

MEDIUM

- KID recovered, but not to report to research
- LI recovered but discarded

CONFIDENTIAL MEDICAL PEER REVIEW



Member Quality Department: Non-Routine Intake and Triage Form

Staff Completing Intake: [Redacted]

Mode of Notification (e.g., member complaint, self-report, observation on site survey): Anonymous

Method of Intake (e.g., phone call, site survey, PSP): Member Reporting Line

Receipt Date (UNOS): 2/24/17 Receipt Time (UNOS): 3:06 pm

Receipt Date (MQ): 2/24/17 Receipt Time (MQ): 3:06 pm

Intake Date (MQ IH Staff): 2/24/17 Intake Time (MQ IH Staff): 3:06 pm

Case Details

Reporting Institution or Individual: Anonymous (MRL)

Subject of Report (Institution or Individual): INOP

Brief Description of Issue: MRL call [Redacted] 2/23/17. Second hand: DED donor was alive (beating heart) when he was opened; support had been w/d + hr nonbre for 5 minutes. HR was again monitored, + death declared 10 minutes later. Recovering surgeon then declared death + proceeded w/ organ recovery.

Section A

1. Does the presenting issue meet any of the criteria listed on Attachment I of this document? ☐ Yes ☒ No

a. If yes, describe issue below and proceed to question 2.

b. If no, proceed to question 2.

2. Was there direct and specific harm to an identified patient or patients? ☐ Yes ☒ No

a. If yes, i. Identify the patient or patients:

ii. Specify the harm (e.g., diagnosis, injury, condition):

iii. When did the harm occur (date, time)?

iv. Then, skip to question 4.

b. If no, proceed to question 3.

3. Was there high potential for direct and specific harm to an identified patient or patients? ☐ Yes ☒ No

a. If yes, i. Identify the patient or patients:

ii. Specify the potential harm:

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TBD

as ☐ No

ation to your Manager AND the DEQ Assistant Director (Audit & Monitoring)
and proceed with Routine Investigation Pathway Form

Case Disposition

Intake Form must be completed within 2 hours of receipt despite assigned priority

Category Assigned: Initial

High (Your manager must be notified through direct communication immediately.) ☐

Medium (Your manager must be notified within 4 hours of intake.)

Low (Your manager must review a copy of this form within 1 week of intake.)

Other (Your manager must be notified immediately.)

5. Is there a reasonable concern that this situation could recur in the near future (i.e., within 1 year)? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Assigned Case Lead: ☐ Yes ☐ No

6. Does this situation or issue represent a threat to the integrity of the OPTN? Yes ☐ No ☐

7. Is there suspicion or allegation of a conflict of interest? ☐ Yes ☐ No

8. Is there a potential for retaliation? ☐ Yes ☐ No

9. Was there a specific member action or inaction that led to the disclosure of the potential for harm? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Management Review (required for all case types):

Management Notified (Date/Time): 2/24 @ 1:00

Management Initials: [Redacted]

(In manager's absence, notify your Assistant Director.)

Category Assigned:

- ☐ High (AD/Director to notify Executive Director and Assistant Executive Director immediately. Preliminary investigation complete within 24 hours.)
- ☒ Medium (AD/Director to notify Executive Director and Assistant Executive Director within 3 days of receipt of intake.)
- ☐ Low (DEQ A.D. - Audit & Monitoring, OPTN Exec. Director and HRSA will be provided a listing of all cases designated "low" priority status on a monthly basis.)
- ☐ Other (Notify executive level UNOS leadership within two business days of intake)

Assistant Director Review (required for high, medium and other):

Assistant Director notified (Date/Time): _____

Assistant Director Initials: _____

Agree with previously assigned category? ☐ Yes ☐ No

If no, reassigned category: ☐ High ☐ Medium ☐ Low ☐ Other

OPTN Executive Director notified (Date/Time): _____

HRSA Notified (Date/Time): _____

☐ Included in monthly HRSA report? Month: _____

☐ Quality Inspection Complete? Date: _____ Initials: _____

Events that should be reported to the OPTN leadership within 1 business day. Excludes Saturdays, Sundays and holidays.

1. Suspected or significant potential of (non-HIV) disease transmission from a donor to a transplant recipient.
2. Any sanction taken by a state medical board or other professional body against a transplant professional working for an OPTN member.

Events that should be reported to the OPTN leadership within 24 hours of issue intake:

1. A transplant of the wrong organ into an organ recipient.
2. A near-miss transplant of the wrong organ into an organ recipient.
3. A transplant into the wrong organ recipient.
4. A near-miss transplant into the wrong organ recipient.
5. A suspected (or confirmed) human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) transmission from a donor (deceased or living) to a transplant recipient.
6. Any complaint, issue, or concern that may pose a serious or time-sensitive threat to public health or patient safety (including failure to provide a safe environment to patients), regardless of whether there is a suspected or actual violation of OPTN policy or the OPTN final rule.
7. A living donor death, regardless of the time period after surgery and regardless of the cause of death.
8. Failure of a native organ in a living organ donor.
9. Evidence of an attempt to deceive the OPTN or the Department (e.g., falsifying medical records).
10. Use of a device for a condition, diagnosis, or procedure that is contraindicated by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).
11. Any "Never Event," as included in the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' (CMS) policies for selected hospital-acquired conditions (HAC's), in an OPTN member hospital that impacts transplant patients or living organ donors (including those under evaluation for living organ donation).

With respect to Items 1 and 2, an event should be considered a "near-miss" if the error is not caught before the recipient is brought to the surgery holding area. With respect to Items 1, 2, 3, or 4, errors that might lead to the transplant of the wrong organ or patient, or near-miss events, may include documentation errors involving donor ABO, donor identification information (ID), intended recipient name or other ID, packaging or labeling errors (of organ, issue specimens, blood) involving donor ABO, donor ID, intended recipient name or other ID, and/or the organ type, or an organ that goes to the wrong destination.