118TH CONGRESS	$\mathbf{C}$	
2D Session		
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To amend section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 to enhance transparency with respect to shipments seeking an administrative exemption from duties for low-value entries, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr.	Wyden	(for	himsel	lf, M	s. Lumm	is, N	Ir. Br	own,	Ms.	Coll	INS,	and	Mr
	Casey)	intro	duced	the :	following	bill;	which	was	$\operatorname{read}$	${\rm twice}$	and	refe	rred
	to the C	Comm	ittee o	n				_					

## A BILL

To amend section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 to enhance transparency with respect to shipments seeking an administrative exemption from duties for low-value entries, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Fighting Illicit Goods,
- 5 Helping Trustworthy Importers, and Netting Gains for
- 6 America Act of 2024" or the "FIGHTING for America
- 7 Act of 2024".

## 1 SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

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2 It is the sense of Congress that—

- 3 (1) driven by the COVID-19 pandemic and 4 other global factors, the volume of low-value imports 5 into the United States that are eligible for an ad-6 ministrative exemption from duties under section 7 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321), 8 known as the "de minimis" exemption, has acceler-9 ated in recent years;
  - (2) as the patterns of trade change, it is necessary to periodically review customs procedures to ensure that those procedures are sufficient to protect the revenue of the United States, provide for the interdiction of illicit goods, and otherwise facilitate legitimate trade and the appropriate use of customs resources;
  - (3) since the amendment to section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 made by section 901 of the Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Act of 2015 (Public Law 114–125; 130 Stat. 223), growth in the direct-to-consumer model of business has accelerated attempts to ship illicit drugs and other unauthorized products through low-value shipments and tariff-based remedies seeking to ensure a level playing field for United States workers have increased; and

(4) as such, the conditions of trade require
Congress to reevaluate the purpose and intent of the
powers delegated to the Secretary of the Treasury
under section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as so
amended, to both protect the revenue of the United
States and properly scrutinize shipments subject to
an administrative exemption established under that
section.
SEC. 3. DESIGNATION OF PRIORITY TRADE ISSUE.
Section 117(a) of the Trade Facilitation and Trade
Enforcement Act of 2015 (19 U.S.C. 4322(a)) is amended
by adding at the end the following:
"(8) The smuggling of fentanyl, other illicit
drugs, and related material by abusing entry proce-
drugs, and related material by abusing entry proce- dures for merchandise qualifying for an administra-
dures for merchandise qualifying for an administra-
dures for merchandise qualifying for an administra- tive exemption pursuant to section 321 of the Tariff
dures for merchandise qualifying for an administrative exemption pursuant to section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321).".
dures for merchandise qualifying for an administrative exemption pursuant to section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321).".  SEC. 4. ENHANCED TRANSPARENCY FOR SHIPMENTS.
dures for merchandise qualifying for an administrative exemption pursuant to section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321).".  SEC. 4. ENHANCED TRANSPARENCY FOR SHIPMENTS.  Section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
dures for merchandise qualifying for an administrative exemption pursuant to section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321).".  SEC. 4. ENHANCED TRANSPARENCY FOR SHIPMENTS.  Section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321) is amended by adding at the end the following:
dures for merchandise qualifying for an administrative exemption pursuant to section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321).".  SEC. 4. ENHANCED TRANSPARENCY FOR SHIPMENTS.  Section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321) is amended by adding at the end the following:  "(c) DOCUMENTATION AND INFORMATION SUP-
dures for merchandise qualifying for an administrative exemption pursuant to section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321).".  SEC. 4. ENHANCED TRANSPARENCY FOR SHIPMENTS.  Section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321) is amended by adding at the end the following:  "(c) Documentation and Information Supporting Eligibility for Exemption.—

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> 4 the Postmaster General, shall prescribe regulations to require the provision to U.S. Customs and Border Protection, separate from any entry filing, of such documentation or information with respect to an article that may qualify for an administrative exemption under subsection (a)(2)(C) as the Secretary determines is reasonably necessary for U.S. Customs and Border Protection to determine the admissibility of the article and the eligibility of the article for the exemption when in a postal or other shipment. "(2) Included documentation or informa-TION.—Pursuant to paragraph (1), the Secretary may require, with respect to an article that may

qualify for an administrative exemption under subsection (a)(2)(C), documentation or information regarding—

"(A) the offer for sale or purchase, or the subsequent sale, purchase, transportation, importation, or warehousing of, the article, including documentation or information related to the offering of the article for sale or purchase within the United States through a commercial or marketing platform, including an electronic commerce platform or marketplace, if applicable;

