Utah 84321
January 1, 1980

D.P. Way Corporation P.O. Box 09336 3288 W. Elm Street Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53209 January 1, 1980

Dunham Manufacturing Company, Inc. P.O. Box 430 Minden, Louisiana 71055 January 1, 1980

Duralite Truck Body and Container Corporation 1300 Bush Street Baltimore, Maryland 21230 December 31, 1979 Dutec, Inc. 60 Lumber Street Hopkington, Massachusetts 01748 January 15, 1980

Eastern Tank Corporation 290 Pennsylvania Avenue Paterson, New Jersey 07503 January 1, 1980

P.O. Box 277
Randolph, Ohio 44265
March 1, 1980

Eggiman Motor and Equipment Sales Inc. 1813 West Beltline Hwy. P.O. Box 9432 Madison, Wisconsin 53715 January 1, 1980

Eight Point Trailer Corporation 6100 E. Washington Blvd.
Los Angeles, California 90040
Janaury 18, 1980

Elston Inc. 1727 Florida Street Memphis, Tennessee 38109 March 15, 1980

Emmans and Emmans/
Best Built Equipment Co.
246 Main Street
Ledgewood, New Jersey 07852
October 10, 1979

Equipment Industries
100 Pavonia Avenue
Jersey City, New Jersey 07032
December 31, 1979

Equipment Industries 86 Colden Street Jersey City, New Jersey 07302 December 31, 1979

Equipment Service, Inc. 40 Airport Road Hartford, Connecticut 06114 April 1, 1980 E.D. Etnyre and Co. 200 Jefferson Street Oregon, Illinois 61061 October 1, 1979

E. & R. Trailer Sales, Inc. RFD #1 Middle Point, Ohio 45863 December 31, 1979

Euclid Inc. 22221 St. Clair Avenue Cleveland, Ohio 44117 August 1, 1979

Ewell Equipment Company 307 N. Timberland Drive Lufkin, Texas 75901 February 2, 1980

Excalibur Automobile Corporation 1735 South 106th Street Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53214 May 22, 1979

Fasino's Power Brake Inc. 291 Jay Street Rochester, New York 14608 January 1, 1980

Fifth Wheel, Inc. Box 15855 Tulsa, Oklahoma 74112 January 1, 1980

Fleet Sales Inc. 5285 Clay Avenue S.W. Wyoming, Michigan 49508 March 1, 1980

Fontaine Truck Equipment Co. 653 Beale P.O. Box 502 Memphis, Tennessee 38101 January 1, 1980

Ford Motor Company
The American Road
Dearborn, Michigan 48121
January 18, 1980

F & P Truck & Trailer Equip. Div. 254-266 Central Avenue Newark, New Jersey 07103 October 12, 1979

Preightliner Corporation 4747 North Channel Avenue Portland Oregon 97217 December 14, 1979

Freuhauf Corporation 10900 Harper Avenue Detroit, Michigan 48213 November 1, 1979

FWD Corporation 105 East 12th Street Clintonville, Wisconsin 54929 January 1, 1980

Peter Garafano & Son, Inc. 264 Wabash Avenue Paterson, New Jersey 07503 June 4, 1979

Garnon Truck Equipment Co. 1617 Peninsula Drive Erie, Pennsylvania 16505 March 1, 1980

General Motors Corporation 3044 West Grand Blvd. Detroit, Michigan 48202 January 18, 1980

General Trailer Company, Inc. 546 W. Wilkins Street Indianapolis, Indiana 46225 March 1, 1980

General Trailer Service 2620 Campbell Blvd. Ellenwood, Atlanta Georgia 30049 March 1, 1980

General Truck Equipment & Trailer Sales 5310 Broadway Avenue Jacksonville, Florida 32205 January 1, 1980

Gillig Brothers 25800 Calwitter Road Hayward, California 94545 January 1, 1979

Gilson Brothers Co. P.O. Box 152 Plymouth, Wisconsin 53073 September 26, 1979 Gooch Brake and Equipment Co. 506 Grand Avenue Kansas City, Missouri 64106 December 31, 1979

