Rules of Procedure COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

United States Senate



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COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

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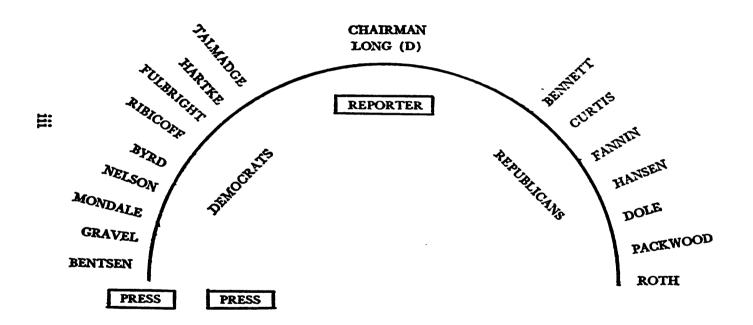


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COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

I. RULES OF PROCEDURE

Rule 1. Regular Meeting Days.—The regular meeting day of the committee shall be the first and third Wednesday of each month, except that if there be no business before the committee the regular meeting shall be omitted.

Rule 2. Committee Meetings.—(a) Except as provided by section 133(a) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 as amended by section 102(a) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1970 (relating to special meetings called by a majority of the committee) and subsection (b) of this rule, committee meetings, for the conduct of business, for the purpose of holding hearings, or for any other purpose, shall be called by the chairman.

(b) In the absence of the chairman, meetings of the committee may be called by the ranking majority member of the committee who is present, provided authority to call meetings has been delegated to such member by the chairman.

Rule 3. *Presiding Officer.*—(a) The chairman shall preside at all meetings and hearings of the committee except that in his absence the ranking majority member who is present at the meeting shall preside. (b) Notwithstanding the rule prescribed by subsection (a) any member of the committee may preside over the conduct of a hearing.

Rule 4. *Quorums.*—(a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c) nine members shall constitute a quorum for the conduct of business.

(b) Notwithstanding the rule prescribed by subsection (a), one member shall constitute a quorum for the purpose of conducting a hearing.

(c) Once a quorum as prescribed by subsection (a) has been established for the conduct of business in executive session, the committee may continue to conduct business so long as five or more members are present.

Rule 5. Reporting of Measures or Recommendations.—No measure or recommendation shall be reported from the committee unless a majority of the committee is actually present and a majority of those present concur.

Rule 6. Proxy Voting; Polling.—(a) Except as provided by section 133(d) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 as amended by section 106(a) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1970 (relating to limitation on use of proxy voting to report a measure or matter), members who are unable to be present may have their vote recorded by proxy.

(b) At the discretion of the committee, members who are unable to be present and whose vote has not been cast by proxy may be polled for the purpose of recording their vote on any rollcall taken by the committee. Rule 7. Order of Motions.—When several motions are before the committee dealing with related or overlapping matters, the chairman may specify the order in which the motions shall be voted upon.

Rule 8. Bringing a Matter to a Vote.—If the Chairman determines that a motion or amendment has been adequately debated, he may call for a vote on such motion or amendment, and the vote shall then be taken, unless the Committee votes to continue debate on such motion or amendment, as the case may be. The vote on a motion to continue debate on any motion or amendment shall be taken without debate.

Rule 9. Public Announcement of Committee Votes.—Pursuant to section 133(b) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 as amended by section 104(a) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1970 (relating to public announcement of votes), the results of rollcall votes taken by the committee on any measure (or amendment thereto) or matter shall be announced publicly not later than the day on which such measure or matter is ordered reported from the committee.

Rule 10. Subpoenas.—Subpoenas for attendance of witnesses and the production of memoranda, documents, and records shall be issued by the chairman, or by any other member of the committee designated by him.

Rule 11. Open Committee Hearings.—To the extent required by section 133A of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 as amended by section 112(a) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1970 (relating to limitations on open hearings), each hearing conducted by the committee shall be open to the public.

Rule 12. Announcement of Hearings.—The committee shall undertake consistent with the provisions of section 133A of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 as added by section 111(a) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1970 (relating to public notice of committee hearings) to issue public announcements of hearings it intends to hold at least one week prior to the commencement of such hearings.

Rule 13. Witnesses at Hearings.—(a) Each witness who is scheduled to testify at any hearing must submit his written testimony to the chief counsel not later than noon of the last business day preceding the day on which he is scheduled to appear. Such written testimony shall be accompanied by a brief summary of the principal points covered in the written testimony. Having submitted his written testimony, the witness shall be allowed not more than ten minutes for oral presentation of his statement.

(b) Witnesses may not read their entire written testimony, but must confine their oral presentation to a summarization of their arguments.

(c) Witnesses shall observe proper standards of dignity, decorum and propriety while presenting their views to the committee. Any witness who violates this rule shall be dismissed, and his testimony (both oral and written) shall not appear in the record of the hearing.

Rule 14. Audiences.—Persons admitted into the audience for open hearings of the committee shall conduct themselves with the dignity, decorum, courtesy and propriety traditionally observed by the Senate. Demonstrations of approval or disapproval of any statement or act by any member or witness are not allowed. Persons creating confusion or distractions or otherwise disrupting the orderly proceeding of the hearing shall be expelled from the hearing.