1	"(B) the identity of the seller, the shipper,
2	the carrier, the final delivery party, or the pur-
3	chaser of the article, as applicable;
4	"(C) the fair retail value in the country of
5	shipment; and
6	"(D) other information determined to be
7	necessary to protect the revenue and prevent
8	unlawful importations.
9	"(3) Identification of Harmonized Tariff
10	SCHEDULE CLASSIFICATION.—Notwithstanding any
11	other provision of law, the Secretary, in consultation
12	with the Postmaster General, shall require, with re-
13	spect to an article claimed as qualifying for an ad-
14	ministrative exemption under subsection $(a)(2)(C)$ ,
15	the submission of the following information as part
16	of the entry filing:
17	"(A) The identification of the 10-digit sta-
18	tistical reporting number of the Harmonized
19	Tariff Schedule of the United States under
20	which the article is classifiable.
21	"(B) A description of the article with suffi-
22	cient specificity to allow U.S. Customs and Bor-
23	der Protection to evaluate the correctness of the
24	statistical reporting number for the article iden-
25	tified under subparagraph (A).

1	(C) The country of origin of the article.
2	"(4) Parties providing documentation
3	AND INFORMATION.—The documentation or infor-
4	mation required pursuant to paragraph (1) with re-
5	spect to an article that may qualify for an adminis-
6	trative exemption under subsection (a)(2)(C) may be
7	provided by a party or parties other than one of the
8	parties qualifying to make entry, as specified by the
9	Secretary by regulations prescribed under section
10	498.
11	"(5) Veracity of documentation and in-
12	FORMATION.—A person providing documentation or
13	information to U.S. Customs and Border Protection
14	pursuant to paragraph (1) shall ensure that the doc-
15	umentation or information is true and correct to the
16	best of the person's knowledge and belief, subject to
17	any penalties authorized by law.
18	"(6) Use of information.—U.S. Customs
19	and Border Protection may use documentation or in-
20	formation provided pursuant to paragraph (1) for
21	any lawful purpose necessary to fulfill the mission of
22	U.S. Customs and Border Protection.
23	"(7) Penalties.—
24	"(A) VIOLATION OF REGULATIONS.—

1	"(i) CIVIL PENALTY.—Any person
2	that violates the regulations prescribed
3	under this subsection is liable for a civil
4	penalty in an amount not to exceed—
5	(I) \$1,000 for the first viola-
6	tion; and
7	((II) \$5,000 for each subsequent
8	violation.
9	"(ii) Additional penalties.—A
10	penalty imposed under this subparagraph
11	shall be in addition to any other penalty
12	provided by law.
13	"(iii) Remission; mitigation.—
14	"(I) In general.—Except as
15	provided by subclause (II), a penalty
16	imposed under this subparagraph may
17	be remitted or mitigated on a per
18	package or shipment basis, as appro-
19	priate, under section 618.
20	"(II) Exception.—If a penalty
21	is being considered with respect to a
22	fourth or subsequent violation de-
23	scribed in clause (i) by the same per-
24	son, the maximum penalty under

1	clause (i)(II) shall be imposed with re-
2	spect to the violation.
3	"(B) Additional violations.—
4	"(i) In general.—A person commits
5	fraud if the person provides a false state-
6	ment to U.S. Customs and Border Protec-
7	tion with respect to an article and U.S.
8	Customs and Border Protection—
9	"(I) permits the entry of that ar-
10	ticle at less than the proper rate of
11	duty; or
12	"(II) improperly treats that arti-
13	cle as qualifying for an administrative
14	exemption under subsection $(a)(2)(C)$ .
15	"(ii) CIVIL PENALTY.—A person that
16	engages in conduct described in clause (i)
17	is liable for a civil penalty in an amount
18	not to exceed—
19	"(I) \$5,000 for the first instance
20	of such conduct; and
21	"(II) \$10,000 for each subse-
22	quent instance of such conduct.
23	"(iii) Additional penalties.—A
24	penalty imposed under this subparagraph
25	shall be in addition to any other penalty

provided by section 592 or any other provi-
sion of law.
"(iv) Remission; mitigation.—
"(I) IN GENERAL.—Except as
provided by subclause (II), a penalty
imposed under this subparagraph may
be remitted or mitigated on a per
package or shipment basis, as appro-
priate, under section 618.
"(II) Exception.—If a penalty
is being considered with respect to a
fourth or subsequent violation de-
scribed in clause (i) by the same per-
son, the maximum penalty under
clause (ii)(II) shall be imposed with
respect to the violation.
"(8) Definition.—In this subsection, the
terms 'provide', 'providing', and 'provision', with re-
spect to documentation or information provided to
U.S. Customs and Border Protection, include the
submission, transmission, or otherwise making avail-
able of the documentation or information to U.S
Customs and Border Protection.".