E.L. Grahm Co. 1704 Eleventh Street Sioux City, Iowa 51101 March 15, 1980

Granning Service Corporation 3040 Wyoming Avenue Dearborn, Michigan 48120 January 1, 1980

Gratiot Equipment 1244 East Center Street Ithaca, Michigan 48827 March 1, 1980

Gray Leasing P.O. Box 48 Delaware, New Jersey 07833 March 15, 1980

The Greyhound Corporation Greyhound Tower Phoenix, Arizona 85077 (doing business through) Motor Coach Industries, Inc. Pembina, North Dakota 58271 and Transportation Mfg. Corp. Roswell, New Mexico 88201

Grumman Flxible Corporation 970 Pittsburgh Drive Delaware, Ohio 43015 January 1, 1980

Grumman Olson Division Grumman Allied Industries 600 Old Country Road Garden City, New York 11530 November 1, 1979

Hackney and Sons 400 Hackney Avenue Washington, North Carolina 27889 January 1, 1980 Hackney & Sons (Midwest) Inc. 300 Hackney Avenue Independence, Kansas 67301 September 24, 1979

Hallenberger, Inc. 5716 Boonville Hwy. P.O. Box 5085 Evansville, Indiana 47715 January 1, 1980

Harley-Davidson Motor Co., Inc. 3700 West Juneau Avenue Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201 April 1, 1980

Harold G. Anderson Equip. Corp. One Anderson Drive Albany, New York 12055 October 4, 1979

Harris Rim and Wheel Inc. 415 St. Paul Avenue Knoxville, Tennessee 37901 September 24, 1979

Harris Rim and Wheel Inc. 525 Peters Street S.W. Atlanta, Georgia 30310 March 1, 1980

Harris Truck and Trailer Sales Inc. P.O. Box 619 Cape Girardeau, Missouri 63701 January 1, 1980

Haygood Inc. 999 Channel Avenue Memphis, Tennessee 38113 March 15, 1980

Heil Equipment Company of Philadelphia Inc. 1223 Ridge Pike Conshohocken, Pennsylvania 19428 January 1, 1980 Hendrickson Manufacturing Co. 15 W 660 West 79th Street Burr Ridge, Illinois 60521 January 1, 1980

The Hess & Eisenhardt Company 8959 Blue Ash Road Cincinnati, Ohio 45242 January 9, 1980

Hews Body Company 190 Rumery Street South Portland, Maine 04106 January 18, 1980

Hillbuilt Mfg. Co. Rt. 7, Box 5089 Benton, Arkansas 72015 January 1, 1980

Hobbs Equipment Inc.
Keeler Avenue
P.O. Box 59
Norwalk, Connecticut 06954
March 1, 1980

Hobbs Trailer 7402 East Texas Freeway Houston, Texas 77093 March 15, 1980

Hobbs Trailer Co. 4132 Irving Blvd. Dallas, Texas 75247 March 15, 1980

O.G. Hughes & Son, Inc. 4816 Rutledge Pike P.O. Box 6277 Knoxville, Tennessee 37914 January 1, 1980

Huntington Brakes Service, Inc. 448 E. Jericho Tpke. Huntington, New York 11746 January 1, 1980

Indiana Truck & Trailer 2017 Hwy. 41 North Evansville, Indiana 47711 December 31, 1979

International Body Co., Inc. 545 Duke Road Buffalo, New York 14225 March 1, 1980

International Harvester Co. 401 North Michigan Avenue Chicago, Illinois 60611 January 18, 1980

Iroquois Mfg.Co., Inc. Richmond Road Hinesburg, Vermont 05461 July 1, 1979

Isometrics, Inc.
P.O. Box 660
Reidsville, North Carolin 27320
March 31, 1980

IVECO Trucks of North America P.O. Box 1102 1730 Walton Road Blue Bell, Pennsylvania 19422 March 15, 1980

Janesville Truck Equipment Co. P.O. Box 466
3032 Cooper Drive
Janesville, Wisconsin 53545
February 1, 1980

Jeep Corporation 27777 Franklin Road Southfield, Michigan 48034 January 1, 1980

John Evans Manu., Co., Inc. P.O. Box 669 Sumter, South Carolina 29150 September 24, 1979

