
CRAIG COUNTERCURRENT DISTRIBUTION APPARATUS FOR COLORADO STATE UNIVERSITY

OCTOBER 16, 1965.—Ordered to be printed
Filed under authority of the order of the Senate of October 15, 1965

Mr. LONG of Louisiana, from the Committee on Finance, submitted
the following

REPORT

[To accompany H.R. 9587]

The Committee on Finance, to which was referred the bill (H.R. 9587) to provide for the free entry of a Craig countercurrent distribution apparatus for the use of Colorado State University, Fort Collins, Colo., having considered the same, reports favorably thereon without amendment and recommends that the bill do pass.

PURPOSE

The purpose of H.R. 9587 is to allow Colorado State University to import free of duty a scientific instrument for its own use.

GENERAL STATEMENT

H.R. 9587 would direct the Secretary of the Treasury to admit free of duty a Craig countercurrent distribution apparatus (and its accompanying parts and equipment) for the use of Colorado State University, Fort Collins, Colo.

The apparatus covered by the bill is a research type of chemical extraction apparatus used in endocrine research. It was entered for consumption at customs port of Denver, Colo., February 1963, under consumption entry No. 1136.

Your committee is advised that no comparable machine made in the United States is available. The Department of Commerce has stated with respect to this bill:

It is our understanding that the Craig countercurrent distribution instrument is a research type of chemical extraction apparatus to be used in endocrine research by the Colorado

State University. The Department also understands that the Craig instrument has certain characteristics which are not present in other types of chemical extraction apparatus and which are essential to the research purposes of the university.

As a result of our investigation, this Department is of the opinion that at the time Colorado State University determined its requirements and specifications for the Craig type of extraction apparatus no instrument of equivalent scientific value was available from domestic sources.

In the circumstances the Committee on Finance, like the Committee on Ways and Means of the House, is of the opinion that this legislation is meritorious and consistent with prior legislation of this nature, and recommends its enactment.

