

AMENDMENT NO. _____ Calendar No. _____

Purpose: In the nature of a substitute.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES—111th Cong., 2d Sess.

H. R. 5901

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt certain stock of real estate investment trusts from the tax on foreign investment in United States real property interests, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on _____ and
ordered to be printed

Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed

AMENDMENT In the Nature of a Substitute intended to be
proposed by Mr. BAUCUS

Viz:

1 Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the fol-
2 lowing:

3 **SECTION 1. AUTHORITY OF TAX COURT TO APPOINT EM-**
4 **PLOYEES.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section 7471 of
6 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to employees)
7 is amended to read as follows:

8 “(a) APPOINTMENT AND COMPENSATION.—

9 “(1) CLERK.—The Tax Court may appoint a
10 clerk without regard to the provisions of title 5,
11 United States Code, governing appointments in the

1 competitive service. The clerk shall serve at the
2 pleasure of the Tax Court.

3 “(2) JUDGE-APPOINTED EMPLOYEES.—

4 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The judges and spe-
5 cial trial judges of the Tax Court may appoint
6 employees, in such numbers as the Tax Court
7 may approve, without regard to the provisions
8 of title 5, United States Code, governing ap-
9 pointments in the competitive service. Any such
10 employee shall serve at the pleasure of the ap-
11 pointing judge.

12 “(B) EXEMPTION FROM FEDERAL LEAVE
13 PROVISIONS.—A law clerk appointed under this
14 subsection shall be exempt from the provisions
15 of subchapter I of chapter 63 of title 5, United
16 States Code. Any unused sick leave or annual
17 leave standing to the law clerk’s credit as of the
18 effective date of this subsection shall remain
19 credited to the law clerk and shall be available
20 to the law clerk upon separation from the Fed-
21 eral Government.

22 “(3) OTHER EMPLOYEES.—The Tax Court may
23 appoint necessary employees without regard to the
24 provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing
25 appointments in the competitive service. Such em-

1 ployees shall be subject to removal by the Tax
2 Court.

3 “(4) PAY.—The Tax Court may fix and adjust
4 the compensation for the clerk and other employees
5 of the Tax Court without regard to the provisions of
6 chapter 51, subchapter III of chapter 53, or section
7 5373 of title 5, United States Code. To the max-
8 imum extent feasible, the Tax Court shall com-
9 pensate employees at rates consistent with those for
10 employees holding comparable positions in courts es-
11 tablished under Article III of the Constitution of the
12 United States.

13 “(5) PROGRAMS.—The Tax Court may establish
14 programs for employee evaluations, incentive awards,
15 flexible work schedules, premium pay, and resolution
16 of employee grievances.

17 “(6) DISCRIMINATION PROHIBITED.—The Tax
18 Court shall—

19 “(A) prohibit discrimination on the basis
20 of race, color, religion, age, sex, national origin,
21 political affiliation, marital status, or handi-
22 capping condition; and

23 “(B) promulgate procedures for resolving
24 complaints of discrimination by employees and
25 applicants for employment.

1 “(7) EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS.—The Tax
2 Court may procure the services of experts and con-
3 sultants under section 3109 of title 5, United States
4 Code.

5 “(8) RIGHTS TO CERTAIN APPEALS RE-
6 SERVED.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
7 law, an individual who is an employee of the Tax
8 Court on the day before the effective date of this
9 subsection and who, as of that day, was entitled
10 to—

11 “(A) appeal a reduction in grade or re-
12 moval to the Merit Systems Protection Board
13 under chapter 43 of title 5, United States Code,

14 “(B) appeal an adverse action to the Merit
15 Systems Protection Board under chapter 75 of
16 title 5, United States Code,

17 “(C) appeal a prohibited personnel practice
18 described under section 2302(b) of title 5,
19 United States Code, to the Merit Systems Pro-
20 tection Board under chapter 77 of that title,

21 “(D) make an allegation of a prohibited
22 personnel practice described under section
23 2302(b) of title 5, United States Code, with the
24 Office of Special Counsel under chapter 12 of

1 that title for action in accordance with that
2 chapter, or

3 “(E) file an appeal with the Equal Em-
4 ployment Opportunity Commission under part
5 1614 of title 29 of the Code of Federal Regula-
6 tions,

7 shall continue to be entitled to file such appeal or
8 make such an allegation so long as the individual re-
9 mains an employee of the Tax Court.

10 “(9) COMPETITIVE STATUS.—Notwithstanding
11 any other provision of law, any employee of the Tax
12 Court who has completed at least 1 year of contin-
13 uous service under a non-temporary appointment
14 with the Tax Court acquires a competitive status for
15 appointment to any position in the competitive serv-
16 ice for which the employee possesses the required
17 qualifications.

18 “(10) MERIT SYSTEM PRINCIPLES, PROHIBITED
19 PERSONNEL PRACTICES, AND PREFERENCE ELIGI-
20 BLES.—Any personnel management system of the
21 Tax Court shall—

22 “(A) include the principles set forth in sec-
23 tion 2301(b) of title 5, United States Code;

1 “(B) prohibit personnel practices prohib-
2 ited under section 2302(b) of title 5, United
3 States Code; and

4 “(C) in the case of any individual who
5 would be a preference eligible in the executive
6 branch, provide preference for that individual in
7 a manner and to an extent consistent with pref-
8 erence accorded to preference eligibles in the
9 executive branch.”.

10 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
11 this section shall take effect on the date the United States
12 Tax Court adopts a personnel management system after
13 the date of the enactment of this Act.