Kaffenbarger Welding Co. 10100 Ballentine Pike New Carisle, Ohio 45344 January 1, 1980

Kawasaki Motors Corporation 2009 E. Edinger Avenue Santa Ana, California 92711 January 1, 1980

Kay Wheel Sales Co., Inc. 1771 Tomlinson Road Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19116 September 24, 1979

Kencar Equipment Company 1906 Lakeview Avenue Dayton, Ohio 45408 December 31, 1979

3300 Waco Street Texarkana, Texas 75501 March 15, 1980

Leland Equipment Company 5647 South 122 East Avenue P.O. Box 45128 Tulsa, Oklahoma 74145 January 18, 1980

Long Trailer Service, Inc. P.O. Box 5105 Greenville, South Carolina 29606 January 1, 1980

Mack Trucks, Inc. P.O. Box M Allentown, Pennsylvnaia 18105 January 1, 1980

Maday Body & Equipment Corp. 575 Howard Street Buffalo, New York 14206 January 1, 1980

Madison Truck Equipment, Inc. 2410 South Stoughton Road Madison, Wisconsin 53716 October 22, 1979

Manning Equipment, Inc. 12000 Westport Road P. O. Box 23229 Louisville, Kentucky 40223 April 16, 1980

Mark Body Division Core Industries 50625 Richard W. Blvd. Mt. Clement, Michigan 48045 March 31, 1980

Marmon Motor Company P.O. Box 402009 Garland, Texas 75042 March 1, 1980

Matlock Trailer Corporation 1070 Visco Drive Nashville, Tennessee 37211 May 1, 1980

Maxon Industries, Inc. 5750 South Eastern Avenue City of Commerce, California 90040 August 17, 1979

Memphis Brake Service, Inc. 600 Hermando Street Memphis, Tennessee 38101 September 24, 1979

L.W. Ledwell & Son, Inc. 78 Meadows Hydraulic sales a Service, Inc. U.S. 13 and S. Division St. Fruitland, Maryland 21826 September 24, 1979

> Metro Truck Parts 5801 Arbor Road Tuxedo, Maryland 20781 March 1, 1980

Mickey Truck Bodies, Inc. 1305 Trinity Avenue High Point, North Carolina 27261 June 20, 1979

Midas International 55667 CR 15 South Elkhart, Indiana 46514 January 1, 1980

Middlehauff, Inc. 1615 Ketcham Avenue Toledo, Ohio 43608 January 18, 1980

Mid West Truck Equipment Sales Corporation 4041 No. Brush College Road R.R. 7 Box 463F Decatur, Illinois 62521 February 22, 1980

M & M Equipment, Inc. Plaza Heights W. Lebanon, New Hampshire 03784 March 14, 1980

Model A & Model T Car Reproduction Corp. 200 Elm Street Battle Creek, Michigan 49105 September 1, 1979

> Moline Body Company 222 - 52nd Street Moline, Illinois 61265 January 6, 1979

> Moline Body Company 2428 Farmington Road Peoria, Illinois 61604 March 1, 1980

Monon Trailer
(a Div. of Evans Transportation
Company)
P.O. Box 655
Monon, Indiana 47959
April 8, 1980

Moore and Sons, Inc. 2900 Airways Blvd. Memphis, Tennessee 38130 December 31, 1979

Morgan Trailer
Box 258
Morgantown, Pennsylvania 19543
January 1, 1980

Motor Truck Equipment Corporation 2950 Irving Blvd. P.O. Box 47385 Dallas, Texas 75247 December 31, 1979

Mount Vernon Truck & Body Co. 2222 South 10th Street Mt. Vernon, Illinois 63264 March 1, 1980

Mutual Wheel Company 2345 - 4th Avenue Moline, Illinois 61265 February 20, 1980

Nabors Trailer, Inc. P.O. Box 979 Mansfield, Louisiana 71052 January 1, 1980

Neil's Automotive Service, Inc. 167 E. Kalamazoo Avenue Kalamazoo, Michigan 49007 January 1, 1980

Nelson Manufacturing Company 6448 U.S. Rt. 224 Ottawa, Ohio 45875 January 1, 1980