1	SEC 5	TIMITATIONS	ON EXEMPTION	EDOM DITTIES
- 1	SPIC. 5.	LIMITATIONS	ONEXEMPTION	RROWIDE TRA

2	Section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
3	1321) is amended by striking "(b) The Secretary of the
4	Treasury' and inserting the following:
5	"(b) Exceptions.—
6	"(1) In General.—The Secretary of the
7	Treasury may not exempt from duties and taxes
8	under subsection (a)(2)(C)—
9	"(A) any article that is—
10	"(i) subject to an antidumping or
11	countervailing duty determination, instruc-
12	tion, or order under title VII of this Act
13	"(ii) subject to a tariff-rate quota or
14	other quota;
15	"(iii) subject to a tax imposed under
16	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 that is
17	collected by U.S. Customs and Border Pro-
18	tection;
19	"(iv) subject to an action taken
20	under—
21	"(I) section 201(a) or 301(c) of
22	the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
23	2251(a) and 2411(c)); or
24	"(II) section 232(c) of the Trade
25	Expansion Act of 1962 (19 U.S.C.
26	1862(e); or

1	"(v) as of January 1, 2025, not des-
2	ignated by the President under section 503
3	of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2463)
4	as an eligible article for purposes of the
5	Generalized System of Preferences under
6	title V of that Act (19 U.S.C. 2461 et
7	seq.), as reflected in the Harmonized Tar-
8	iff Schedule of the United States, without
9	regard to whether the Generalized System
10	of Preferences otherwise applies to the ar-
11	ticle, including for reasons of country of
12	origin of the article or expiration of the
13	Generalized System of Preferences; or
14	"(B) any article of a type or class that the
15	Secretary determines is not able to be exempted
16	from duties and taxes under subsection (a) in
17	a manner that will protect the revenue and pre-
18	vent unlawful importations because the type or
19	class is subject to—
20	"(i) a significant increase in imports
21	over the trend for a recent representative
22	base period; or
23	"(ii) persistent and significant evi-
24	dence of hiding the shipment of illicit

1	goods, fraud, counterfeiting, or other mal-
2	feasance.
3	"(2) List of articles determined unable
4	TO BE EXEMPTED.—The Secretary shall identify any
5	article of a type or class that the Secretary deter-
6	mines under paragraph (1)(B) is not able to be ex-
7	empted from duties and taxes under subsection (a)
8	on a list maintained on a publicly accessible website
9	and reviewed not less frequently than annually by
10	the Secretary.
11	"(3) OTHER EXCEPTIONS.—The Secretary".
12	SEC. 6. DISPOSITION OF DETAINED MERCHANDISE.
13	Section 499 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
14	1499) is amended—
15	(1) in subsection (c)—
16	(A) in paragraph (2)—
17	(i) by redesignating subparagraphs
18	(A) through (E) as clauses (i) through (v),
19	respectively, and by moving such clauses,
20	as so redesignated, 2 ems to the right;
21	(ii) by striking "The Customs Service
22	shall" and inserting the following:
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—U.S. Customs and
24	Border Protection shall"; and

1	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(B) Merchandise for which entry
4	SOUGHT UNDER ADMINISTRATIVE EXEMPTION
5	FROM DUTIES.—In the case of detained mer-
6	chandise for which entry under an administra-
7	tive exemption under section 321(a)(2)(C) is
8	claimed—
9	"(i) U.S. Customs and Border Protec-
10	tion shall provide the notice required by
11	subparagraph (A) to each party that ap-
12	pears to have an interest in the merchan-
13	dise, based on information reasonably
14	available to U.S. Customs and Border Pro-
15	tection, in such form and manner as the
16	Secretary shall by regulation prescribe;
17	"(ii) in addition to the matter re-
18	quired by clauses (i) through (v) of sub-
19	paragraph (A), the notice shall advise the
20	interested party that, instead of providing
21	information in response to subparagraph
22	(A)(v), the interested party may volun-
23	tarily abandon the merchandise; and
24	"(iii) if U.S. Customs and Border
25	Protection does not receive a response

