COMMITTEE ON FINANCE UNITED STATES SENATE

Harry Flood Byrd, Chairman

MAJOR DIFFERENCES IN THE PRESENT SOCIAL SECURITY LAW AND H. R. 7225 AS REPORTED BY THE COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

RELATING TO

OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSURANCE AND PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

(Compiled by Helen Livingston, Government Division, Fred Arner, American Law Division, Legislative Reference Service, Library of Congress, at the Direction of the Chairman and Printed for the Use of the Committee on Finance)

United States
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON: 1844

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

HARRY FLOOD BYRD, Virginia, Chairman

WALTER F. GEORGE, Georgia ROBERT S. KERR, Okiahoma J. ALLEN FREAR, Jr., Delaware RUSSELL B. LONG, Louisianna GEORGE A., SMATHERS, Plorida CLINTO S. P. ANDERSON, New Mexico PAUL II. DOUGLAS, Illinois

EUGENE D. MILLIKIN, Colorado EDWARD MARTIN, Pennsylvania JOHN J. WILLIAMS, Delaware RALPH E. FLANDERS, Vermont GEORGE W. MALONE, Nevada FRANK CARLSON, Kansus WÁLLACE F. BENNETT, Utah

BUZABETH B. Breinger, Chief Clark

· (III)

CONTENTS

	en e	
	Saure en	Pag 1-
L	Coverage	17
	A. Self-employed	
	1. Professional groups	
	2. Farm operators and share farmers	
	3. Ministers	1-
	B. Employees	
	1. Agricultural workers.	1-2
	2. State and local government employees.	
	C. Adjustment in benefit provisions.	•
••	D. Geographical scope.	
11.	Benefits for disabled children	4-
	A. Benefits	4
	B. Definition of disability	4
	C. Disability determination	•
	D. Adjustment of duplicate benefits	•
	E. Rehabilitation	
	F. Suspension of benefits based on disability.	
III.	Benefit categories.	1
	A. Old age.	
	B. Wife	
	C. Child	ŧ
	D. Widow	
	E. Parent	
	Suspension of benefits for certain aliens who leave the United States.	- 1
V.	Pinancing	(
	A. Tax rates	•
	B. Advisory council	(
	C. Investment of the trust fund.	(
	PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	
	2	
I.	Temporary extension of 1954 matching formula	7
II.	Medical care financing	7
III.	Administrative costs	7
	Requirements for approval of a State plan	7
	Research and demonstration projects	7
	Training grants for public assistance personnel.	7
VII.	Aid to dependent children program	8
	1. Definition of needy child	8
	2. Definition of eligible relative	8

	•		
•	·		
÷			
· :			
			ı

Major differences in the present social-security law and H. R. 7225 as reported by the Senate Committee on Finance relating to old-age and survivors insurance and public assistance

OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSURANCE

I. COVERAGE				
Items	Present law	II. R. 7225		
A. Self-err 'oyed: 1. f.ofcesional groups.	Breludes specific professional groups: physicians, lawyers, dentists, osteopaths, veterinarians, naturopaths, chiropractors, and optometrists.	Covers all professional groups now excluded except physicians and osteopaths. Effective date: Taxable years after 1955.		
2. Farm operators and share farmers.	Covers farm operators on the same basis as other self-employed persons except for a special provision for farmers who report on a cash basis. Such farmers whose annual gross earnings are \$1,800 or less may report either their actual net earnings or 50 percent of their gross earnings. Farmers who report on a cash basis and whose annual gross earnings are over \$1,800 may report either their actual net earnings or, if these net earnings are less than \$900, may report \$900.	Permits farm operators who report on a cash basis and whose annual gross farm income is between \$400 and \$1,200 to report for OASI purposes either 100 percent of their gross farm income or their actual net earnings; farmers who report on a cash basis or on an accrual basis and whose gross income is over \$1,200 and whose net earnings are less than \$1,200 may report either their actual net earnings or \$1,200; farmers whose gross income is over \$1,200 and whose net earnings are also over \$1,200 must report their actual net earnings. Makes optional reporting method applicable to members of farm partnerships.		
	Rentals cannot be included as self-employment income.	Rentals will be excited as self-employment income in the situation in which the owner or tenant of the land participates materially with the individual working the land in the production of the agricultural or horticultural commodity.		
	Corers share farmers as self-employed under current interpretation.	The language of the bill confirms the present interpretation of the law on this point by defining the services of a share farmer as self-employment rather than employment.		
3. Ministers	Covers ministers (including Christian Science practitioners) and members of religious orders, other than those who have taken a vow of poverty, and those serving outside the United States who are citizens and working for United States employers on a voluntary self-employed basis regardless of whether they are employees or self-employed.	Also covers ministers outside the United States if they serve a congregation predominantly made up of United States citizens even though their employer may not be a United States employer.		
B. Employees	Covers agricultural workers if paid \$100 or more in cash wages by 1 employer in a calendar year.	Covers farm workers who either (1) are paid \$200 or more in cash wages in a calendar year by an employer or (2) perform agricultural labor for an employer on 30 days or more during the calendar year for cash wages computed on a time basis. Farm workers who are recruited and paid by a crew leader shall be deemed to be employees of the crew leader if such crew leader is not, by written agreement, designated to be an employee of the owner or tenant and if such crew leader is customarily engaged in recruiting and supplying individuals to perform agricultural labor: under such cir cumstances the crew leader shall be deemed to be self-employed.		

OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSURANCE—Continued

L COVERAGE-Continued

	L COVERROR - CONTINUE				
Items	Present law	H. R. 7225			
B. Employees—Continued 1. Agricultural work- ers—Continued	But excludes: a. Mexican contract workers. b. Workers lawfully admitted to the United States from the Bahamas, Jamaica, and other British West Indies on a tempo-	 a. No change. b. Provision broadened to exclude from coverage temporary agricultural workers from any other foreign country. 			
2. State and local government employees.	rary basis to perform agricultural labor. Employees who are in positions covered under an existing State or local retirement system (except policemen and firemen) may be covered under State agreements under stated conditions one of which is that all members (with minor exceptions) of a retirement system coverage group must be covered if any are covered.	a. Authorizes Georgia, Indiana, New York, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Washington, Wisconsin, and Hawaii, at their option, to cover those persons now members of a State retirement system who wish to be covered, provided that new employees are covered compulsorily. Also authorizes similar treatment of political subdivision retirement systems of these States.			
		b. Authorizes Georgia, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, Washington, and Hawaii, at their option, to cover their employees who are paid wholly or partly from Pederal funds under the Unemployment Compensation provisions of the Social Security Act—either by themselves or with the other employees of the department of the State in which they are employed—after complying with the referendum provisions.			
		c. Authorizes Nevada, New Mexico, Okla- homa. Pennsylvania, Texas, Washington, and Hawaii, at their option up until July 1, 1957, to include employees of public school districts who are under teachers' retire- ment system, but who are not required to have teachers' or school administrators' cer- tificates (for example, school custodians), in the State's OASI agreement without a			
		referendum and without including the cer- tificated employees who are under the teachers' retirement system. d. Allows the States of North Carolina South Carolina, and South Dakota to make coverage available to policemen and firemer in those States, subject to the same condi- tious that apply to coverage of other employ-			
		ees who are under State and local retirement systems, except that where the policemen and firement are in a retirement system with other classes of employees the policemen and firemen may, at the option of the State, hold a separate referendum and be covered as a separate group.			
C. Adjustment of benefit provisions for newly covered 1. Insured status,	Special provision primarily for persons newly covered in 1955: Fully insured if all the quarters (but not less than 6) after 1954	Revised to make special provision applicable to persons covered in 1956: Fully insured if all but 4 (but not less than 6) of the quarter of (1) July 1			

and prior to later of (1) July 1, 1956, or (2)

quarter of death or attainment of retire-

ment age (whichever first occurs), are quar-

ters of coverage.