The Ness Company P.O. Box 667 270 N. Zarfoss Drive York, Pennsylvania 17405 January 1, 1980 Newark Truck Parts, Inc. 560 Market Street Newark, New Jersey 07105 March 15, 1980

New Method Equipment Co. 707 27th Avenue, S.W. P.O. Box 4638 Cedar Rapids, Iowa 52404 December 31, 1979

Novi Manufacturing Company 25701 Seeley Road Novi, Michigan 48050 Nov. 1, 1979

Ohio Body Manufacturing Co. North Main Street New London, Ohio 44851 January 1, 1980

Ohic Truck Equipment, Inc. 4100 Rev Drive Cincinnati, Ohio 45232 December 10, 1979

Olson Trailer & Body Builders Co. 2740 South Ashland Avenue P.O. Box 2445 Green Bay, Wisconsin 54306 January 1, 1980

Omaha Standard Inc. 2401 W. Broadway Council Bluffs, Iowa 51501 January 1, 1980

Oshkosh Truck Corporation 2307 Oregon Street Oshkosh, Wisconsin 54903 January 18, 1980

Ottawa Truck Corporation
Gulf & Western Manufacturing Co.
415 East Dundee Street
Ottawa, Kansas 66067
December 10, 1979

Outboard Marine Corporation 100 Sea Horse Drive Waukegan, Illinois 60085 January 18, 1980 PACCAR, Inc.
d/b/a/ Kenworth Truck Company
Peterbilt Motors Company
P.O. Box 1518
Bellevue, Washington 98009
January 18, 1980

Palmer Spring Company 355 Forest Avenue Portland, Maine 04101 January 18, 1980

Palmer Trailer Sales Co., Inc. 162 Park Street Palmer, Massachusetts 01069 March 15, 1980

Peabody Galion
P.O. Box 607
500 Sherman Street
Gallon, Ohio 44833
October 31, 1979

Perfection Equipment Company 5100 West Reno Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73147 January 12, 1980

Pezzani & Reid Equipment Co.
3960 West Fort Street
Detroit, Michigan 48216
March 1, 1980

Pheonix Manufacturing, Inc. 375 West Union Street Nanticoke, Pennslyvania 18634 February 20, 1980

Polar Tank Trailer, Inc. R.R. 2 Holdingford, Minnesota 56340 September 31, 1979

Power Brake Service & Equipment Co. 1022 Carnegie Avenue Cleveland, Ohio 44115 December 31, 1979

Premier, Inc. 2770 Bluff Road Indianapolis, Indiana 46225 April 25, 1980

Progress Industries, Inc. 400 East Progress Street Arthur, Illinois 61911 October 1, 1979 PSI Mobile Products, Inc. 25 Eldridge Mt. Clemans, Michigan 48043 July 1, 1979

Quality Truck Equipment Co. 1-74 at Prospect Interchange Champaign, Illinois 61820 March 15, 1980

Recreative Industries, Inc. 60 Depot Street Buffalo, New York 14206 July 13, 1979

Reliable Spring Co., Inc. 10557 S. Michigan Avenue Chicago, Illinois 60628 March 1, 1980

Rhode Island Petroleum Equipment Co. 464 Broadway
Pawtucket, Rhode Island 02860
July 31, 1979

Rhynard's Truck Sales 200 N. Larch Street Lansing, Michigan 48933 March 15, 1980

Road Equipment 393 Mart Street, S.W. Grand Rapids, Michigan 49508 March 1, 1980

Roanoke Welding 2016 Russell Avenue S.W. Roanoke, Virginia 24015 March 15, 1980

Rowland Truck Equipment, Inc. 2900 N.W. 73rd Street Miami, Florida 33147 November 19, 1979

R/S Truck Body Company, Inc. P.O. Box 420 Allen, Kentucky 41601 September 24, 1979

Ryder Truck Rental P.O. Box 100 Pennsburg, Pennsylvania 18073 January 1, 1980 Ryder Truck Rental Inc. 4709 West 96th Street P.O. Box 188 Indianapolis, Indiana 46206 January 1, 1980

Scientific Brake and Equipment Co. 314 W. Genesee Avenue P.O. Box 840 Saginaw, Michigan 48606 January 19, 1980