1	from an interested party by the date that
2	is 15 days after the date of the notice—
3	"(I) the merchandise shall be
4	deemed abandoned; and
5	"(II) title to the merchandise
6	shall be vested in the United States
7	and disposed of in accordance with
8	law."; and
9	(B) in paragraph (5), by adding at the end
10	the following:
11	"(D) Subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) do
12	not apply with respect to merchandise for which
13	entry under an administrative exemption under
14	section 321(a)(2)(C) is claimed.";
15	(2) by striking "The Customs Service" each
16	place it appears and inserting "U.S. Customs and
17	Border Protection"; and
18	(3) by striking "the Customs Service" each
19	place it appears and inserting "U.S. Customs and
20	Border Protection".
21	SEC. 7. REPORT ON REVIEW OF MERCHANDISE BY PART-
22	NER GOVERNMENT AGENCIES.
23	Not later than 270 days after the date of the enact-
24	ment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall sub-
25	mit to Congress a report on the engagement of partner

1	government agencies of U.S. Customs and Border Protec-
2	tion in the review and detention of merchandise for which
3	an administrative exemption under section 321 of the Tar-
4	iff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321) is claimed that includes
5	recommendations for improving such engagement and the
6	interdiction of merchandise inconsistent with the require-
7	ments of such agencies.
8	SEC. 8. SUMMARY FORFEITURE OF CERTAIN MERCHAN
9	DISE IMPORTED CONTRARY TO LAW.
10	Section 596 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
11	1595a) is amended by adding at the end the following
12	"(e) Summary Forfeiture.—
13	"(1) In General.—Merchandise described in
14	paragraph (2) may be summarily forfeited to the
15	United States and title shall vest immediately in the
16	United States.
17	"(2) Merchandise described.—Merchandise
18	described in this paragraph is merchandise being im-
19	ported or attempted to be imported—
20	"(A) for which an administrative exemp-
21	tion under section 321(a)(2)(C) is claimed; and
22	"(B) that is described in paragraph (1),
23	(2), or (3) of section 596(c).
24	"(3) Notice.—In any case in which merchan-
25	dise is summarily forfeited pursuant to this sub-

1	section, U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall
2	notify the carrier of the merchandise, and may no-
3	tify a customs broker involved in the importation or
4	attempted importation of the merchandise, in such
5	form and manner as the Secretary shall prescribe by
6	regulation, which may include communication
7	through an authorized electronic data interchange
8	system.".
9	SEC. 9. MODIFICATION OF PENALTY FOR AIDING UNLAW-
10	FUL IMPORTATION.
11	Section 596(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
12	1595a(b)) is amended by striking "the preceding sub-
13	section" and all that follows and inserting the following
14	"subsection (a) shall be liable, without regard to whether
15	the article or articles introduced or attempted to be intro-
16	duced were seized, for a penalty equal to the greater of—
17	"(1) the domestic value of the article or arti-
18	cles; or
19	"(2) \$5,000.".
20	SEC. 10. SHARING OF INFORMATION WITH RESPECT TO
21	SUSPECTED VIOLATIONS OF INTELLECTUAL
22	PROPERTY RIGHTS.
23	Section 628A(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
24	1628a(a)) is amended—
25	(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1)—

1	(A) by striking "suspects" and inserting
2	"has a reasonable suspicion"; and
3	(B) by striking "testing—" and inserting
4	"testing, may—";
5	(2) in paragraph (1)—
6	(A) by striking "shall"; and
7	(B) by striking "; and" and inserting a
8	semicolon;
9	(3) in paragraph (2)—
10	(A) by striking "may,"; and
11	(B) by striking the period at the end and
12	inserting "; and; and
13	(4) by adding at the end the following:
14	"(3) provide to the person nonpublic informa-
15	tion about the merchandise that was—
16	"(A) generated by an online marketplace
17	or other similar market platform, an express
18	consignment operator, a freight forwarder, or
19	any other entity that plays a role in the sale or
20	importation of merchandise into the United
21	States or the facilitation of such sale or impor-
22	tation, including copies or images of packaging,
23	materials, labeling, or containers; and
24	"(B) provided to, shared with, or obtained
25	by, U.S. Customs and Border Protection.".