quarters of coverage.

after 1954 and prior to later of (1) July 1,

1957, or (2) quarter of death or attainment of retirement age (whichever first occurs) are

* - 5- ·

OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSURANCE—Continued

L COVERAGE—Continued

Items	Present law	H. R. 7225
C. Adjustment of benefit provisions for newly covered—Continued		
2. Dropout of years of low or no earnings.	Up to 4 years of lowest or no earnings may be dropped in computation of average monthly wage; 5 years may be dropped if individual has 20 or more quarters of coverage.	5 years may be dropped in all cases, regardless of number of quarters of coverage. Effec- tive for entitlements to benefits after enact- ment of bill.
3. Special starting and closing dates.	Special provision intended primarily for persons first covered in 1955: Individual who became entitled to old-age insurance benefits or died in 1956, and had at least 6 quarters of coverage after 1954, can have starting date of Dec. 31, 1954, and closing date of July 1, 1956, if that will yield a larger benefit amount.	Similar special provision primarily for persons first covered in 1956; Individual who becomes entitled or dies in 1957, and has at least 6 quarters of coverage after 1955, can have a starting date of Dec. 31, 1955 and closing date of July 1, 1957, if that will yield a larger benefit amount.
D. Geographical scope	Excludes the following from coverage within the United States: a. Nonresident aliens engaged in self-employment. b. Employees of foreign governments and their instrumentalities. c. Employees of international organizations entitled to certain privileges under the International Organizations Immunities Act. d. Employees on foreign registered aircraft or ships who also perform services while the plane or ship is outside of the United States, if neither they nor their employer is citizen of the United States. Coverage outside of the continental United States, Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands is limited to—	No change, except:
	a. American citizens either self-employed or employed by an American employer. b. Citizens of the United States employed by foreign subsidiaries of American corporations are covered by voluntary agreements between the Federal Government and the parent American company. Defines a foreign subsidiary of a domestic corporation as a foreign corporation more than 50 percent of the voting stock of which is owned by such domestic corporation. The domestic corporation can include some or all of its foreign subsidiaries in the agreement and must agree to pay the equivalent of both employer and employee taxes on behalf of the subsidiaries included. e. Individuals, regardless of citizenship, who are employed on American registered ships and aircraft if either the contract of service was entered into in the United States or the plane or vessel touches a port in the United States.	b. Makes coverage available to more United States citizens employed by foreign subsidiaries by redefining a foreign subsidiary of a domestic corporation as a foreign corporation not less than 20 percent of the voting stock of which is owned by such domestic corporation.

OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSURANCE-Continued

IL BENEFITS FOR DISABLED CHILDREN

ltems	Present law	H. R. 7225
A. Benefits	No provision	Pays benefits to dependent disabled child of a deceased or retired insured worker if the child is permanently and totally disabled and has been so disabled since before he reached age 18. Payable after August 1956.
B. Definition of disability	For disability "freeze" an individual must be precluded from engaging in any substantial gainful activity by reason of a physical or mental impairment. The impairment must be medically determinable and one which can be expected to be of long-continued and indefinite duration or to result in death. An individual is disabled, within the meaning of the law, if he is blind, as that term is defined.	Same as for disability "freeze" except blindness is neither specified nor defined and is, therefore, not necessarily a disability
C. Disability determination.	In administering the disability "freeze"— (1) the Secretary enters into contractual agreements under which State vocational rehabilitation agencies, or other appropriate State agencies, make determinations of disability. (2) the Secretary is authorized to make determinations of disability for individuals who are not covered by State agreements. (3) the Secretary may, on his own motion, review a State agency determination that a disability exists and may, as a result of such review, find that no disability exists or that the disability began later than determined by the State agency. (4) any individual who is dissatisfied with a determination, whether made by a State agency or by the Secretary, has the right to a hearing and to judicial review as	િલ્લ્લ same structure for disability determina- tions as પુરંત used for disability freeze.
D. Adjustment of duplicate benefits.	provided in the law. Not applicable	Reduces disabled child's benefit by the amount of any benefit payable— 1. Under another Federal law or by an agency of the United States (including wholly owned instrumentalities) where the payment is based in whole or in part on a physical or mental impairment; or 2. Under a workmen's compensation law or plan of a State on account of physical or mental impairment. Also reduces mother's or wife's benefit deriving from such child's benefit where the other Federal or State disability payment exceeds the child's OASI benefit.