Sharpsville Steel Equipment Co. 6th & Main Streets
Sharpsville, Pennsylvania 16150
January 2, 1980

Smith-Moore Body Company, Inc. P.O. Box 27287 Richmond, Virginia 23261 January 18, 1980

Somerset Welding & Steel, Inc. P.O. Box 628
Somerset, Pennsylvania 15501
January 1, 1980

South Florida Engineers, Inc. 5911 E. Buffalo Avenue P.O. Box 11927 Tampa, Florida 33680 July 1, 1979

Southwest Truck Body Company 200 Sidney Street St. Louis, Missouri 63104 March 15, 1980

Spring Valley Dodge, Inc. 19 South Main Street Spring Valley, New York 10977 March 31, 1980

Steffen Inc. 623 West 7th Street Sioux City, Iowa 51103 November 4, 1979

Stone Heavy Vehicle Specialists 2200 Highway 70 East Raleigh, North Carolina 27611 March 15, 1980 Superior Lima Division Sheller-Globe Corporation 1200 E. Kibby Street Lima, Ohio 45802 March 20, 1980

George Swanson and Son 5400 Marshall Arvada, Colorado 80002 October 31, 1979

Three R. Industries, Inc. 80380 Scotch Settlement Road Romeo, Michigan 48065 April 1, 1980

Thomas Built Buses Inc. 1408 Courtesy Road P.O. Box 2450 High Point, North Carolina 27284 May 1, 1980

Timpte 5075 East 74th Avenue Commerce City, Colorado 80022 January 1, 1980

Traffic Transport Engineering, Inc. 28900 Goddard Road Romulas, Michigan 48174 January 1, 1980

Transport Equipment Company 3400 - 6th Avenue, South P.O. Box 3817 Seattle, Washington 98124 January 18, 1980

Triangle Fleet Service 801 Coliseum 31vd. West Fort Wayne, Indiana 46808 January 1, 1980

Truck Equipment Company, Inc. 1911 S.W. Washington Street Peoria, Illinois 61602 January 18, 1980

Truck Equipment Inc. 85 East Longfield Avenue Mansfield, Ohio 44905 March 15, 1980 Truck Equipment, Inc. 680 Potts Avenue Green Bay, Wisconsin 54304 January 1, 1980

Truck Equipment Company 2900 Wheeler Fort Smith, Arkansas 72901 January 1, 1980

Truck Equipment, Inc. 1560 N.E. 44th Avenue P.O. Box 3265 Des Moines, Iowa 50316 January 1, 1980

Truck Equipment Service Company 800 Oak Street Linsoln, Nebraska 68521 January 1, 1980

The Truck Engineering Co. 3200 East Pontiac Street Fort Wayne, Indiana 46803 January 1, 1979

Truck Parts and Equipment 4501 West Esthner Wichita, Kansas 67209 November 1, 1979

Truck and Trailer Equipment Co. 4214 W. Mt. Hope Road at M-78 Lansing, Michigan 48901 March 15, 1980

Truck Transportation Equi. Co., Inc. Jefferson, Louisiana 70181 March 1, 1980

Union City Body Company, Inc. 1015 West Pearl Street Union City, Indiana 47390 August 15, 1979

Unit Rig & Equipment Co. P.O. Box 3107
Tulsa, Oklahoma 74101
January 1, 1980

Universal Go Tract of Georgia Ltd. Suite 2 5020 South Atlanta Road Smyrna, Georgia 30080 June 1, 1979

Universal Tank and Welding Co. 32-50 Vernon Blvd. P.O. Box 6239 Long Island City, New York 11106 September 19, 1979

Valley Truck and Equipment Co., Inc. Trevett Road Boston, New York 14025 October 15, 1979

Van Con Inc 123 Williams Street Middlesex, New Jersey 08846 September 1, 1979

Volkswagen of America, Inc. 27621 Parkview Blvd. Warren, Michigan 48092 October 11, 1979

Vulcan Trailer Manufacturing Co. 300 Industrial Parkway Bessemem, Alabama 35020 December 1, 1979