Rule 15. Broadcasting of Hearings.—(a) Broadcasting of open hearings by television or radio coverage shall be allowed upon approval by the chairman of a request filed with the chief counsel not later than noon of the day before the day on which such coverage is desired.

(b) If such approval is granted, broadcasting coverage of the hearing shall be conducted unobtrusively and in accordance with the standards of dignity, propriety, courtesy and decorum traditionally observed by the Senate.

(c) Equipment necessary for coverage by television and radio media shall not be installed in, or removed from, the hearing room while the committee is in session.

(d) Additional lighting may be installed in the hearing room by the media in order to raise the ambient lighting level to the lowest level necessary to provide adequate television coverage of the hearing at the then current state of the art of television coverage. (e) The additional lighting authorized by subsection (d) of this rule shall not be directed into the eyes of any member of the committee or of any witness, and at the request of any such member or witness, offending lighting shall be extinguished.

(f) No witness shall be required to be photographed at any hearing or to give testimony while the broadcasting (or coverage) of that hearing is being conducted. At the request of any such witness who does not wish to be subjected to radio or television coverage, all equipment used for coverage shall be turned off.

Rule 16. Amendment of Rules.—The forcgoing rules may be added to, modified, amended or suspended at any time.

(Rule 25.1 (h) of the Standing Rules of the Senate as modified by section 181 of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1970)

RULE XXV

1. The following standing committees shall be appointed at the commencement of each Congress, with leave to report by bill or otherwise:

* *

(h) Committee on Finance, to which committee shall be referred all proposed legislation, messages, petitions, memorials, and other matters relating to the following subjects ':

1. Revenue measures generally.

2. The bonded debt of the United States.

3. The deposit of public moneys.

4. Customs, collection districts, and ports of entry and delivery.

5. Reciprocal trade agreements.

6. Transportation of dutiable goods.

7. Revenue measures relating to the insular possessions.

8. Tariffs and import quotas, and matters related thereto.

9. National social security.

¹As amended, Sec. 131(a) of Pub. Law 91-510, 84 Stat. 1163, Oct. 26, 1970. Section 181 of that Act established a standing Committee on Veterans' Affairs and transferred to it as jurisdictional items 1-4 those formerly exercised by the Committee on Finance as items 10-13.

III. EXECUTIVE SESSIONS

(Rule 25.7 (b) of the Standing Rules of the Senate, as added by S. Res. 69, 93d Congress)

RULE XXV

* * *

(b) Meetings for the transaction of business of each standing committee of the Senate, other than for the conduct of hearings (which are provided for in section 112(a) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1970), shall be open to the public except during closed sessions for marking up bills or for voting or when the committee by majority vote orders a closed session: *Provided*, That any such closed session may be open to the public if the committee by rule or by majority vote so determines.

(Section 184 of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 as amended by section 117 of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1970)

SEC. 134. (a) Each standing committee of the Senate, including any subcommittee of any such committee, is authorized to hold such hearings, to sit and act at such times and places during the sessions, recesses, and adjourned periods of the Senate, to require by subpoena or otherwise the attendance of such witnesses and the production of such correspondence, books, papers, and documents, to take such testimony and to make such expenditures (not in excess of \$10,000 for each committee during any Congress) as it deems advisable. Each such committee may make investigacions into any matter within its jurisdiction, may report such hearings as may be had by it, and may employ stenographic assistance at a cost not exceeding 25 cents per hundred words.¹ The expenses of

For current rates and regulations, contact the Committee on Rules and Administration.

³ The provision of this sentence relating to compensation for stenographic assistance has been superseded by the following provision of the act of June 27, 1956 (70 Stat. 360; 2 U.S.C. 68c):

Compensation for stenographic assistance of committees paid out of the foregoing items under "Contingent Expenses of the Senate" hereafter shall be computed at such rates and in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed by the Committee on Rules and Administration, notwithstanding, and without regard to any other provision of law.

the committee shall be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate upon vouchers approved by the chairman.

(b) (Superseded by 2 U.S.C. 104a.)

(c) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, no standing committee of the Senate shall sit, without special leave, while the Senate is in session. The prohibition contained in the preceding sentence shall not apply to the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate. Any other standing committee of the Senate may sit for any purpose while the Senate is in session if consent therefor has been obtained from the majority leader and the minority leader of the Senate. In the event of the absence of either of such leaders, the consent of the absent leader may be given by a Senator designated by such leader for that purpose. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, any standing committee of the Senate may sit without special leave for any purpose as authorized by paragraph 7 of rule XXV of the Standing Rules of the Senate.

V. COMMITTEE RULES

(Section 133B of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 as added by section 130 of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1970)

SEC. 133B. Each standing, select, or special committee of the Senate shall adopt rules (not inconsistent with the Standing Rules of the Senate or with those provisions of law having the force and effect of Standing Rules of the Senate) governing the procedure of such committee. The rules of each such committee shall be published in the Congressional Record not later than March 1 of each year, except that if any such committee is established on or after February 1 of a year, the rules of that committee during the year of establishment shall be published in the Congressional Record not later than sixty days after such establishment. An amendment to the rules of any such committee shall be published in the Congressional Record not later than thirty days after the adoption of such amendment. If the Congressional Record is not published on the last day of any period during which the rules of any such committee, or an amendment to those rules, is required to be published in the Congressional Record by this section, such rules or amendment shall be published in the first daily edition of the Congressional Record published following such day.

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