OLD-AGE (AND: SURVIVORS , MSURANCE-Continued

IL BENEFITS FOR DISABLED CHILDREN—Continued

Items	Present law	H. R. 7225
E. Rehabilitation F. Suspension of benefits based	Under disability "freeze" the policy of Congress is stated that disabled persons applying for a determination of disability be promptly referred to vocational rehabilitation agencies for necessary rehabilitation services. Not applicable	Extends existing provision to a person entitled as a disabled child and provides for deduction of benefits for refusal, without good cause, to accept rehabilitation services available under a State plan approved under the Vocational Rehabilitation Act in such amounts as the Secretary shall determine. A disabled child who is receiving rehabilitation services and returns to work shall not, for at least 1 year after his work first started, be regarded as able to engage in substantial gainful activity solely by reason of such work. If the Secretary believes that the disability no
on disability.		longer exists, he may suspend benefits pend- ing his disability determination or that of the appropriate State agency.
	IIL BENEFIT CATEGORIES	
A. Old Ago	Payable at age 65 to all fully insured individ-	No change.
·B. ·Wife	Payable to wife of old-age beneficiary if age 65 or regardless of her age if she has in her care a child entitled to benefits on her husband's record.	No change.
C. Child	Payable to unmarried child under age 18 of old-age beneficiary or of individual who died either currently or fully insured if child deemed dependent on such person.	No change except benefits will be paid to dependent disabled child of a deceased or retired insured worker if the child is permanently and totally disabled and has been so disabled since before he reached age 18. Payable after August 1956.
.D. Widow	Rayable at age 65 to widow of fully insured worker.	Payable at age 62. Otherwise no change. Effective date: Payable for months following August 1956.
E. Parent	Payable at age 65 to parent of deceased fully insured worker, if worker had furnished half or more of parent's support, and was not survived by widow, widower, or child eligible for benefits on his record.	No change.
IV. SUSPENSION	of Benefits for Certain Aliens wh	O LRAVE THE UNITED STATES
Suspension of benefits for cer- tain aliens.	No provision	Suspends the payments to any person not a citizen or national of the United States who first becomes eligible for benefits after June 1956 if such a person remains out of the country for 3 full and consecutive months. The payments would be resumed if such a person returns and remains in this country. However, payment of benefits to an alien is not suspended if his native country has a social insurance or pension system of general application which would permit benefit payments to United States citizens in the event they leave such foreign country.

OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSURANCE-Continued

V. PINANCING

Items	Present law			H. R. 7225	
A. Tax rates	1954-59 1960-64 1965-69 1970-74 1975 and thereafter_	Employer and employee 2% 2½ 3 3½ 4	8df-employed 3 % 3 % 4 ½ 5 ½ 6	No change.	
B. Advisory Council	Provides that the Matary of the Treasury tion of the trust furment, needed to me Investments must be ing obligations of the obligations issued are required to bear average rate borne obligations of the interest rate, if it is percent, is reduced tiple of ½ of 1 percent.	maging True;) shall inved as is not, et current emade in in the United State an interest by all into United State into a multito the nex	stee (Secrest such por- in his judg- withdrawals, nterest-bear- States or in to to the fund equal to the erest-bearing states. This ple of 1/6 of 1	Provides for the periodic establishment of an Advisory Council on Social Security Financing whose function will be to review the status of the OASI trust fund in relation to the long-term commitments of the program. The first such Council will be appointed by the Secretary after February 1957 and before January 1958 and will consist of the Commissioner of Social Security, as Chairman, and 12 other persons representing employers and employees, in equal numbers self-employed persons and the public. The Council shall make its report, including recommendations for changes in the OASI tax rate, to the Board of Trustees of the OASI trust fund before Jan. 1, 1959. The Board shall submit the recommendations to Congress before Mar. 1 1959, in its annual report. Other advisory councils with the same functions and constituted in the same manner will be appointed by the Secretary not earlier than 3 years nor later than 2 years prior to Jan. 1 of the years in which the OASI tax rates are scheduled to be increased. These advisory councils will report to the Board on Jan. 1 of the year before the tax increase will occur and the Board will report to Congress not later than Mar. 1 of the same year. Increases interest rate on public debt obligations for purchase by the Trust Fund, by using average rate of interest-bearing obligations not due or callable until after the expiration of 5 years from the date of original issue. This interest rate, if not a multiple of % of 1 percent, is rounded to the nearest multiple of % of 1 percent.	