1	SEC. 11. CUSTOMS USER FEE FOR PROCESSING SHIP-
2	MENTS.
3	(a) In General.—Section 13031(a)(10) of the Con-
4	solidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19
5	U.S.C. 58c(a)(10)) is amended—
6	(1) in subparagraph (C)—
7	(A) in clause (ii), by striking "; or" and in-
8	serting a semicolon;
9	(B) in clause (iii), by striking the period at
10	the end and inserting "; or"; and
11	(C) by inserting after clause (iii) the fol-
12	lowing:
13	"(iv) \$2 for each shipment, to be paid
14	by the party making entry, if the entry or
15	release of that shipment, whether auto-
16	mated or manual, is made under section
17	321(a)(2)(C) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19
18	U.S.C. $1321(a)(2)(C)$ ."; and
19	(2) in the flush text at the end, by adding at
20	the end the following: "In the case of shipments the
21	entry or release of which is made under section
22	321(a)(2)(C) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
23	1321(a)(2)(C)) that are sent to the United States
24	through the international postal network, the Sec-
25	retary, in consultation with the Postmaster General,
26	shall determine whether it is appropriate to impose

- 1 fees that are the same or similar as the fees applica-
- 2 ble to shipments under subparagraph (C)(iv) on
- 3 shipments by the United States Postal Service. If
- 4 the Secretary determines that such requirements are
- 5 appropriate, such requirements shall be prescribed
- 6 by regulation.".
- 7 (b) Payment.—Section 13031(b)(8)(D)(i) of the
- 8 Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985
- 9 (19 U.S.C. 58c(b)(8)(D)(i)) is amended by inserting after
- 10 "merchandise" the following: ", except in the case of fees
- 11 charged under subsection (a)(10)(C)(iv), in which case
- 12 such fees shall be paid by the party making entry".
- 13 SEC. 12. REPORT ON USE OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXEMP-
- 14 TIONS AND ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS.
- 15 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the
- 16 date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter,
- 17 the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the
- 18 Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection,
- 19 shall submit to the Committee on Finance of the Senate
- 20 and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of
- 21 Representatives a report, followed by a briefing, on the
- 22 use of administrative exemptions under section 321 of the
- 23 Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321).

1	(b) Elements.—Each report required by subsection
2	(a) shall include, for the year preceding submission of the
3	report, the following:
4	(1) An assessment of the volume of imports
5	claiming an administrative exemption under section
6	321(a)(2)(C) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
7	1321(a)(2)(C)), including—
8	(A) the total number of shipments of im-
9	ports claiming such an exemption; and
10	(B) the volume of merchandise claiming
11	such an exemption, identified by—
12	(i) the 4-digit heading of the Har-
13	monized Tariff Schedule of the United
14	States under which the merchandise was
15	classified; and
16	(ii) the country of origin of the mer-
17	chandise.
18	(2) An assessment of the total revenue forgone
19	by the United States Government as a result of per-
20	mitting the entry of merchandise free of duty pursu-
21	ant to that section.
22	(3) The number and a description of the type
23	of violations of the regulations prescribed under sub-
24	section (c) of section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930,
25	as added by section 4, identified in shipments claim-

feiture.

ing an administrative exemption under that section, and penalties applied to such shipments, including a description of the type and frequency of mitigation actions applicable to such shipments.

(4) A detailed description of shipments, disaggregated by port of entry, for which an administrative exemption under section 321(a)(2)(C) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C)) was claimed that were subject to detention or for-

(5) A description of any merchandise or shipments under evaluation as ineligible, under subsection (b)(1)(B) of section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended by section 5, for such an administrative exemption.

feiture and the reasons for the detention or for-

- (6) The average number of referrals of criminal matters to the Department of Justice or Homeland Security Investigations made on a monthly basis for merchandise for which such an administrative exemption was claimed.
- (7) A description of the use of administrative exemptions under section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321) for merchandise shipped from Mexico or Canada to the United States, includ-

1	ing the volume and type of such merchandise for
2	which such an exemption was claimed, and any
3	trends in the use of such exemptions.
4	(8) A description of current staffing, risk miti-
5	gation, and other actions to ensure that administra-
6	tive exemptions under section 321 of the Tariff Act
7	of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321) are used in compliance
8	with United States law.
9	SEC. 13. EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICABILITY.
10	The amendments made by this Act shall—
11	(1) take effect on the date that is 60 days after
12	the date of the enactment of this Act; and
13	(2) apply with respect to articles entered on or
14	after the date that is 30 days after the effective date
15	of the regulations prescribed under subsection (c) of
16	section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as added by
17	section 4.