

PERMITTING FREE ENTRY OF ARTICLES IMPORTED FROM
FOREIGN COUNTRIES FOR THE PURPOSE OF EXHIBITION AT
THE CHICAGO INTERNATIONAL TRADE FAIR, INC., CHICAGO,
ILL.

OCTOBER 18 (legislative day, OCTOBER 1), 1951.— Ordered to be printed

Mr. GEORGE, from the Committee on Finance, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H. J. Res. 330]

The Committee on Finance, to whom was referred the joint resolution (H. J. Res. 330) to permit articles imported from foreign countries for the purpose of exhibition at the Chicago International Trade Fair, Inc., Chicago, Ill., to be admitted without payment of tariff, and for other purposes, having considered the same, report favorably thereon without amendment and recommend that the joint resolution do pass.

GENERAL STATEMENT

This joint resolution, as amended, follows the pattern of previous legislation enacted by the Congress in connection with various international exhibitions, expositions, and fairs held in the United States. It has long been the policy of the Congress to facilitate the participation of foreign countries in international expositions held in the United States by permitting articles intended for display at these expositions to be entered free of import duties and charges under safeguarding regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury.

The Chicago International Trade Fair is to be held at Chicago, Ill., from March 22 to April 6, 1952, inclusive, by the Chicago International Trade Fair, Inc. This corporation, in the interest of greater international collaboration in the interchange of newly developed products, will assemble a number of industrial products made in the various countries of the world for the purpose of educating the American people concerning these items. A similar international trade fair was held in Chicago from August 7 to August 20, 1950, inclusive, by the First United States International Trade Fair, Inc.

The joint resolution provides that the imported articles shall not be subject to marking requirements of the general tariff laws except

when such articles are withdrawn for consumption or use in the United States. Articles so admitted may be lawfully sold at any time during or within 3 months after the close of the trade fair, subject to such regulations for the security of the revenue and for the collection of import duties as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe.

The language of the resolution is identical in terms with that approved in earlier legislation providing for the free importation of goods for display at other expositions or world fairs.