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

Item	Present law	H. R. 7325		
I. Temporary extension of the MacFarland amendment.	Temporary increase in Federal matching shares for State public assistance programs expires Sept. 30, 1956. Under such temporary increase, formula for old-age assistance, aid to the blind, and aid to the permanently and totally disabled is % of the 1st \$25 of a State's average monthly payment plus ½ of the remainder up to a maximum of \$55. Under such temporary increase, formula for aid to dependent children is % of the 1st \$15 of a State's average monthly payment plus ½ of the remainder within individual maximums of \$30 for the adult, \$30 for the 1st child, and \$21 for each additional child in a family.	Expiration date for temporary increase post- poned until June 30, 1959.		
II. Medical care financing	Federal government shares in expenditures for medical care, including vendor payments, subject to limitation on individual maximums.	Separate. dollar-for-dollar Federal sharing in matching State expenditures on vendor payments in behalf of recipients needing medical care in all 4 programs up to a maximum determined by multiplying \$8 per month times the number of adults and \$4 per month times the number of children.		
III. For administrative costs	Separate dollar for dollar matching in costs for administration.	Clarifies that the amount expended in which the Federal Government will share in aid to blind and aid to permanently and totally disabled includes services for self-support and self-care, and for maintaining and strengthening family life under aid to dependent children program, effective July 1, 1957.		
IV. Requirements for approv- al of a State plan.	13 requirements including those for financial participation by the State; a single State administrative agency; effective in all parts of the State; efficient administrative and personnel standards; opportunity to apply and receive assistance promptly, etc.	Adds requirement that if State decides to provide self-support or self-care services for persons receiving aid to the permanently and totally disabled and aid to the blind or, in aid to dependent children, to strengthen family life, a description of the services, if any, must be furnished to the Secretary including steps taken to assure use of other agency resources. Effective July 1, 1957.		
V. Research and demonstra- tion projects	No provision	Authorises \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 1957 (and such sums as Congress may authorise for later years) for grants to States, public and other nonprofit organizations for paying part of the cost of research or demonstration projects on prevention and reduction of dependency. Effective July 1, 1956.		
VI. Training grants for pub- lic assistance personnel.	No provision	Authorizes \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 1958 and such sums as Congress may determine for succeeding years for allotment to States on a variable basis to pay Federal percentage of grants to institutions of higher learning for training public welfare personnel, special courses of study, traineeship and fellowship programs, etc. Federal share to be 100 percent for the 1st 10 years and 80 percent thereafter.		

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE Continued

Items	. Present law	H. R. 7225	
VII. Aid to dependent children program: 1. Definition of needy child.	A dependent child is a needy child under 16 or under 18 if attending sebool, depsived of parental care or support by death, absence,	Delates requirement of school attendance for children between 16 and 18.	
2. Definition of eli- gible relative.	incapacity of parent. Eligible relative includes father, mother, grandfather, grandmother, brother, sister, stepfather, stepmother, stepbrother, stepsister, uncle or aunt.	Adds first cossin, nephew or niece to specified relatives:	