Walter Motor Truck Company School Road Voorheesville, New York 12186 April 29, 1980

Ward School Bus Manufacturing, Inc. Highway 65, South Conway, Arkansas 72032 April 19, 1980

Wayne Corporation
(An Indian Head Co.)
P.O. Box 1447
Industries Road
Richmond, Indiana 47374
November 1, 1979

Wayne Engineering Corporation 2412 West 27th Street Cedar Falls, Iowa 50613 October 31, 1979

W.F. Mickey Body Co., Inc. P.O. Box 1925 1505 Bethel Drive High Point, North Carolina 27261 September 24, 1979

Wheels & Brakes, Inc. 1270 Memorial Drive S.E. Atlanta, Georgia 30316 March 1, 1980

Wheels and Brakes Inc. 4530 Rutledge Pike Knoxville, Tennessee 37914 March 15, 1980

Wheel and Rim Sales Co. 836 West 1st Street Willis Day Industrial Park Perrysburg, Ohio 43551 March 15, 1980

White Motor Corporation 34500 Grand River Avenue Farmington Hills, Michigan 48024 January 18, 1980

Wilbur's Service 200 Route 3 Secaucus, New Jersey 07094 March 15, 1980

Winnebago Industries, Inc. P.O. Box 152 Forest City, Iowa 50436 March 19, 1980

Wyman's Inc. P.O. Box 542 Northfield Road Montpelier, Vermont 05602 July 1, 1979

Name and Location	Considered as Manufacturers of:
Almac Industries Ltd. Pointe Aux Trembles, Quebec	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Amalgamated Metal Industries Ltd. Mississauga, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Atlas Hoist & Body Incorporated Montreal, Quebec	Specified Commercial Vehicles
B.K. & B. Truck Bodies Limited London, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Belgium Standard Industries (Ontario) Ltd. Waterloo, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Babcock Motor Bodies Limited Toronto, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Brown H.E. Supply Co. North Bay, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Canadian Blue Bird Coach Ltd. Brantford, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Canadian Kenworth Ltd. Div. Paccar Canada Ltd. Ste. Thérèsa, Quebec	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Central Truck Body Co. Ltd. Weston, Ontario	Automobiles, Buses and Specified Commercial Vehicles
Chrysler Canada Ltd. Windsor, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Collins Manufacturing Co. Ltd. Burnaby, BC	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Commercial Truck Bodies Ltd. Mississauga, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Diesel Equipment Limited Toronto, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Eastern Steel Products Company Cambridge (Preston), Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Edmonton Truck Body Ltd. Edmonton, Alberta	Specified Commercial Vehicles

Name and Location	Considered as Manufacturers of
Fleet Truck Bodies Inc. Montreal, Quebec	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Flyer Industries Ltd. Winnipeg, Manitoba	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Ford Motor Company of Canada Ltd. Oakville, Ontario	Automobiles, Buses and Specified Commercial Vehicles
Forman Tank & Welding Ltd. St. Marys, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Fort Garry Industries Ltd. Winnipeg, Manitoba	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Freightliner of Canada Ltd. Burnaby, British Columbia	Specified Commercial Vehicles
G. & G. Welding Ltd. St. Leonard, Quebec	Specified Commercial Vehicles
General Motors of Canada Ltd. Oshawa, Ontario	Automobiles, Buses and Specified Commercial Vehicle:
Hutchinson Industries Downsview, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Ideal Body Ltd. Quebec, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
International Harvester Co. of Canada Ltd. Hamilton, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Lacasse, V. Ltée ST. Leonard, Quebec	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Larochelle, Phil Equipment Inc. Quebec, Quebec	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Mond Industries Limited Toronto, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Multi-Vans Limited Bolton, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles

Name and Location	Considered as Manufacturers of
Prevost Car Inc. Ste. Claire Dorchester, Quebec	Buses
Pullman Trailmobile Canada Limited Brantford, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Reliance Truck & Equipment Limited Surrey, British Columbia	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Swartz Motor Bodies Ltd. Toronto, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Thomas Built Buses of Canada Ltd. Woodstock, Ontario	Buses
Universal Sales Limited St. John, NB	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Volvo (Canada) Ltd. Toronto, Ontario	Automobiles
Welles Corporation Ltd. Windsor, Ontario	Buses
Wilson's Truck Body Shop Ltd. Truro, Nova Scotia	Specified Commercial Vehicles

DESIGNATED COMPANIES UNDER THE MOTOR VEHICLE TAR ORDER 1965

Name and Location

Blue Bird Quebec St. Lin. Quebec

Canadian Blue Bird Sales Co. Hartford, Ontario

Chrysler Truck Centre Ltd. Rexdale, Ontario

Edinburgh Electric ltd. Toronto, Ontario

Mobile Tank Industries Ltd. Agincourt, Ontario

Pacific Truck and Trailer Ltd.
North Vancouver, British Columbia

J.J. Taylor and Sons Limited Concord, Ontario

Designated by:

Canadian Blue Bird Coach Ltd Brantford, Ontario

Canadian Blue Bird Coach Ltd. Brantford, Ontario

Chrysler Canada Ltd. Windsor, Ontario

Diesel Equipment Ltd. Toronto, Ontario

Almac Metalcraft Inc. Pointe aux Trembles, P.Q.

International Harvester Company of Canada Ltd. Hamilton, Ontario

Diesel Equipment Ltd. Toronto, Ontario

COMPANIES OPERATING UNDER SPECIAL ORDERS-IN-COUNCIL

Names and Location	Considered as Manufacturers of:
American Motors (Canada) Ltd. Brampson, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Canadian Disposal Equipment Co. Ltd. Toronto, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Care Equipment Mfg. Co., Ltd. Breslan, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
D & G Roussy Industries, Ltd. London, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Dominion Truck Bodies, Ltd. Mississauga, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
International Harvester Co. of Canada Ltd. Hamilton, Ontario	Automobiles (Travelalls) Specified Commercial Vehicles
McEwan Tougard Industries Bracebridge, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Mack Trucks Can. Ltd. Toronto, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Morrison & Co. Ltd. Dorval, Quebec	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Motor Coach Industries Ltd. Winnipeg, Manitoba	Buses
Teal Manufacturing Ltd. Windsor, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Truck Equipment & Service Co. Agincourt, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Universal Handling Equipment Co. Hamilton, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Champion Truck Bodies Ltd. Montreal, Quebec	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Walter Motor Trucks of Canada Ltd. Almonte, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles

COMPANIES OPERATING UNDER SPECIAL ORDERS-IN-COUNCIL

Names and Location	Considered as Manufacturers of:
Westank, Industries Ltd. Regina, Saskatchewan	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Hal-Vey Industries Ltd. Calgary, Alberta	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Sheller-Globe Manitoba Ltd. Morris, Manitoba	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Pettibone (Canada) Ltd. Mississaugą, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Robert's Truck Equipment Ltd. North Vancouver, BC	Specified Commercial Vehicles
S.M.I. Industries Montreal, Quebec	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Ontario Bus Industries Inc. Mississauga, Ontario	Buses
B.T.L. Body Inc. St. Augustin Cté Portneuf, Quebec	Truck Bodies
Sturdy Truck Body (1972) Limited Ritchener, Ontario	Truck Bodies
Wells Corp. Ltd. Windsor, Ontario	Truck Bodies
Thermo-King Western Ltd. 1 Mile West of 156th St. on 128th Ave.	Specified Commercial Vehicles
White Western Star Div. Kilowna, B.C.	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Dyantal Inc. Toronto, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles
Ottawa Truck Bodies Ltee/Ltd. Ottawa, Ontario	Specified Commercial Vehicles

COMPANIES OPERATING UNDER THE OFFHIGHWAY REMISSION ORDER

General Motors of Canada Ltd. Diesel Division London, Ontario

Unit Rig & Equipment Co. (Canada) Ltd. Tulsa, Oklahoma 74101

Paccar Canada Ltd. Ste. Thérèsa, Quebec

Pacific Truck and Trailer Ltd. Vancouver, British Columbia

Wabco Equipment of Canada Division of Wabco-Standard Ltd. Paris, Ontario

Euclid Canada Limited Guelph, Ontario

Mack Canada Inc. Islington, Ontario